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THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

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TERRELL SAYS THAT HIS PAIR IS CANCELLED

Makes it Plain That Unless Smith Qualifies, Georgia Will Have Only One Senator.

"SMITH REMAINS GOVERNOR TO DISPENSE PATRONAGE"

Senator Says That Governor's Letter Shows That While Ostensible Purpose Was to Carry Out Policies, His Real One Was to Dispense Patronage as a Politician.

As an aftermath of the correspondence which passed between Senator Joseph M. Terrell and Governor Hoke Smith relative to the former's resignation as United States senator, which the governor declined to accept, Senator Terrell yesterday gave an interview to The Constitution in which he makes it plain that he is no longer United States senator from Georgia, and that unless Governor Smith immediately assumes the duties of that office to which he was elected by the legislature last week, the state will have only one representative in the senate to vote on the important measures now pending before that body.

Senator Terrell says that further correspondence with Governor Smith relative to his resignation will serve only to obscure the fact that he is no longer Georgia's representative in the senate and that the discharge of the duties of that high office is now up to Governor Smith.

Senator Terrell's Statement.

Senator Terrell says:

"Further correspondence with Governor Smith would only obscure this fact: I am no longer senator, and unless he qualifies, Hon. A. O. Bacon is the only representative of Georgia in the United States senate. My pair is cancelled and the vice president has been notified. Hence, it is with Governor Smith whether he will remain in Georgia to intermeddle in state politics, or go to Washington.

"Governor Smith uses the wrong word when he attributes to me 'bitterness.' He should have said 'indignation.' My first letter to him was courteous and impersonal. His reply bade me observe his bidding and yield compliance to his political necessities. It further demanded concurrence in the neces-

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EX-GOVERNOR BROWN'S DAILY MAIL.



TOURNAMENT FOR V. PRESIDENTS CUP ON AT EAST LAKE.



EVERYBODY WANTS TO RUN.



"ALWAYS ROOM FOR ONE MORE!"



"OFF TO BOSTON!"

COAL IS REACHED IN NUMBER CARDS

Over 3,000 Signatures for Vote on Commission.

Mayor Courtland Winn States That He Is More Favorably Inclined to Commission Government Than the Revised Charter System.

Agitation in favor of commission government will now be speedily brought to a focus.

Edgar Watkins said yesterday that he would try to prepare a paper today certifying as to the number of post card votes received and would present the paper to the Fulton county representatives in the state legislature so that they make take steps toward having the commission charter ratified as soon as possible.

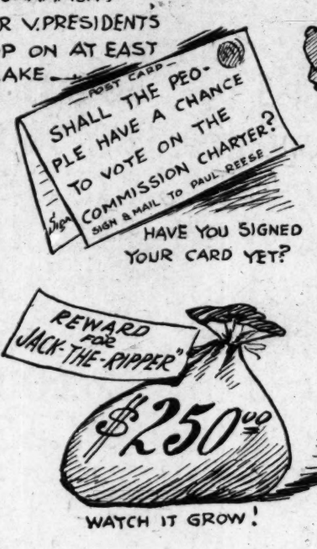
Signatures Are Secured.

The committee which has been sending out these post cards in an endeavor to find out whether the people of Atlanta are in favor of having a vote on the commission proposition announces that about 3,000 cards bearing an affirmative answer have been received. This, they assert, is more than enough to make up the 20 per cent of Atlanta's voters which was demanded by the Fulton county representatives before they would consent to present the charter in the legislature.

Mr. Watkins thinks there is no doubt but that the legislature will pass the bill without any appreciable opposition. Although he has not heard any expression of opinion on the matter from the legislators, he believes that with the support of the local representatives the bill will have a speedy and favorable hearing.

In the event the legislature passes the charter the people will not have to wait long for an opportunity to express themselves on the subject, for the charter provides that council shall call an election to decide the question not less than thirty days and not more than forty days after the date of the

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HAVE YOU SIGNED YOUR CARD YET?





HEP! HEP! HEP! THE BOYS ARE MARCHING!



WATCH IT GROW!

PEN SHOTS AT THE PASSING SHOW, LOCALLY!

9 YEARS PASTOR PURSER RESIGNS

Congregation Will Make Every Effort to Retain Him.

Conference of Church Held on Sunday Night and Pastor Is Persuaded to Hold Resignation in Abeyance Until Meeting With Committee.

Rev. John F. Purser, for nine years pastor of the West End Baptist church, tendered his resignation at the morning services yesterday, in order that he might answer a call to Muscogee, Okla., which he recently received.

Sunday night, following the evening service, a church conference was held, which was well attended despite the rain. Great regret was expressed at the determination of the pastor to resign. Finally it was decided to appoint a committee to ask him to come to the conference. When he arrived, he was asked to hold his resignation in abeyance until a committee consulted with him. After he had retired a committee of twenty was appointed with Dr. M. G. Campbell, chairman, to see if Dr. Purser could not be persuaded to reconsider. This committee will meet tonight.

When his resignation was tendered Sunday those attending the services were astounded, for the majority were not aware of their pastor's intentions.

Dr. Purser came to the West End church in 1902, leaving the Opelika Baptist church. Prior to his service in that church, he was pastor of important churches in Troy, Ala., and New Orleans, La. At New Orleans he and Mrs. Purser served during the epidemic of yellow fever, and heroically administered to the suffering. During his pastorate at the Atlanta church it has grown remarkably. From a membership of 335, it has risen to 700, besides hundreds of members who have gone to Oakland City, Battle Hill and Agoga churches.

He is well known throughout the state, and is recognized as one of the strongest preachers among southern Baptists. In addition, he is an able man of affairs, and is president of the Home Mission board, which administers the affairs of the territory from Virginia to Oklahoma. The Baptists consider Oklahoma a very important field, and expect that within a few years the Muscogee church will be the greatest in the west.

In stating his reasons for resigning Dr. Purser said that it was not a question of salary he was considering, but a chance for larger fields, and he considered Oklahoma an excellent field for ambitious pastors.

21 MEN KILLED BY EXPLOSION IN COAL MINE

Government Rushes a Rescue Car to the Scene of the Pennsylvania Horror.

THREE SETS OF BROTHERS NUMBERED AMONG DEAD

Father and Son Also Among the Victims---All but Four of the Bodies Have Been Recovered---The Cause of the Explosion Not Yet Determined.

Dubois, Pa., July 16.—Twenty-one miners were killed in an explosion in the shaft of the Cascade Coal and Coke company's mine at Sykesville, nine miles from here last night. The explosion occurred at 9:30 o'clock, but it was after midnight before the extent of the disaster was known. All of the dead but three are foreigners. The explosion was slight as evidenced by the small damage done the mine, but the deadly afterdamp is responsible for most of the deaths.

Three Sets of Brothers.

Three sets of brothers and father and son are numbered among the dead. George and John Heck; Nick Pavelock and his 14-year-old son, were found by the rescuers locked in each others' arms, as though they had embraced each other in their dying moments. None of the bodies was mutilated and few showed any burns. Eleven of the men apparently had made ready to escape for they carried their dinner pails and were headed for the opening.

The first intimation of the explosion at the surface was when the safety door on the fan blew open and the machinery began to run wild. It was surmised there was trouble below, but it was almost midnight when rescuers could enter the mine. It took some time to get to the scene of the accident a mile and a half from the opening, because the rescuers were obliged to carry oxygen with them.

Four Bodies Not Recovered.

All but four of the bodies were brought to the foot of the shaft early today, but were kept there until all were recovered. Four bodies were buried beneath a cave-in in a heading and were not recovered until late today. The state constabulary from Funxsutawney was called to police the vicinity of the shaft.

Neither mine officials nor mine inspectors can assign any cause for the explosion as there are no survivors from which to gain an explanation, but it is the general belief that some of the men drilled into a pocket of gas. The shaft is known as a non-gaseous one, and Fire Boss John Brown reports he was through the head where the explosion occurred only an hour before and found no trace of gas.

Knew Nothing of Explosion.

Six men working in another heading of the mine at the time of the accident knew nothing of the explosion until the compressed air stopped their drills and one man was knocked from his rock drill. They realized something had happened, but did not know the nature of it until they met a party of rescuers coming for them.

When the rescue car of the bureau of mines arrived here its services were not needed as all the men were dead and the air in the mine had been cleared.

ELECTION OVER; BUSINESS TODAY

Nineteen Legislative Days Have Already Passed.

House Has Passed Only One General Bill---It Took Two Days to Do That---Troubles Ahead for the Appproprations Committee.

Down to business will be the slogan of the general assembly, beginning with the present week.

With Monday twenty legislative days will have passed. Saturday of this week will mark the mid-way point of the session. Only thirty days more remain now, and, with the Sundays out, only about twenty-five actual working days.

The house has passed one general bill—it took two days to do that. In addition, it has passed about thirty local bills and several resolutions.

The senate has passed seven local bills and two or three resolutions.

The heavy work of the session is ahead.

No Tussle Over Revenue.

Fortunately, there will be no long tussle with a revenue bill. The last legislature made its act permanent. Heretofore, a new ways and means measure had to be passed every two years. There may be some amending of the existing law regarding the raising of money, but the only amendment of consequence so far put forward is the one proposing a repeal of the "dog-tax" feature.

The appropriations committee, however, will have its usual troubles, which consist in making one dollar go where about three are wanted. Most of the state institutions are asking for special appropriations for various purposes and virtually all want increases in their maintenance budgets.

Increased and new appropriations already applied for will aggregate something like a half million dollars. Many more are still to be heard from.

The committee will resume its work Monday.

Woman's Lawyer Bill.

The woman's lawyer bill, adversely recommended by the general judiciary of the house, may provoke a debate Monday. It will come up for a second reading, and a strong minority report urging that it do pass will be presented. A motion will be made to disagree with the unfavorable recommendation of the six male lawyers who happened to constitute a majority of the committee on the afternoon the measure was clothed for burial.

Friends of the bill insist that it will pass. They say a majority of the members are for it, and will give it support.

"Why, even negro women are permitted to practice medicine and dentistry in Georgia," said one Sunday. "For us to say that white women of training and intelligence cannot practice law is absurd."

It is expected that there will be further hostilities between the state senate and Governor Smith during the week. The governor, it is reported, will send in some more appointments that will run counter to the policy outlined in a recent resolution by the upper house.

The appointment of Judge Kraus as head of the city court of Brunswick will be submitted in corrected form, that is to be effective January except July. In view of the fact that this was among the appointments made before the governor was elected senator, it may be confirmed on account of the earlier time to take effect.

However, it is not improbable that the committee will hold that January may be reasonably held to be beyond the present executive's term of office, and hereafter reject such nominations.

When the senate is in session confirmation is necessary for executive appointments that are "made with the advice and consent of the senate." The constitution does not permit the submission of a name once rejected, nor the appointment of such a person to an ad interim vacancy after the legislature adjourns.

About 400 bills are on the house calendar and about 100 on the senate's. No, they won't all become laws. Excepting a few they will never be heard of again.

BOY PLAYED BLACK HAND, LEAVING LETTER IN HOME

Pinned by a butcher knife to a door in the sitting room, a black hand letter, threatening the house with robbery, was found by Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Happs upon their return to the home at 106 Greenwood avenue, yesterday afternoon.

The letter, which read: "If you don't keep your place locked up, we are going to get everything you've got," was scrawled in a legible hand, but slanting backwards, as if in attempt at disguise. Below the threat were the words, "Signed by the black hand," written, as Mrs. Happs thought, by a foreigner. The note was carried to police station, and Detectives Coker and McGill sent to investigate the case.

Upon investigating, the detectives found the rooms, trunks and bureaus had been ransacked, but nothing stolen. Mr. and Mrs. Happs stated they had left the house securely locked, and found it locked upon their return. An element of mystery shrouded the entire affair. Carefully scrutinizing the ground under each window of the house, one of the detectives discovered a small footprint directly under a window that opened into the sitting room where the note had been found.

Asking Mrs. Happs if she had a son, she answered yes, and said that he could be found at a nearby drug store. Going to the place, Detective McGill found Frank Happs, aged 14, and immediately engaged him in a conversation.

When the detective asked him if he could write, Frank told him he could, and offered to show a specimen of his handwriting.

"What do you want me to write?" asked the boy.

"Write this," said the detective: "If you don't keep your place locked up, we are going to steal everything you've got."

McGill states that the boy's features blanched, and he stopped for fully a minute, with his pencil upraised, and staring at the detective.

"I haven't been down to the house today," the boy said, and right away the detective knew the source of the threatening letter.

When carried before his parents, Frank confessed to writing the letter, and gave as his reason that he had read several novels in which black hand crimes were vividly exploited.

"I just wanted to scare mama and papa," he explained, "and see how the stunt worked in real life."

No arrests were made.

COMMITTEE BACK FROM INSPECTION

Enthusiastic Over Georgia Wealth in Chattanooga.

No positive action with regard to the Chattanooga terminals of the Western and Atlantic railroad is likely to be taken at the present session of the legislature. It is probable, however, that steps looking to definite and favorable action during the next year will be taken.

Members of the two committees which inspected the properties of the road Saturday, and spent most of their time inquiring into the terminal situation at the other end are almost unanimous in the opinion that the state has the opportunity in its power to practically double the revenue obtained from the road by a practical utilization of its real estate holdings in Chattanooga. They believe, and may recommend, that the Tennessee city be given the privilege of opening Broad street, something in which it is greatly interested.

Committee Returns to City.

Most of the committeemen returned to Atlanta Sunday, after a day and two nights in Chattanooga, where they were entertained by officials and much besought by real estate men with property to sell for new terminals. No meeting was held after Saturday morning, but one will be called during the next few days and recommendations framed.

The committeemen are enthusiastic over what they say is a surprising

Continued on Last Page.

POLITICAL POT WILL BOIL TODAY

Representatives and Candidates Return to the City.

With the return to Atlanta today of a number of gubernatorial candidates, announced and prospective, along with the legislators who have been spending Saturday and Sunday at their homes, it is expected that the political pot will begin seething with renewed vigor.

The vacation from Friday to Monday morning is the first opportunity legislative members have had to visit their home counties and ascertain the sentiment regarding the senatorial election last Wednesday and a successor to Governor Hoke Smith in the governor's office when he resigns to become senator.

The members have had on opportunity to learn how the folks at home feel about the situation and whom they favor for governor, and the result will be that conversation about prospective candidates will become considerably more positive and specific.

The present week will very probably witness a number of developments in the gubernatorial situation, and it is generally believed that several of those who have been mentioned for quite a while in connection with the succession

Continued on Last Page.

TRIED TO CHEAT GALLOWS BY COMMITTING SUICIDE

Wife Murderer Turned on the Gas and Inhaled the Fumes.

Beaver, Pa., July 16.—Charles Hickman, condemned to be hanged Tuesday, for the murder of his wife in February, 1910, almost succeeded in cheating the gallows last night by committing suicide. Hickman twice has escaped from jail and repeatedly has declared he again would make his escape. Last night two guards took him to a lavatory upon his request and when they heard a body fall, they forced the door and found Hickman unconscious and the gas turned on. He had stood with his face to the jet inhaling the fumes.

When revived Hickman declared: "I have everything to keep from being hanged and I will not hang."

Flames Sweep Summer Resort.

Columbus, Ohio, July 16.—Seven buildings which housed that number of places of amusement together with the paraphernalia in them were destroyed and a crowd of probably 1,000 persons was thrown into a panic at 9:30 o'clock tonight by a fire in Clentangy Park, a summer resort. The fire swept a district extending over an area about the size of a city block. The park is at the extreme north end of the city. Several persons were slightly injured in the panic.

KING HAD FORGOTTEN HIS OWN IDENTITY

Assistant Paymaster of the Virginian Railroad Held in Chattanooga.

Chattanooga, Tenn., July 16.—It is now certain that the young man found here yesterday who had forgotten his own identity and all matters pertaining to his past is Jack King, of Norfolk, Va., and assistant paymaster of the Virginian railroad, H. H. Rogers' line. Telegrams have been received from relatives in Norfolk and in Wyoming, a suburb of Cincinnati, directing that specialists be empolyed in an effort to restore King to his right mind. Being show telegrams from relatives King failed to recognize the name and could remember nothing of anyone claiming to be related to him. The stricken man is being held in a local hospital with physicians in constant attendance. They can discover no injury and state that King is in perfect physical condition. They are at a loss to know what has caused the peculiar condition of the man's mind.

LINK OF LOST CAUSE PASSES IN DEATH OF MRS. GABBETT



MRS. SARAH E. GABBETT,
For many years custodian of the cross of honor, who died early Sunday morning. Mrs. Gabbett was very fond of dogs, one of her pets being shown in this picture.

The passing of Mrs. Sarah Elizabeth Gabbett at an early hour Sunday morning on the seventy-eighth anniversary of her birth, severs one of the few remaining links of the lost cause. Coming as it does so close on the death of General Clement A. Evans, once commander in chief of the United Confederate Veterans, it will be the more keenly felt by the thin line of grizzled warriors who are fast being called home.

An Unique Figure.

Mrs. Gabbett was an unique figure in the affairs of the confederate veterans during the last fifteen years, and did

Continued on Last Page.

ADVERTISING TALKS.

WRITTEN BY
WILLIAM C. FREEMAN.

At this writing there are SIXTY-FOUR PUBLISHERS of sixty-four REPUTABLE newspapers—there are sixty-four ADVERTISING MANAGERS of sixty-four good newspapers—there are at least 128 GOOD ADVERTISING SOLICITORS associated with sixty-four GOOD advertising managers—and this whole

Continued on Last Page.

ORCHESTRA LEADER MAKING PRISONERS GOOD BY MUSIC

By the appointment of Attorney General Wickersham, J. P. Mathiessen, the well-known Atlanta orchestra leader and business man, has secured a new position, one of the most unique ever held by any man in Georgia. He is musical director to the prisoners in the Federal penitentiary; and every day a part of his time is devoted to teaching music to long-term and life sentence men.

He has 20 men in his unusual orchestra, which is remarkable in more ways than one. There is real talent among the men who are shut away for awhile from their fellows; and ambition and interest have met every effort of Director Mathiessen.

Most of the orchestra are men who have long sentences ahead of them, and there is even one man who has been sentenced to spend all the rest of his life in the prison; but they are working together with all the enthusiasm and energy of which they are capable to make a splendid orchestra; and in time Mr. Mathiessen hopes to organize a band among the prisoners.

The appointment of a musical director was brought about by the suggestion of Warden Moyer. An orchestra of a kind had been formed among the men, and seeing that the men had real ability, and noting the remarkable effectiveness of the music in working for the betterment of the prisoners, Warden Moyer recommended that a competent director be supplied to lead the men in their musical work. Following this recommendation, Mr. Mathiessen was appointed, and he has been engaged in his novel and interesting work for about two weeks.

The orchestra practices in the chapel, and the men who furnish the music have been detailed to the orchestra as their work, and are allowed to devote their time to it. All of the instruments usually found in an orchestra are represented in the Federal prison orchestra, and the quality of the instruments is excellent.

Weather Prophecy:
GENERALLY FAIR.

Washington, July 16.—Forecast:

Georgia—Generally fair except probably local thunder showers Monday and Tuesday; light variable winds.

Virginia—Local showers Monday, somewhat lower temperature north and central portions; Tuesday overcast probably showers south portion; light variable winds.

North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Eastern Texas—Generally fair except probably local thunder showers Monday and Tuesday; light variable winds.

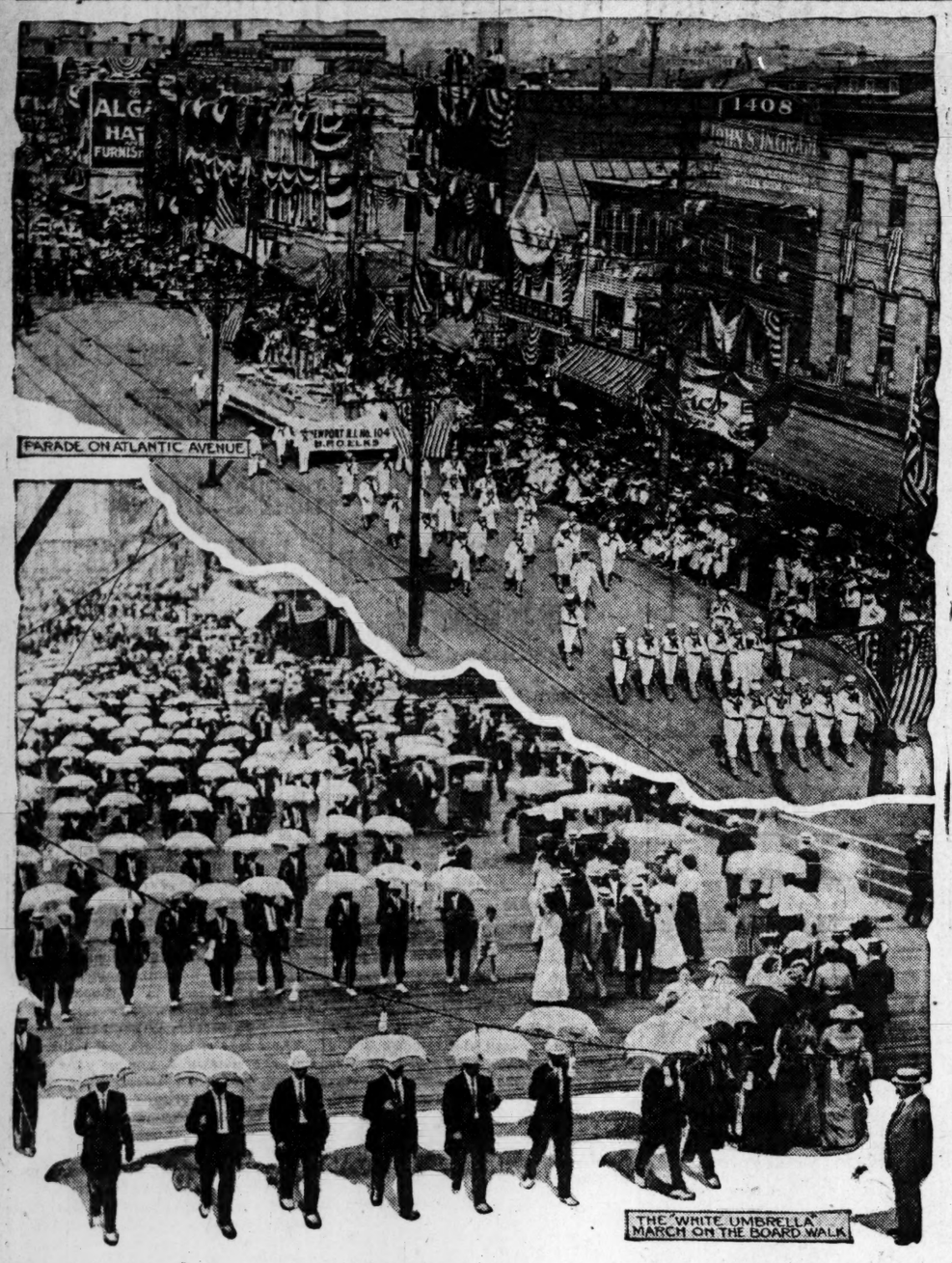
Western Texas, New Mexico, Colorado—Local showers Monday and probably Tuesday.

Oklahoma, Arkansas, Kentucky—Probably fair Monday and Tuesday, not much change in the temperature.

Tennessee—Local showers Monday, Tuesday probably fair.

West Virginia—Fair Monday preceded by local showers; Tuesday fair.

PICTURE SHOWING "WHITE UMBRELLA BRIGADE" IN THE PARADE OF THE ELKS AT ATLANTIC CITY



More than 11,000 members of the Elks from all sections of the country participated at Atlantic City in the annual convention. Large delegations came from Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Chicago, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Pittsburg, etc. In the triumphal procession through Atlantic City, St. Louis won the prize for best appearance and Portland for the lodge coming the greatest distance. Elizabeth, N. J.; Cincinnati, Newport, R. I., also were among the principal prize winners. Philadelphia won the prize for the finest banner. One of the novel features of the meeting was provided by John De Sousa, of Phoenix, Ariz. He gave an ostrich egg breakfast at a hotel. At the market price of these eggs the meal cost $60 a plate for the eighteen guests. Mr. De Sousa owns a farm upon which there are 2,500 ostriches. The prize winning Newport delegation, attired as United States marines, accompanied by a float representing the battleship Rhode Island, is shown in the accompanying illustration. A body of Elks carrying white umbrellas made a pisturesque appearance as the men marched along the board walk.

"Correct Clothes for Men"

A SENSATIONAL JULY SALE

For 13 Days Only 33⅓ Per Cent Discount for Cash

On our magnificent stock of Men's and Young Men's Two and Three-Piece Suits in Cheviots, Cassimeres, Worsteds, Mohair, Wool Crash, Homespun, Tropical Worsteds, Black Unfinished Worsteds and Blue Serge:

Made by ALFRED BENJAMIN & CO., New York, America's Foremost Tailors

All Suits—

$15.00 Reduced to . **$10.00**
$18.50 Reduced to . **$12.40**
$20.00 Reduced to . **$13.35**
$22.50 Reduced to . **$15.00**
$25.00 Reduced to . **$16.65**
$27.50 Reduced to . **$18.35**
$30.00 Reduced to . **$20.00**
$32.50 Reduced to . **$21.65**
$35.00 Reduced to . **$23.35**
$40.00 Reduced to . **$26.65**

25 Per Cent Discount

On all Earl & Wilson and Star Shirts as well as our own labeled goods.

$1.00 Shirts reduced to **$0.75**
$1.50 Shirts reduced to **$1.15**
$2.00 Shirts reduced to **$1.50**
$2.50 Shirts reduced to **$1.85**
$3.00 Shirts reduced to **$2.25**

This is Positively A CASH SALE

25 Per Cent Discount On All UNDERWEAR
Including B. V. D., Porosknit, Balbriggan and Lisle
Full Length and Knee Drawers

No Goods Charged At Reduced Prices

33⅓ Per Cent Discount ON ALL STRAW HATS

CHRIS. H. ESSIG ISAAC LIPSTIN

Essig Bros
"Correct Clothes for Men"
26 WHITEHALL ST.
ATLANTA, GA.

Our Stock consists of everything of this Season's Purchase. Not a garment carried over from a previous season

THEATERS

Emma Bunting.
(At the Lyric.)

Admirers of little Miss Emma Bunting, and they are legion, will have an opportunity this evening of seeing her in a role entirely different from anything she has attempted at the Lyric this season. The offering this week is "Rachel Goldstein," and in it the dainty leading lady plays the part of a Russian emigrant. It is an extreme character part and calls for dialect. Miss Bunting chose "Rachel Goldstein" because she was convinced it would prove delightfully entertaining for patrons of the Lyric. That she knows what Atlanta theatergoers want in the matter of plays has been demonstrated fully by the successes already scored by the bills she has selected since coming to the cool and comfortable little theater on Carnegie Way. Packed houses have greeted all of the offerings which have been presented the past six weeks, and the indications are that the seventh week will prove no exception to the rule already established.

"Rachel Goldstein" is from the pen of Theodore Kreamer, known far and wide as "the king of melodrama." It is in four acts and six scenes. One of the big features is the presentation in the first act of a giant ocean liner plowing her way across the Atlantic in the midst of a heavy gale.

At the Bijou.

A tremendously interesting vaudeville bill will be featured at the Bijou for this week. The Venetian Trio is a western product and is only playing theaters of the Bijou's class at this time while en route to the fountain head of booking exchanges in New York. The act is one of extreme artistic strength with a splendid vein of comedy and a delightful originality. A great novelty will be the act of Klien & Erlanger, who are splendid acrobats and could make good on their ability in this line alone. There will be singing and dancing far beyond the average in the offering of the LaCroix, and Bogart and Nelson in an original comedy creation will add to the interest of the bill. Charles LaSalle will offer new illustrated songs

Mrs. Sampton, of Boston.

In Copley Square, Boston, a building now in process of demolition contains an enormous sign which reads as follows:

OLD ART MUSEUM BEING TORN DOWN BY ROBERT R. M'NUTT.

A small placard tacked upon a corner of it bears the modest inscription:

NO HELP WANTED.

VICHY CELESTINS
PURITY and EXCELLENCE
(FRENCH REPUBLIC PROPERTY)
Natural Alkaline Water
Ask your Physician
Not Genuine without the word CELESTINS

AERONAUT DROPS INTO THE OCEAN

Roberts Floats to the Beach in an Unconscious Condition.

Asbury Park, N. J., July 16.—Within ten feet of the high water mark on the beach near Deal, A. J. Roberts, an aeronaut who started in his dirigible balloon from New York yesterday for Philadelphia, was found unconscious early today.

Roberts was forced to pull the rip cord of his gas bag when his gasolene gave out, and he found that he was being carried out to sea during the night. He dropped into the ocean half a mile from shore and swam to the beach he said. The dirigible was swept off shore by the wind.

Roberts was carried to Allenhurst and given stimulants and finally became able to tell his story. He said that when he ascended he intended making only a trial trip, but finding the wind favorable, he decided to try to reach Philadelphia.

Before he had gone very far, however, he encountered contrary winds and made a landing about twelve or fifteen miles from New York, he thought. Adjusting his engine, he made another ascension, and after a long interval, saw lights along shore and heard the sound of the surf. He tried to make a landing but the dirigible was struck by a squall from the northwest and he was driven out over the sea. To add to his troubles a fog came up and soon caused the gas in the big bag to cool.

The airship dropped gradually until the car trailed in the water, but Roberts threw out ballast and the dirigible ascended again. Roberts said that he worked his way in until he was about 300 yards from shore, but then discovered that his gasolene was giving out.

Fearing that he would be driven out to sea in a helpless condition, he pulled the rip cord. He climbed to the outside of the basket, hung on until the dirigible was about fifty feet from the water and then dropped into the sea.

Roberts thought he was then about a mile from shore. While swimming around trying to get his bearings, he came across a plank. Using this as a buoy, he said, he swam and rested alternately, but he gradually became exhausted.

The aeronaut said that he had but the slightest recollection of striking the beach, and it is supposed he was unconscious when he floated ashore. He was well enough this afternoon to return to New York.

Woodhull Falls to Death.

Philadelphia, July 16.—Capt. William W. Woodhull, a retired pay director of the United States navy, who had seen service in all parts of the world, fell fifty feet down an air shaft in an apartment house in West Philadelphia today and was instantly killed. He had been suffering from heart disease for several months, and it is supposed he was seized with vertigo, while leaning out the shaft in an effort to escape the oppressive heat. Captain Woodhull, who was 72 years old, entered the navy in 1862. He was retired in 1898.

MORTUARY

Mrs. Goldie Salverwitz.

The funeral of Mrs. Goldie Salverwitz was held at the chapel of Greenberg & Bond Company, Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Interment was at Oakland cemetery.

Oscar J. Orr.

Oscar J. Orr, 52 years old, died at a private sanitarium Saturday night. He is survived by a wife and three children. He had been connected with the Bowden Lithia Water Company for ten years. The body was removed to the chapel of Greenberg & Bond Company and the funeral will be held from the chapel today at 12 o'clock, Rev. Dunbar Ogden officiating. Interment at West View.

Gussie Dean Evans.

Gussie Dean Evans, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Evans, died at the residence, 72 Berean avenue, Saturday night. The funeral was held at the chapel of Greenberg & Bond Company, Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock and the interment was at Cedartown, Ga.

Mrs. Maud Adams.

Mrs. Maud Adams, wife of A. R. Adams, died at a private sanitarium Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The body was removed to Greenberg & Bond Company chapel. She is survived by her husband and three children, her mother, Mrs. Isabelle Shadburn, and two sisters, Mrs. John Pruitt and Mrs. W. D. Pierce. The funeral will be held this morning at 10 o'clock at the chapel. The body will be carried at 2:45 o'clock to Gainesville, Ga., for interment.

Philip Green Dodd.

The body of Philip Green Dodd, a former resident of this city, will arrive from San Francisco this morning at 11:35 o'clock, and the funeral will be held from the residence of William Lowe, 292 Rawson street, this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. The interment will be in Oakland. Mr. Dodd recently died in San Francisco, where he lived.

Mrs. Maggie Brannan.

Mrs. Maggie Brannan, aged 34 years, died at the residence of her father, Col. P. H. Brewster, in College Park, last night at 11:30 o'clock. The funeral arrangements will be announced later. She is survived by her husband, Flournoy Brannan, and her father.

PRIEST BOYCOTTED BY HIS CONGREGATION

South Bend, Ind., July 16.—That the Hungarian residents of this city will not attend church with the Rev. Father Cole Kovacs officiating was made manifest today when a mob of more than 1,000 enraged parishioners gathered at the church and attempted to prevent the new priest from holding services. The entire police force of the city was required to quell the disturbance and it was only after three of the leaders had been arrested and others severely beaten with riot clubs that peace was restored and the services allowed to continue.

The trouble began a few weeks ago when serious charges were preferred against Rev. John Von Worchlich, pastor of the church. He left the church recently and when Father Kovacs was sent from New York to fill the vacancy he was received by a jeering mob, owing to charges which were made against him through a socialistic Hungarian publication of New York.

BANQUET MARKS EPOCH IN HISTORY OF ANDREW

Impetus Given Forward Movement at Largely Attended Spread.

Cuthbert, Ga., July 16.—(Special.)—The banquet given by Andrew Female College, at Hotel Gay last night, was an enjoyable and profitable occasion. Dr. S. R. Belk, of Atlanta, was the principal speaker of the evening and delivered a strong and eloquent speech on education, and especially that obtained at a Christian college, such as Andrew.

Dr. Belk is one of Andrew's strongest and most powerful out-of-town friends; he is much beloved by the people of Cuthbert, and his words of eloquence carried weight.

The occasion was a gathering of the friends of Andrew, locally, to get plans contemplated under her forward movement in agressive working order. Already, several thousand dollars have been subscribed to this movement, indeed, almost enough to insure work commencing on one of the two new brick buildings contemplated being added to the college plant.

Mayor Robert L. Moye, president of the board of trade, presided at the banquet; Rev. J. W. Malone, president of the college, lead the devotions. Short after-dinner talks were made by the presiding officer, President Malone, John D. Gunn, J. L. Lasseter, R. D. Gay, Rev. A. A. Garrett and D. A. McPherson. Dr. Belk followed with his strong and powerful appeal, the evening closing with prayer by Rev. T. E. Davenport. Quite a good deal of enthusiasm was manifested, and the prospect for Andrew's future growth, prosperity and development, never seemed brighter than at present.

The college authorities were joined in by the city officials and board of trade, and the banquet attended by Cuthbert's strongest, most progressive and public-spirited citizens and friends of this old, well-known, popular and deserving institution.

MEMPHIS SERVICE IMPROVED.

Southern Railway now operates through sleeping car Atlanta to Memphis via Birmingham, on afternoon train.

Lv. Atlanta, Terminal Station, 4:10 p. m.
Ar. Memphis, Frisco station, 7:30 a. m.

Country Joys.

Dr. Woods Hutchinson, in Munsey's Magazine, draws an amusing picture of life out-of-doors. He says:

"I have always felt profoundly skeptical, too, about the truth of the story that Sir Isaac Netwon thought out the whole theory of gravitation under an apple tree, after an apple had fallen on his head. If he had sat still for any length of time under an apple tree, a thought-dome as large as his must have collected at least four caterpillars, three spiders, a beetle and a couple of dozen flies, anyone of which would have thrown the most powerful train of thought off its track.

"Indeed, a cynic has declaraed that one reason why people are crowding into the city is that it its the only place where one can live the outdoor life with any comfort—in the roof gardens, on the pavements, and on the bleachers. Certain it is that nine times out of ten, when dwellers in the country want to enjoy themselves, they go indoors. In most parts of the United States, during the season in which the weather permits one to go out of doors with any comfort, life is rendered a burden by flies, gnats and mosquitoes, unless behind the protection of screens. For both town and city dwellers, these winged pests are the most serious obstacle to living the outdoor life, and particularly to sleeping in the open air, or with windows wide open."

FRANCE'S NEW PREMIER



Joseph Caillaux, minister of finance in the Monis cabinet, is the new premier of France. Premier Monis tendered his resignation to President Falleres and recommended Caillaux as the best man for his successor. Falleres has followed the advice of Monis. Caillaux is one of the ablest of the members of the latter day school of French statesmanship.

The Discoveries of Columbus.

"Christopher Columbus discovered America in 1492, but Columbus, Ohio, did not discover itself until 1910," writes Otto W. Davis in The Survey. "Both discovered new worlds. The former discovered a distant world, strange and wonderful, holding out great promise. The latter found an unknown world in its very midst, strange but horrible, suggesting a malignant growth of terrible possibilities to her citizenship if left unchecked. It was disclosed that the great mass of her wage-earners were without any protection whatever from the thoughtless or greedy landlord.

"Just how many houses Columbus has without an inch of yard, with dark rooms, unsanitary toilets and privies, and how many buildings without toilet or water, no one knows, and as long as 'decent' people kept on the main streets, apparently no one cared. These good people succeeded very well in convincing themselves that Columbus was a city of homes, with no tenement nor housing problem. All this happy dream might have remained unbroken if the pernicious social worker had not kept telling of some of the things found in the alleys and poorer streets. For instance, a man with his sick wife and two small children were living in a single, dark, unventilated room. The wife and mother had tuberculosis, and it was very evident to the Associated Charities that little could be done really to help the family so long as it lived there, so it was moved to better quarters. Ten days later a family of nine were reported to the society from the same single room."

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Who Are the Unfit?

We dig and toil in the sweat of our brows, and when we see the tares springing up in the fields we sowed, we hear men sometimes speak of the unfit. But who are the unfit? The slouching tramp, who, a spent man at thirty, having been jammed into the industrial treadmill at seven, will work no more, or the man who grew rich from the child's labor? The woman without hope, of no caste—or the employer who underpaid her till she had to choose the street to live? Who are the unfit? The raw Irishman who gets drunk on his holiday, and yet brings to the treasury in Wall street his savings of a lifetime, when the black panic is sweeping over the land, saying simply: "We saved it all up in the forty years we have been here, for our old age, mother and I; but last night she read out of the paper to me that the country was in trouble and needed money, and so I brought it here."—He, or the man who coldly gambles to pile up his wealth in the necessaries of life, and makes living harder for us all? The scrubwoman who, with empty hands and emptier heart, gives her babe to the potter's field and then scrapes and saves through the year, working her fingers to the bone for the pittance that shall ransom her child from the trench and give it a grave of its own; yet not once but three times in the year surrenders it all to "some one in the tenement who is poorer than she?" Which is the unfit; she or the woman who gives a Christmas party to her lap-dog, with her sisters and the little ones starving all about in a workless winter?

Let God judge. Let it be our task to see to it that at least they shall know better, that the environment shall be cleansed of its unrighteousness, so that our brothers shall have a chance. Then, and not until then, can we with a clear conscience leave the rest to Him.

His Memory System.

"While walking in the south a little while ago," a pedestrian writes in the San Francisco Chronicle, "I came upon an old negro with a load of hay. He was standing in the road, scratching his head and looking worried—oh, very worried.

"'What's the trouble, uncle?' I asked.

"'Well, massa, I done got a load of hay for a man and blessed if I can 'member his name.'

"Knowing most of the people around there, I asked: 'What does his name sound like?'

"'Well,' said Uncle, 'it reminds me of Christmas, Fourth o' July an' New Year's.'

"'Oh, I said, 'you mean "Holiday."'

"'Yassah, yassah, that's him!'

"And away he went."

He Knew It.

(From the Philadelphia Inquirer.)

Tommy—Dad, what is meant by the mother tongue?

Parent—Search me, my boy, don't start her!

Children on the Stage.

(From The Survey.)

In the New York Dramatic Mirror recently there appeared a full page article on the "Stage and Stage Children," by Blanche Bates. Curiously enough, this article, by a talented actress, has not been reprinted. On the other had, a letter from the general secretary of the national child labor committee to the publisher, asking the privilege of reprinting the article with proper credit, brought a flat refusal on the ground that it was at variance with the views of the magazine.

The reason for this silence on the part of those who clamor to exempt theatrical interests from the operation of child l bor laws is not far to seek. Miss Bates challenges every argument that has been advanced in favor of child labor on the stage. She maintains that such exploitation is injurious to the child and to the theater. Regarding the development of dramatic ability, she says:

"In acting, the one fundamental, absolute requisite is imagination—imagination which can analyze and entirely comprehend a character in all its mental and physical aspects, and then can assume them so vividly that others are compelled to see tue character in the same way. This is precisely what the stage does not teach the child. The stage instructs him to imitate, not to imagine."

Discussing the unnatural surroundings of the stage and the tendency of children to imitate the unusual, she says: "A child is more apt to be completely and irrevocably ruined by the artificially of the stage than to be elevated and embodied." Her answer to those who claim that great artists have been developed through early life on the stage is:

"It is quite as fair to say that these actresses have achieved their rank at the front of their profession in spite of their early connection with the stage, as to insist that they won success because of their environment. Without the handicap, they might have gone on to even loftier heights."

Bridget's Resolution.

(From "Success Magazine.")

The secretary of a social club was presented with a cut glass loving cup. His servant surveyed the object the next morning.

"Look at thim three handles on th' pitcher," said Bridget. "They know if Oi break one of thim handles they'll have two left, and if Oi break two they'll have one left, so they'll always have one. They will, will they, I'm not so sure about that."

Crown Roast of Lamb.

(From The Delineator.)

This is made of the rib chops divided through the backbone, but not cut quite through at the end on the flesh side. They are then reversed flesh side in, and shaped in a circle. For a good-sized roast, the chops on each side of the lamb are used, and the two half circles are tied in one, making ten or twelve chops.

JOSEPH M. BROWN EDITORS' CHOICE

Smith's Resignation Favored by Majority of Weekly Press.

Members of Georgia Weekly Press Association Almost a Unit in Opinion That Georgia Needs Hoke Smith's Services at Washington at the Moment

Cartersville, Ga., July 16.—(Special.) Notwithstanding that they fought bitterly and spiritedly to keep the question from going before the convention, and that organization from going on record one way or the other, the politcial situation, as regards that of the representation of Georgia in the upper house of congress, was the one live issue among the editors of the Georgia Weekly Press Association, and a large number of the Georgia pencil pushers talked freely to the representative of The Constitution, giving voice emphatically to their opinion that Governor-Senator Hoke Smith should at once resign one or the other of his present jobs, preferably the former, and that he go at once to give Georgia the benefit of his ability at this critical time.

"Little Joe" Brown was the favorite among the visiting editors for governor, many of the firm followers of Smith declaring in favor of the ex-governor for the place that is soon to be vacated by Hoke Smith.

They were almost a unit in the expression of the conviction that Georgia never before needed capable representation more urgently than at the present moment, when bills and measures were pending that would affect so deeply the future of the democratic party.

Bankston Brings Storm.

The storm precipitated by W. Trox Bankston, of West Point, when he introduced the resolution calling upon the convention to demand Hoke Smith's presence in the national capital, served to heighten the interest in the topic, and to cause its more general discussion. Friends of Smith, and supporters of Brown, and others for governor, united in the opinion that Smith should not remain in Georgia another day, "playing politics," and distributing patronage here, while his services are so badly needed in Washington.

More than one of the candidates for governor were represented at the convention, and politics was the sole topic for discussion, everybody being completely absorbed therein, even the ladies, who took a lively interest in the unique Georgia situation.

Shortly after the attempt of Bankston to inject politics into the convention by calling upon Smith to go to Washington, "Ernest Willie" Upshaw gained the floor, and attempted to inject the prohibition phase of politics into the body, but before this could be done, he was ruled out of order by President Hardy.

MEETING TO PROTECT WOMEN FROM "RIPPER"

A mass meeting in protection of Atlanta's negro women from the murderous attacks of Jack the Ripper, was held at the Wheat Street Baptist Church yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Several speeches were made by prominent colored ministers and citizens, and resolutions to the effect that everyone attending the meeting should lend their efforts in stamping out this crime, were proposed and unanimously adopted.

Those delivering speeches were: Rev. P. J. Bryant, Prof. P. C. Parks, Rev. R. D. Stinson, J. McHenry, H. A. Rucker and others, all of whom deplored the many crimes of murder committed upon negro women.

The resolution, proposed by H. A. Rucker, amended by Rev. P. J. Bryant, and unanimously adopted by the meeting in a standing vote, implored the city authorities, governor, influential citizens and the press to aid in putting a chack to the numerous murders.

THE KODAK IDEA

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SIX CHARGES PREFERRED AGAINST CAPT. TODD

Montgomery, Ala., July 16.—(Special.)—Six charges have been preferred by Colonel C. R. Bricken, commander of the Second Alabama Regiment, against Captain George H. Todd, the Montgomery battery commander who was ejected from encampment grounds last week because of disorderly conduct. The charges are the premises upon which the commander asks Governor Emmet O'Neal to empanel a courtmartial body to hear reasons why the officer should be expelled from the national guard of the state.

The charges are as follows:

(1) Unbecoming conduct; (2) attempting to evade arrest; (3) conduct to the prejudice of good order; (4) drunkenness on duty; (5) disobedience of orders; (6) insult or disrespect to a superior officer.

Captain Todd is now at his home seriously ill, due, it is said, to being thrown from his horse at the time of the disobedience and misconduct.

NO DECISION ANNOUNCED BY CHARLES WICKERSHAM

Charles A. Wickersham, president of the Atlanta and West Point railroad, has not yet made a decision in regard to accepting the position offered him by a number of railroads entering Chicago as head of the general managers' association, according to the best information that could be gathered yesterday.

No Temple for Montgomery.

Montgomery, Ala., July 16.—(Special.)—Sad-eyed and with faces that stretch all the way from the Dexter avenue fountain to the capitol, the Shriners of the Montgomery Club who were unable to attend the convention which has just closed in Rochester, were today congregated at various spots of the city discussing and "cussing" the evil luck which is denying them a temple here. While particulars of the vote against the temple have not yet been received, advices have been received from Dr. G. J. Greil, one of the Montgomery Shriner representatives who attended the Rochester convention, to the effect that he had a sad story to tell. The telegram was enough to inform Montgomery that the temple cannot be established this year, at least.

PRAISE FOR THE COUNTIES OF GREENE AND FRANKLIN

By Smith Clayton.

There can be no question that Greene county in addition to being one of the most magnificent sections of Georgia in the way of advanced agricultural methods, bears easily the palm as the phenomenally progressive leader of the state in modern equipment and magnitude of the dairying business.

I am indebted for the points presented to L. H. Brand, the young and able treasurer of Greene county, whose observant eye and intelligent mind have completely mastered the situation.

A Commanding Business.

Within a radius of three miles of Greensboro, the capital, there are no less than 14 gentlemen engaged in the dairying business on a large scale. In round numbers there are no less than from 250 to 300 gallons of cream shipped from Greensboro daily. Of this quantity the major portion comes to Atlanta. In the aggregate there are from 1,500 to 2,000 cows which supply this cream. One man, for instance, has a herd of 60, another 60, a third 80, a fourth 100, two others 150, and so on. This will give some idea of the magnitude of the business. Of course there are numerous owners of smaller herds ranging in size from 15 or 20 to 40 head, and still other owners of from 3 to 10 cows.

A Profitable Business.

The dairying in the county of Greene presents an object lesson which may be studied with profit throughout the state, the south and the land. The dairying is done according to the most approved methods of feeding, housing and milking. The equipment is all of the latest pattern. The profits are most gratifying. The cream commands 80 and 90 cents and $1 a gallon. The pasturage of the cattle and the intelligent treatment and handling of the product are a guarantee that it is the best. One of the great foods is Bermuda grass, which flourishes to perfection in Greene. This of itself is a source of wealth. Mr. Branch mentioned, for instance, about 50 acres planted in this fine food which make a tremendous yield. Bermuda sells from $15 to $20 a ton, the market, of course, fluctuating from time to time.

Good as Indiana, or better.

Mr. Branch, in speaking of the prime utility of intensive farming, referred to two young men of his acquaintance who raised on 125 acres corn which was superfine. It looked, he said, like Indian corn, which is high praise. There is no reason on earth why Georgia should not raise even better corn than Indiana; more to the acre, and more of it, because Georgia has, in the main, better soils and climate for corn growing than the Hoosier State, and all the year round to work the fields. Georgia is not banked up with impassable snow and ice in any part for several months, as the western states are in many parts. All Georgians have to do to show their superiority over Indiana and the western states in corn growing is to employ the best methods in preparing the soil and looking after the growing crops. The 125 acres above referred to averaged 50 bushels to the acre. How is that, Indiana? And these young men will beat even that remarkable yield. Mark that!

The Proper View.

Nothing on earth can keep Greene county back. Her motto, says Mr. Branch, is to produce better things—better chickens better hogs, better corn, better cotton. That is the open sesame to the last possibility of success in any and every line—improved products. Judge John Hart, for instance, an honored resident of Greene, is devoting himself to the specialty of beef cattle, and recently, with other leading sprits, he has founded a live stock association in the county. That simply means better live stock of all kinds for Greene county, and more of it.

Some Other Points.

Greene county produces from 8,000 to 10,000 bales of cotton yearly. There is a big cotton mill at Greensboro and a big cotton mill at Union Point. Both turn out good goods and are improving the products all the time. Then there are oil mills and ginneries in various parts of the county. Greene is not only a great grain and cotton county, but she devotes some attention to fruit, and with success. White Plains is the chief fruit growing section. A variety is raised, but special attention is being paid to the Yates apple. Of course, Greene, in the matter of fruit production, is not attempting to rival the orchards around Cornelia or Marshallville—but she is getting there just the same with some very excellent fruit. Fact is, you can raise about anything worth producing in Greene county. Variety of products, diversification, is the thing and if Greene county were walled in from the world the majority of her people could still live at home and board at the same place—and get all the peaches and plums and pears and apples and watermelons at White Plains for those unutterable country desserts.

A Fine Little City.

The slogan of progress has been sounding for years in Greensboro, which takes rank in the forefront of towns of its size anywhere. She has a population of considerably over 2,000, despite the last census; good streets and sidewalks, electric lights, telephone system extending all over the county, and the finest possible water. The water for city uses is conducted from a big spring by a great pipe, pumped up in a standing pipe, and distributed all over town.

There are six or seven rural mail deliveries daily in Greene and several star routes—and the roads are being given proper shape by the county's proportion of convicts.

A Wonderful Increase.

The Hon. L. H. O. Martin, formerly prominent as representative in the legislature, says he can remember the time when Franklin county did not raise more than ten bales of cotton a year. The idea used to be that that was too far north to grow cotton. But now Franklin, in the cotton line, is making such counties as Elbert and Madison look to their laurels. Proper fertilizing has brought about this great change.

Wanted—A Great Road.

I asked Mr. Carl J. Wellborn, of Union county, one of the leading men and most useful citizens of north Georgia, what his section is doing in regard to transportation. You see, Blairsville, the capital of Union county, where Mr. Wellborn lives, is thirteen miles from Culberson, N. C., the nearest railroad point. Hiawassee, the capital of Towns county, is twenty miles from Murphy, N. C., the nearest railroad point. Hiawassee is sixteen miles from Blairsville by dirt road and Dahlonega is forty miles distant.

"Well, we are doing this," said Mr. Wellborn; "we are working to get a bill through the legislature to build a macadamized road from Blue Ridge via Blairsville, to Hiawassee. This would help some—a highway, of the best grade, suitable for swift automobiling and other forms of transportation."

It is to be hoped that the bill will pass. That section not only deserves but needs such a road. It would prove a great convenience to the mountain people, and vastly improve the trade relations of that section with the world, to say nothing of the enhancement of property values and consequent benefit to the state in increased taxes.

The Greatest Need.

But the greatest need of those remote north Georgia counties is a railroad. At one time they thought they would get it with the Augusta and Knoxville, a projected road which would have split that section, giving rail connection to all points of the compass.

The next greatest need of that section is trolley lines from Culberson, for instance, to Blairsville to Hiawassee; from Murphy to Hiawassee, and on to Dahlonega.

What says capital? They might not pay. Not at first, but handsomely in time. They would create business in passengers, but especially in freight by causing great growth in population and consequent increase in production and a variety of products. They are bound to come. Why not now?

Worlds of Power.

What about power? was asked Mr. Wellborn.

"Power, why there are worlds of it in north Georgia. For instance, in the great valley along which we want to build this macadamized road there is enough water power alone to turn every spindle in Georgia."

Give Them Help.

"Meantime, I appeal to the legislature to give a great, richly resourceful section of Georgia an opener in the form of the right to build this macademized road from Blue Ridge to Hiawassee. It would be a starter, paving the way for the trolley and the railroad.

"Remember, gentlemen, you can't improve the transportation facilities of a single county in the state without helping, not only Georgia, but the country, your own counties and yourselves!"

FETES IN CELEBRATION OF NAMING OF AMERICA

Ambassador Bacon Speaks at Banquet Given by St. Die.

St. Die, France, July 16.—The Franco-American fetes in honor of the naming of America continued today. The American ambassador, Robert Bacon, and M. Le Brun, the French minister of colonies, after an automobile trip through the picturesque outskirts of the town, proceeded to the city hall where the municaplity gave a banquet in honor of the distinguished guests.

M. Le Brun proposed the health of the American ambassador. He spoke in English, saying that the French government was glad to take part in the fetes because it afforded France an opportunity of responding to the expressions of sympathy with France in America, which were especially unmerous this year, and of deducing from these a certain guarantee that no material difficulty could affect the bonds of confidence and friendship which united the two countries.

Ambassador Bacon said in reply that his presence at the fetes as a representative of his government proved that the United States had forgotten neither her baptism nor the sword which France threw into the scale for her independence.

"The image of St. Die, where America received her name," said the ambassador, "takes a place in our hearts beside Versailles, where America contracted with France an indissoluble alliance."

Toasts were drunk to President Fallieres and President Taft. The celebration closed with an aviation exhibition at the Aerodrome. Twenty thousand persons saw brilliant flights by Sonner and Nieuport.

Teachers' Institutes Praised.

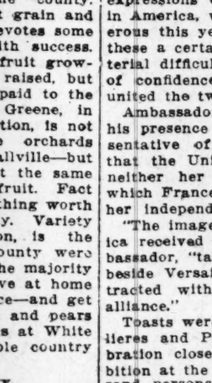
Montgomery, Ala., July 16.—(Special.)—Superintendent of Education Henry J. Willingham has just returned to the capital following upon a trip through northern counties of Alabama, where he attended teachers' institutes, which are being conducted at the expense of the state. Mr. Willingham announces that he finds the work to be progressing to a greater extent than he had anticipated.

Books Are Correct.

Montgomery, Ala., July 16.—(Special.)—Accounts and vouchers of four treasurers of normal schools of Alabama have been examined by Assistant Examiner of Public Accounts C. E. McCall and found to be in excellent condition. The reports were submitted on the following officials: George P. Ide, Jacksonville; V. S. Nichols, Livingston; Captain L. H. Bowles, Troy, and D. S. Burleson, Florence.

DR. FRANCK'S GRAINS OF HEALTH

WILL QUICKLY RELIEVE CONSTIPATION HEADACHE CONGESTION



WILL QUICKLY RELIEVE CONSTIPATION HEADACHE CONGESTION

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ALL PATHS LEAD TO ADJOURNMENT

Extra Session Will Come to End Soon After August 7.

Both House and Senate Leaders Agree That Adjournment Will Follow the Vote on the Arizona-New Mexico Statehood Bill.

Washington, July 16.—All legislative paths now lead to adjournment of congress quickly after the vote on the Arizona-New Mexico statehood bill is taken in the senate on the legislative day of August 7. The senate will be ready then, in all probability, despite the general tariff revision threat of Senator Cummins, of Iowa, and other insurgents, and the house will not interpose any legislation to disturb the senate's program for winding up the extra session.

Only six days remain before the final vote will be taken on the Canadian reciprocity bill in the senate. Its passage by a two-thirds vote of the senate is confidently predicted by senate leaders who have seen many important amendments voted down in the last few days by majorities larger than they had ventured to hope for.

Important Speeches Expected.

A number of important speeches in support of the bill are expected with a view to making clear the position of the democrats and republicans who have refused to entertain any amendment to the bill and who have supported President Taft's desire for early ratification of the agreement as it stands. Senators Stone, of Missouri; Shively, of Indiana, and other democrats, will advocate the bill this week while Senators Bailey, of Texas, and La Follette, of Wisconsin, will oppose. The other bills on which dates for votes have been set, will be debated as soon as reciprocity is out of the way.

A conference on the resolution for a constitutional amendment for direct popular election of United States senators probably will be held Monday by the senate and house conferees to adjust differences over the senate's amendment of the house resolution looking to federal control of the elections.

Revision of Cotton Tariff.

House leaders agree there will be no opposition to the adjournment plans of the senate. The house committee on ways and means is working on a revision of the cotton tariff which will be taken up in the house next week. About ten days' debate in the house is expected, but the bill will not be presented in the senate so as to cause any delay, and if necessary will be put ahead as a rider on the wool or free list bills when the senate votes on them. Cotton revision, however, in case such a program is not adopted, will be pressed at the regular session convening in December.

The investigating committees will be active during the rest of the extra session. The senate committee which is probing into the election of Senator Lorimer, of Illinois, will resume tomorrow, with probably several witnesses who are expected to testify regarding the $100,000 Lorimer election fund.

Probes to Continue.

House committees will continue probing into the Controller Bay, Alaska, land claim involving alleged activity of the Guggenheim mining interests looking to monopoly of Alaskan coal; into the attorney general's recommendation for removal of Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, chief of the government's chemistry bureau; into the charged failure of Attorney General Wickersham to prosecute alleged frauds by the "Alaska syndicate," and into the charges of travel pay irregularities and favoritism of Major B. B. Ray, an army paymaster. The House "sugar trust" investigating committee will meet in New York Tuesday for several days. The House "steel trust" investigating committee will resume work here this week.

$50,000 FOR STATE FAIR.

Bill to Be Given the Finishing Touches Tuesday.

Macon, Ga., July 16.—(Special.)—The bill to be introduced in the legislature asking for an appropriation of $50,000 for the Georgia state fair, contingent upon the people of the state subscribing an equal sum, will be given its finishing touches at a joint meeting of committees from the State Fair Association and the Georgia Agricultural Society, to be held in Atlanta Tuesday. Messrs. Dan Hughes, C. B. Lewis, Howell Erminger, J. A. Flournoy, W. E. Dunwoody and H. C. Robert will constitute the committee from Macon.

Bank Clearings.

Bank clearings in the United States for the week ending July 13 aggregate $3,647,176,000, against $3,142,196,000 last week and $3,090,925,000 in this week last year. Reports from some of the cities follow:

	July 13.	Inc.	Dec.
New York	$1,737,335,000	.....	3.5
Chicago	273,577,000	.....	1.7
Boston	172,710,000	.....	5.7
Philadelphia	148,232,000	.8	.....
St. Louis	78,443,000	6.3	.....
Kansas City	52,667,000	15.4	.....
Pittsburg	50,097,000	.....	5.4
San Francisco	50,825,000	7.1	.....
Baltimore	38,241,000	17.0	.....
Cincinnati	27,092,000	1.4	.....
Minneapolis	17,523,000	.....	14.2
Cleveland	23,316,000	.....	4.5
New Orleans	17,709,000	14.7	.....
Detroit	20,774,000	.2	.....
Omaha	14,417,009	.....	2.6
Los Angeles	20,176,000	24.6	.....
Louisville	14,564,000	16.0	.....
Milwaukee	14,277,000	7.1	.....
Seattle	13,179,000	3.7	.....
St. Paul	10,019,000	.....	10.3
ATLANTA	11,057,000	14.8	.....
Portland, Ore.	11,408,000	3.2	.....
Buffalo	10,757,000	3.4	.....
Denver	8,286,000	.....	9.7
Richmond	7,834,000	.1	.....
Washington, D. C.	7,272,000	.....	1.8
Fort Worth	5,219,000	.....	.9
Memphis	6,021,000	44.2	.....
Savannah	4,112,000	3.6	.....
Nashville	5,226,000	39.8	.....
Norfolk	3,249,000	2.7	.....
Birmingham	2,339,000	.....	.....
Jacksonville, Fla.	3,095,000	18.7	.....
Augusta, Ga.	1,410,000	.....	37.5
Little Rock	2,425,000	45.2	.....
Charleston, S. C.	1,686,000	9.4	.....
Knoxville	1,920,000	.....	2.1
Chattanooga	2,075,000	29.0	.....
Mobile	1,285,000	.....	4.1
Macon	2,876,000	202.3	.....
Columbia, S. C.	904,000	15.0	.....
Jackson, Miss.	336,000	.....	27.0
Houston	23,589,000	.....	2.2
Galveston	14,247,000	22.5	.....

FOOTE & DAVIES CO.
6 N. Broad St.
Phone Main 61.

ALABAMA WANTS TO JOIN HIGHWAY

Andalusia, Ala., July 16.—(Special.) Three scouting cars will be sent out from Andalusia Sunday, July 23, in an effort to make connections with the national highway at Americus, Ga. The cars will leave Mobile on the following day for Atlanta, traveling through Daphne, Bay Minette, Atmore Flomaton, Brewton, Brooklyn, Andalusia, Opp, Elba, Troy, Clayton, Eufaula, Cuthbert, Dawson, Americus and on to Atlanta. The tour of scouts is indorsed by several commercial organizations, including nearly all of the towns. Mobile commercial clubs and Mobile newspapers are hard workers in the cause. The project has created a keen interest all over southern Alabama and one or two mass meetings have been held.

The Only Thing.

Guest (after a particularly bad lunch)—There is one thing on your table which is unsurpassed in the finest hotels in London.

Seaside Hotel Proprietor—Very kind of you to say so, sir. May I ask to which you refer to?

Guest—The saltcellar in this office.

$5,000,000
Chicago Railways Company
First Mortgage Five Per Cent Gold Bonds

Dated February 1, 1907 — Due February 1, 1927

Interest payable February 1 and August 1 in New York and Chicago. Denomination $1,000. Coupon or registered bonds. Optional at par and accrued interest on any interest-payment date.

Harris Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago, Trustee

Previous issues of these bonds are listed on Chicago Stock Exchange, and application will be made to list the present issue. Application will also be made to list the total issue on the New York Stock Exchange.

For full particulars of this issue attention is called to a letter of Henry A. Blair, Esq., Chairman of the Board of Directors, copies of which may be had on request and from which the following facts are taken:

The Chicago Railways Company operates without surface competition an electric street railway system of over 452 miles of single track, serving the "Downtown" as well as the entire North and West sides of the City of Chicago. This territory is rapidly growing and has a present estimated population in excess of 1,600,000.

Earnings and Expenses

as officially reported for year ended June 30, 1911.

The earnings include approximately seven months' operations of the recently acquired city lines of the Chicago Consolidated Traction property.

Gross Earnings	$15,538,860
Operating Expenses, including Taxes and Maintenance	10,790,225
Net Earnings	$ 4,748,635
*Annual Interest Charge on $45,955,000 First 5s, including the present issue	2,297,750
Balance	$ 2,450,885

***As part of the above First Mortgage Bonds were not outstanding during this period, the actual interest accrued amounted to only $1,799,321, leaving a balance of $2,949,314.**

The gross earnings of the Chicago Railways Company have increased more than $4,500,000 within the last three years and now amount to $15,538,860 (these figures including seven months' earnings from the Consolidated Traction lines acquired).

As established by ordinance of the City of Chicago the official valuation of the company's property **will always be at least $30,779,874.94 in excess of the First Mortgage Bonds.**

There will be endorsed on each bond a certificate of the Comptroller of the City of Chicago, identifying the bond as being entitled to a first lien upon the entire property of the Chicago Railways Company.

Under the arrangement between the City and the Company, as provided by the ordinance, the City is equally interested increasing the net earnings of the property; **thus the First Mortgage Bonds now offered are, in a certain way, quasi-municipal securities.**

The property of the Chicago Railways Company is being equipped and will be maintained in a manner to give the territory served by the Company the finest service that money and engineering ability can provide. The proceeds from the sale of the above $5,000,000 First Mortgage Bonds it is estimated will practically complete the rehabilitation and equipment of the recently acquired 128 miles of track, formerly the city lines of the Chicago Consolidated Traction System.

We recommend these bonds for investment

Price 99¾ and interest

Complete circular upon request

National City Bank of New York

Harris, Forbes & Co.
Successors to N. W. Harris & Co.
Pine Street, Cor. William, New York
JOHN C. WHEATLEY, Representative,
Walton Building, Atlanta

CROP OUTLOOK BOLSTERS STOCKS

Prospect for a Bumper Yield Gives Market an Appearance of Strength.

New York, July 16.—Growing confidence in the outlook for crops and business gave the stock market its appearance of underlying strength last week. Attacks on the market were resisted successfully, and the crop scare was no longer effective in disturbing sentiment, which was still dominated largely by reports of the prospects for grain and cotton. It was too early for definite conclusions as to the season's harvests, and many operators reduced their activities to a minimum on account of theis uncertainty. The stock market showed the lack of speculative initiative which is usual at this season, and toward the end of the week trading fell to the lowest point of three years.

Speculation based upon the government's crop report gave some appearance of animation early in the week, as many operators expected a more favorable report than was made. Disappointment of the bull party at the government's estimates resulted in a sharp decline. The loss was recovered on more mature consideration of the report, which indicated that the outlook still favored good crops. The acknowledged improvement of the cotton crop was a help in keeping up courage. Railroads and industrial stocks affected by cotton supplies showed positive strength.

The steel trade reported confidence for the future, based upon a slow but steady expansion in business. The increase in unfilled orders of the United States Steel Corporation at the end of June was regarded as unexpectedly favorable. The decrease in copper stocks during June reported by the Copper Producers was taken as corroborative of the improvement in the metal trades.

Heavy inroads made in the cash reserves in New York by transfers to the working balance of the treasury through payment of Panama bonds subscriptions invited increasing attention as the week progressed. Some shifting of call loans was a consequence, and a firmer tone developed in the money market.

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HANOVER SQUARE, NEW YORK.
Members New York Cotton Exchange; New Orleans Cotton Exchange; New York Produce Exchange; associate members Liverpool Cotton Association. Orders solicited for the purchase and sale of cotton and cotton seed oil for future delivery. Special attention and liberal terms given for consignments of spot cotton for delivery. Correspondence invited.

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Not in Any Combination or Trust. Complete plants from fifteen to two hundred tons capacity. Special small oil plants for ginneries. Complete Cotton Ginning Systems.
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Send for List of Offerings
THE J. B. McCRARY CO.
Atlanta, Ga. Empire Building

Bonds for Investment
High grade municipal railroad and public service corporation bonds
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Harris, Forbes & Co
Successors to
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Pine Street, Corner William
NEW YORK
John C. Wheatley, Representative
Suite 608-12 Walton Building.
Telephone Ivy 1686, Atlanta.

Municipal Bonds
Choice Issues Always on Hand.
Write for Descriptive Circulars.
The Robinson-Humphrey Co.
ATLANTA, GA.

GOLFER KILLED BY ELECTRIC BOLT

Washington, July 16.—Before the eyes of scores of society women and of men well known in official life, and almost within a stone's throw of the Chevy Chase Club house, J. B. Johnson, of New York, recently appointed solicitor of the navy department, was struck by lightning today and instantly killed.

Johnson had been playing golf with a companion and was in the open when the bolt struck. His companion and the caddy, a dozen yards away, were knocked down, but were uninjured. Johnson's body was badly burned.

The club is one of the best known country clubs south of New York. President Taft, Vice President Sherman, most of the members of the cabinet, and members of the diplomatic corps are members.

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CLARK HOWELL . . . . . Editor
ROBY ROBINSON . Business Manager

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THE WASHINGTON BUREAU of The Constitution is located in the Hibbs Building, Fifteenth street; Mr. John Corrigan, Jr., staff correspondent, in charge.

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NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS:
Our traveling representatives are W. H. OVERBEY, C. H. DONNELLY, W. D. BRUMBLOE, O. B. ATKINSON and G. W. REYNOLDS; on R. F. D. routes, W. F. STOKES, solicitor.
Be sure that you do not pay anyone else.
Not responsible for advanced payments made to out-of-town local carrier, dealer or agent.
CONSTITUTION PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Almost too hot to measure presidential timber.

Automobile bandits in Georgia. The happy aviator is far above such risks.

The government doesn't look to the weather to give the bad trusts a hot time of it.

While the country is pleading for peace, naval war games, for practice, are ordered.

Pretty hot even to swat the ice trust, but the consumer's motto is "Here goes!"

An exchange says, "Castro eludes lightning." But lightning isn't after such small game.

The early rumble of the ice wagon is far removed from the catalog of unnecessary noises.

Perhaps Lorimer finds that it is safer to be "on his knees" than to rise to the emergency.

Georgia doesn't need the sort of advertising she is getting out of this governor-senator business.

Still, if President Taft's critics make him "jumping mad," he'll get the very exercise he needs.

The undiscovered promised land is where the weather man comforts you with the prospect of "relief."

Pretty soon they'll be coming home to rest, and look back upon the vacation season as a wild dream.

Some who have the faith to pray for rain are also endowed with wisdom to let up when they see it coming.

And it seems hard that the editors of The Congressional Record should be compelled to do dull duty all summer.

Spending the Sabbath at home, the good legislator may get points from his pastor on how not to run the state.

It may "take an earthquake to sanctify New York," but New York is more than even an earthquake can swallow.

Costs the government a big pile to go after the trusts, but then, the lawyers sometimes put the money in circulation.

The president says he might enjoy an air-journey, but even hard-worked presidents are in no hurry to get off the earth.

Rumored that Senator La Follette is to make a speech a week long. Congress never had a better excuse to adjourn.

Since Colonel Bryan announced that he doesn't want office people have ceased to blame him on the democratic party.

Consider the extra expense in heavy supplements if The Congressional Record has to print La Follette's speeches in full.

An exchange says Colonel Bryan has fifty candidates for president. But you may be quite sure that Colonel Bryan will not be lost in the crowd.

The Cleveland Leader calls John D. Rockefeller "an incurable optimist," and the Rockefeller idea of optimism is illustrated by a story of a man who fell from a window twenty stories high. "Loud cries of horror from the street below at once filled the windows of every floor of the skyscraper with agonized spectators. To these horror-struck people the optimist, as he droppd swiftly past story after story, shouted in cheery tones: 'All right so far!'"

DIRECT ELECTION OF SENATORS.

Mr. Bryan in the latest issue of The Commoner reproduces a speech delivered by himself in the house of representatives in July, 1894, in regard to the popular election of senators.

The question of reserving to the federal government control over the times, places and manner of electing senators by the people seems to have been a disturbing factor in the debates over this question then as it is now.

Mr. Bryan took the position that this question should not deter senators from passing the resolution, saying:

Therefore the democrat who insists that we shall not have the election of senators by the people unless we provide against federal interference might just as well insist that we shall not have it for years to come. The republican who insists that we shall not have it until we authorize federal control might as well announce that he does not want to elect senators by the people. We, as democrats, should recognize that we must go before republicans and ask them to vote for this bill, and republicans should recognize that they can not secure the ratification of any amendment without the aid of democratic members and democratic states.

There is nothing inconsistent in the position of Mr. Bryan then and that of southern democratic senators today—that is, all except Senator Clarke, of Arkansas—for an amendment then offered by Mr. Bryan proposing to allow each state to decide for itself whether it should have popular elections. In other words, it was to be a permissive amendment, rather than a mandatory one.

That is a different proposition from the one submitted for the south's approval in the Bristow, or Sutherland, amendment, which provides that congress shall control the elections of senator.

Senator Bacon, of Georgia, offered the happiest solution of the whole question by his amendment, which declared that congress might provide for the manner of holding popular elections "where a state failed or refused to do so."

This amendment is in entire accord with the views of the framers of the federal constitution of all shades of belief, as shown by the reports of the debates of the constitutional convention, and, moreover, by articles of Mr. Madison in his Madison papers, and by Mr. Hamilton in The Federalist.

Congress should step in and provide for elections where a state refuses, as a matter of preserving the government, for otherwise, our form of government might be destroyed.

But for congress to arbitrarily provide other and different methods of holding an election from that adopted by a sovereign state, is another and much more dangerous proposal.

REFORM THE CRIMINAL LAW.

One appalling concrete statement from the well presented discussion of Judge George Hillyer, published today, should serve to stress upon the general assembly the importance of reforming the state's criminal law along certain well recognized and essential lines. In substance, that statement is this:

In 1910 there were 8,975 homicides in the United States, nearly all of which were murders; only one in eighty-six of the criminals suffered capital punishment. This was an increase of nearly 900 homicidal crimes over 1909, when one criminal in seventy-four was executed.

Georgia, it is known, shared in both the record and the increase in extent greater than that proportionate to population.

In London, a city of 7,000,000 inhabitants, there were but 19 murders in 1910 and only 12 in 1909. Atlanta, with her 160,000 population, will easily equal that record, though immeasurably behind London in the percentage of criminals captured and dealt with by law; for there escape is the exception.

The reason for the difference is found in the swiftness and the certainty of punishment under the English criminal law, whose quality and administration are effective in the suppression both of criminal tendency and mob rule.

It should be unnecessary to direct legislative attention to conditions which cry so loudly for remedy; and yet when bills are proposed that would bring some measure of relief to a state burdened with crime, they are usually sidetracked upon some technical objection.

Forever the technicality—it blocks needed and important legislation as it does punishment for crime.

If legislators would drop it for the moment, they might succeed in legislating it out of the courts, ultimately giving Georgia a criminal law system that would mean a minimum of offenses and a maximum of protection to the people of the state.

AN INVINCIBLE ARGUMENT.

A member of the house of representatives stood on the floor the other day and vigorously opposed the measure proposing to increase the maximum county road tax from two to four mills, upon the ground that good roads were being built almost solely for automobilists, and that, anyway, they had little or nothing to do with the increase in property values.

It is difficult to fathom a density so palpably founded upon blind prejudice or ignorance; that it is one or the other, cannot be questioned.

It is really unnecessary to dignify an argument of this sort by reply, for every county in the state that has improved its roads stands ready with specific and emphatic refutation.

But current dispatches from Columbus carry a statement so strikingly to the point that it is impossible to resist the temptation to put it alongside the remarkable observations of this opponent of good roads.

Two farms of approximately the same size and fertility were recently sold in southwest Georgia, one in Marion county upon bad roads for $37,500, the other in Sumter county located upon some of the best roads in the state, or in the south, for $100,000.

Here is a simple statement of fact that needs no further elucidation; it is in itself an invincible argument. It takes no account of automobiles for, with like conditions, it would have been the same had the automobile never been invented.

A hundred other similar instances might readily be given, but this one speaks in volumes.

The surprising thing about it is that there should be anyone, with the evidence so clearly set before him, so blind or prejudiced as to refuse to see it.

BETTER TEACHER-TRAINING.

Realizing the importance, in fact, the necessity of an immediate source of well-trained and capable teachers for the city's public schools, Atlanta's board of education has wisely determined greatly to enlarge the scope and usefulness of the normal department of the Girls' High school.

Organized two years ago with a one-year course open only to graduates of the school, the normal department will henceforth supply a well-considered two years' course to all Atlanta women who desire to equip themselves for the profession of teaching and who can qualify in the entrance examination.

This progressive step, a more detailed account of which is published elsewhere in today's Constitution, will undoubtedly result in giving Atlanta more and better teachers—teachers capable of analyzing the individual child and better ministering to its wants and needs, not only from a standpoint of mental development, but also morally and physically.

The teacher is the guiding and directing hand of the child that is father to the man; upon her rests in large measure responsibility for the finished product. Only by proper and adequate training can she equip herself, lightly but securely to bear the burden of that responsibility.

Atlanta's teachers have, generally speaking, been equal to their advantages. They have done well. It has rested with the board of education to improve upon those advantages, and it has now met the emergency. The action must bring, in time, notable betterment in the results attained by the city's public school system.

"JUST FROM GEORGIA"

The Office Victim.

I.

So many offices on hand I dunno what to do:
Member of the council, and mayor and sheriff, too!
I wonder how I'm goin' to see the funny problem through?
Such a world of strife and tribulation!

II.

Wonder what's a-comin' next? It's gettin' pretty clear
They'll make me tax collector, town clerk, road overseer!
I'm holdin' all the offices! (It costs the county dear:)
Such a world of strife and tribulation!

* * * * *

Dust in the Middle of the Road.

If you could see Trouble coming down the big road you wouldn't believe your eyes, until it was too late to sidestep.

Some men would be quick enough to dodge lightning, if lightning only left the clouds on schedule time.

Old Jonah didn't have such a bad chance after all, but there's not a hungry whale that swims that would tackle some of the Jonahs of today.

* * * * *

Let Him Come!

I.

Let Winter come and bluster—freeze the furrow, sling the sleet,
And strip the trees to ribbons where the birds were singing sweet;
Though green the summer meadows, such fiery clouds unfurled,
Just o'er the hills of harvest shines a fair, frost-sprinkled world.

II.

There's welcome for gray winter: We weary all the day
For the whistling winds to find us—blow the blossoms far away;
A world that's trimmed with icicles: O, then's your time and chance,
When the cabin fires are twinklin', and they call us in to dance!

* * * * *

His Cheerful Communication.

"This is to tell you, old feller," the Billville citizen wrote, "that endurin' the hot spell of last Tuesday the shingles on your house kotched fire from the heat, and it was burnt to the ground; but I don't suppose you'll mind it much, as the sheriff was just about to foreclose the mortgage on it."

* * * * *

Tired Out.

The Bentztown Bard is weary of the toiling summer game. He sings:
"Let's stop the mill and close the store!
What if we never worked much more?
Let's turn the current off and try
To live on love and air and sky!
Let's call it off and cry enough
And share around our garnered stuff,
And give each man his portion true—
Some day it's what we'll have to do!"

* * * * *

Her Best Effort.

"It's my opinion," says a Georgia philosopher, "that this old world's a-doin' the best she can; and since we manage to pull through the cold winters, and few of us melt in summer, I don't see why I should help the blizzard or the thunder to growl."

* * * * *

While Joy Is In the Land.

They say that there's a fountain
Even in the desert sand;
Our troubles we are countin'
While Joy is in the land.
You cannot move the mountain,
So you'd better let it stand.

TWO YEARS' NORMAL COURSE FREE TO ATLANTA WOMEN

Atlanta is to have, in connection with her public school system, a normal school, offering to all women who desire it a two years' course in teacher-training.

In a sense, the normal school is not new, for it has been in operation for two terms as a department of the Girls' High school; but the board of education has planned to broaden the work and establish it on a firmer basis. It is no longer an experiment, for it has justified its existence by the results it has produced.

Thirty-five teachers now teaching in the Atlanta public schools are graduates of the normal department.

The course has heretofore been a one-year course. A second year has been added, thus doubling the efficiency of the institution. A certificate will be given those students who satisfactorily complete the first year, and a full diploma to those doing the whole work.

Offers Best Training.

The great benefit of the normal school will be the opportunity it offers to women for the best teacher-training. Not only will the usual studies be taught, with emphasis on psychological pedagogy, but there will be a practice school conducted throughout the entire session.

This practice school will be taught by Miss Azile Simpson, one of the most expert primary teachers in the south. For many years she has done noteworthy work in the Atlanta schools as a teacher of beginners. She will bring to her task as head of the practice school a wide experience, and will give to the "observation class" of the normal school a thoroughly adequate and impressive opportunity for learning how to get hold of the practical side of work with little children.

The active head of the Normal school faculty will be Miss Jessie Muse, who is also assistant principal of the Girls High school.

Miss Muse is a woman of broad culture and splendid poise. She has been remarkably successful in the departments of history and English, and has devoted many years to preparation for the best order of professional work in teaching.

She is just back from a year of study in New York, where her work in the teachers' college has been a delightful and fitting prelude to her service in the Normal school. She has specialized pedagogy and psychology and has had exceptional opportunities in her work under the leading American masters in those branches.

Open to All Women.

An interesting feature of the school is that its opportunities are open not only to graduates of the Atlanta high school, but to all women desiring normal work who can pass the entrance examinations.

The school will continue to be known as the normal department of the Girls' High school, and will be, as heretofore, under the general supervision of Miss Sergeant, principal of that institution.

Any information regarding the normal department may be had of Miss Muse, whose address is 5 West Eighth street. Telephone Ivy 2258-L.

A Plea for the Flowers.

I.

We reap the beauteous flowers
That in the gardens grow,
And perhaps they feel their wounds,
But cannot tell us so.
May we not send up the plea,
To let the lovely blossoms be?

II.

"Flowers were born to pick today"—
Heed not the heresy!
'Tis what the heartless worldlings say—
Not Nature's hierarchy!
A better wisdom we would know,
To let the lovely blossoms grow!

III.

Flowers were born to love today—
To bloom the barren sod,
To live, and teach us silent things
From out the Thought of God—
Then, let us learn the better way,
To let the lovely blossoms stay!

—AUGUSTA WALL.

My Little Girl.

My little girl is nested
Within her tiny bed,
With amber ringlets crested
Around her dainty head;
She lies so calm and stilly,
She breathes so soft and low,
She calls to mind a lily
Half hidden in the snow.

A weary little mortal
Has gone to slumberland;
The Pixies at the portal
Have caught her by the hand.
She dreams her broken dolly
Will soon be mended there,
That looks so melancholy
Upon a rocking chair.

I kiss your wayward tresses,
My droway little queen;
I know you have caresses
From floating forms unseen.
O, Angels, let me keep her
To kiss away my cares,
This darling little sleeper,
Who has my love and prayers!

—Samuel Minturn Peck.

Mrs. Owen's Funeral.

Lynchburg, Va., July 16.—Funeral services for Mrs. Narcissa Chisholm Owen, mother of United States Senator Owen, of Oklahoma; Major W. O. Owen, United States army, retired, of Washington, were held today in St. Paul's Episcopal church, and at the grave in Spring Hill cemetery. Mrs. Owen, who was 79 years old, was a daughter of the hereditary chief of the Cherokee Indian nation. She died Wednesday in Guthrie, Okla. The family formerly lived here.

Cabbage and Candy.

(From "Success Magazine.")

A Pennsylvania woman claims to have discovered a process for making candies out of vegetables. If the discovery proves to be of practical value we shall doubtless soon become familiar with the product, though the process may remain a secret. Long cooking, she says, is an essential part of the program, after which the pasty vegetable mass is molded into attractive forms. Potato caramels, carrot nougats, turnip fudge, beet marshmallows and bean taffy are among the cofectionery triumphs announced. It is even solemnly stated that a tempting confection has been made of parsnips.

If all this proves true, the good lady will have accomplished two desirable results at one blow. She will have been the first to convince children that garden truck is acceptable for internal use, at the same time providing strong competition for sulphur-bleached marshmallows, fudge colored with iron rust, furniture-polish bonbons—in fact, for all the glittering combinations of chemicals and glue that a child with a penny has at his command.

A boon to juvenile humanity surely; we should credit the entire story if it were not for the parsnips.

Religion's Debt to Catholicism.

(William Canon Barry, in the July Atlantic.)

Man has that within which transcends the shows of time; he is and will be religious, that is to say, a lover of eternal things; and prophets he must have, true or false, who will bring him a message from the unseen. To tell him that his dreaming fancy has created God and Christ is to drive him upon moral suicide. Since the Eternal exists, there shall be some way of grasping it; on that he is determined. The history of religion, with its splendors and its sorrows, is man's answer to theories of the unknowable. His heart leaps up at the saying in Pascal, "Thou hadst never sought Me, hadst thou not known Me." And lo, the undying power of Catholic dogma which, in affirming Bible, creed, sacraments, papacy, has done for an experimental and sure acquaintance with religious realities the same service that modern science has rendered to physics and biology. It has discovered, and afterwards democratized, the method of religion. Taking to itself the most ancient symbols, building its holy place in Rome between east and west, it holds out revelation to all tribes and tongues, as from a central shrine.

LEGISLATURE SHOULD ACT ON CRIMINAL LAW REFORM

Editor Constitution: I know you will agree with me that the time is opportune now whilst the legislature is in session for keeping the great subject of reforms in the criminal law well to the front.

A notable conference on this subject was lately held by eminent men in New York. Among other speakers was President Taft. This, I think, was his latest utterance touching this surpassingly important problem. The following is a quotation from the July number of that great publication, The Journal of the American Institute of Criminal Law and Criminology, published at Urbana, Illinois, with offices in Chicago:

"Naturally the address which was delivered by the president of the United States attracted the most attention. Following the lines of his previous address on the subject, the president compared the efficiency of English judicial methods with our own, and declared that the superior efficiency of the English system was largely due to the character, experience and learning of the English judges, their large power in the conduct of criminal trials, the respectful attitude of counsel toward the judges and the simplicity of English procedure. The responsibility for one of the chief sources of evil, he said, was the presence of lawyers in our legislatures, who have insisted upon limiting the power of the judges by statute and thereby taking away from them respect for their rulings, so apparent in every English court of justice.

No Comment on the Facts.

"In many states, judges," said the president, "are not permitted to comment upon the facts at all. They are not even allowed to charge the jury after the arguments of counsel, but they are required to submit written charges to the jury upon abstruse questions of law, with no opportunity to apply the principles concretely to the facts of the case, and with the result that the questions both of law and fact are largely left to the untutored and undisciplined action of the jury, influenced only by the contending arguments of counsel.

"The restraint that a judge in the course of a trial imposes upon the manner and conduct of counsel in an English court is thus wholly wanting, with the result that there seems to have been a substantial change in the code of professional ethics governing counsel, and in the extremes to which counsel in the defense of their clients seem to think it is entirely proper for them to go. Their conduct makes neither for the dignity of the court, for the elevation of the ethics of the bar, for the expediting of criminal procedure, nor for the reasonable punishment of crime."

Humiliating Comparison.

The amount of unpunished crime in this country, as compared with that in England was, he declared, humiliating to every true son of America, and was a standing reproach to our civilization. "Why is it then," he said, "that speaking generally every person who commits a crime in England is tried and rarely escapes punishment, while in this country it is not too much to say that a majority escape the law?" The answer, he said, lies in the greater efficiency of the English judiciary and in the lighter regard for the law and its enforcements on the part of the American people as a whole, and a less vigorous public opinion in favor of the punishment of the crime, the effect of which is to weaken the obligation of prosecuting officials and juries.

The above utterances present nothing new from President Taft. He has often spoken out on the same line on previous occasions, saying among other things, that administration of the criminal law in the United States was a disgrace to our civilization. In fact, nearly everybody, especially of late, in the bar associations and in religious bodies—editors, ministers, and good men everywhere who have spoken or written on the subject, take the same view.

One Year's Murder Record.

For further illustration, I quote as follows from the same journal above mentioned:

"In a recent letter to The New York Tribune, Dr. Andrew D. White (than whom there is no higher authority), says: 'The annual statistics of crime published in The Chicago Tribune of December 31, 1910, which were gathered with the greatest care and conscientiousness, and which I have verified by careful study in more than half the states of the union during the last fifteen years, show that in the United States the number of homicides (by which term is meant in all save a very few cases, murder) was during the year just closed, 8,975, and that this is an increase of nearly 900 over the number during the year preceding. They also show that of the perpetrators of these homicides only one in 86 was capitally punished, as against one in 74, during the year just preceding.'

"For this reign of murder there are various causes and numerous remedies. One of the most potent preventives, in our judgment, is more swift and certain punishment of murderers. The idea sometimes advanced that punishment is no deterrent to crime is contrary to reason and the teachings of experience. More and more the idea is spreading that maudlin sentimentality and mistaken leniency is one of the chief causes of the deplorable amount of lawlessness in this country. Dr. White, in the letter referred to above, declares that the pettifoggers, the sentimental philosophers and the 'cranks' who disbelieve in anything like prompt and effective punishment have already produced an atmosphere in which thugs, anarchists, yeggmen, safe blowers and members of the blackhand fraternity find an admirable refuge and enjoy American hospitality. A reaction against the coddling tendency is bound to come sooner or later, and, as a well-known prison authority of New York has recently remarked, the potential lawbreaker had better commit his crime now and take his punishment before the inevitable reaction against our present lenient methods sets in.

Can Learn From England.

"One of the most serious dangers that confronts us is the general lack of respect for law and authority which has come to be a distinguishing trait of American character. In this respect we suffer terribly in comparison with English-speaking peoples in other parts of the world. The last annual report of the Howard Association of London tells us that during the past year there were only nineteen cases of murder in that city, with a population of 7,000,000 inhabitants, and that during the preceding year the number was only twelve. In the former year five of the nineteen murderers committed suicide, all of the others except four were arrested and were either convicted and executed or committed to the insane asylum, with the exception of one, who died while awaiting trial. And yet, we are sometimes told by self-satisfied, though well-meaning persons, that no more law-abiding people are to be found in the world than ourselves, and that we have nothing to learn from England in regard to methods of protecting society against criminals. But fortunately, the number who cling to this view is becoming smaller with each passing year, and well they may."

Surely, the time is at hand when the needed reforms may no longer be merely hoped for, but enacted without further delay.

Respectfully,
GEORGE HILLYER.
Atlanta, July 15, 1911.

GEORGIA URGED TO JOIN MOVE TO GET COTTON TAX

Editor Constitution: Since the publication of my article relating to the return of the cotton tax by congress for the benefit of the rural schools in the south, it appears that a few have objected to this plan on the ground that the money should go to those who paid it or to their heirs.

As a matter of abstract justice, this is probably the correct view, at least so far as relates to the original payers, but as a practical proposition it is out of the question. The most serious difficulty would be to get through congress a bill having this end in view. Sectional feeling has to a large extent subsided, but I fear that it would play a part in raising objections to refunding money which probably was exacted in the first instance partly as a punitive measure. But our constitution forbids corruption of blood, and I have no doubt that many who would oppose an appropriation for the direct benefit of the original payers would gladly vote for it to aid in the education of their descendants.

Need of Funds Unquestioned.

That the southern states are sadly in need of more school funds the following facts bear witness: A few years ago Georgia had 277,865 children between 10 and 14 years of age, of whom 63,329 were illiterate, or 227.9 in every 1,000. For the accommodation of her 789,939 children between 5 and 18 years of age she had 7,082 school houses, or one to every 111 children, and to every 8.4 square miles of territory. To keep these schools open 118 days 10,341 teachers were employed, or one to every 78 children, and were paid an average monthly salary of $27.81. These statistics are several years old, and no doubt the state is doing better now, but there is also no doubt that she still needs to do a great deal more. Some of the other southern states do a little better, some not quite so well.

Georgia Would Fare Well.

In the distribution of the cotton tax Georgia would receive $11,897,094; Alabama, $10,338,072. Even if used solely for the benefit of rural schools, the very men who paid it, so far as still living, would be indirectly benefited by it. It would be used to help educate their sons and grandsons and would also save them from an increase of taxes, for the school fund must be increased, especially in the rural districts. Let any man read the bulletins on farm life conditions in the south, issued by President Branson, and see if he can say nay to this proposition.

The plan to repay the money to the original payers has been tried for years and does not seem ever to have had the ghost of a chance at success. By a united effort on the part of the south I firmly believe that the proposition to appropriate the cotton tax for the benefit of rural schools can be put through. It is gaining friends rapidly. The legislatures of Arkansas, Florida and the Missouri house have already indorsed it; also the universities of Arkansas, Virginia, the Carolinas, Georgia, Florida, Louisiana and Tennessee, and the Georgia School of Technology, besides several distinguished individuals north and south. President Taft has given it his personal notice and may be brought to recommend it in his message. Will not Georgia join in the movement?

DAVID Y. THOMAS.
University of Arkansas, Fayetteville.

CHIVALRY INCOMPREHENSIBLE THAT KEEPS WOMAN FROM BAR

Editor Constitution: I have read, with disgust, that Georgia has refused to admit women to the bar. The south boasts of its chivalrous men. This is the chivalry of Cicero—it is the chivalry of "the age of chivalry" that burned women at the stake for crimes that men were hanged for. It is the chivalry that burned Joan of Arc at the stake after she had saved her country; this is the chivalry that makes us believe in the Darwinian theory.

It is easy for men to boast of their chivalry, but every advance that woman has ever made has been made through economic independence. All the rainbow flattery of the poets from the time of Homer is worth less to woman than the right to make her own way in the world. Would these men, in their chivalry, refuse a woman the privilege of scrubbing floors? They never have.

In the name of all the gods at once, what right have they to say to a woman: "You are fit only for the drudgery of keeping house." It is true, during the dark ages, men believed in such a theory. Shakespeare said there was no darkness but ignorance, and it seems that we have some legislators who are still in the dark ages. W. W. PHILLIPS.

Acworth, Ga., July 15.

Yekod Temple Gets Charter.

Macon, Ga., July 16.—(Special.)—A charter having been granted to Yekod Temple, of the Knights of Khorrassan, formal installation exercises will be held on Tuesday, July 25, with Royal Vizier Miller S. Bell, of Milledgeville, presiding. The temple, though newly organized, has over 130 members.

Cheap Glasses

Glasses that do not suit the eyes are expensive at any price. We have no special BARGAIN PRICE DAYS for glasses, but we have a REPUTATION for RELIABLE WORK as Opticians and REASONABLE PRICES.

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CITY NEWS

Mrs. Campbell on Trip.—Mrs. Eugene Campbell and her son, Master Steve Campbell, of Trinity avenue, are now in Franklin, N. C., visiting Mr. Campbell's mother. Mrs. Campbell and Master Steve will be away from Atlanta until the latter part of next month.

Garland on Vacation.—Newton Garland, for the past three or four years connected with the Western and Atlantic railroad offices in Atlanta, left yesterday for his old home in Tennessee, where he will remain for two weeks, having been given a leave of absence for that length of time.

Sheriff Stark Returns.—W. R. Stark, sheriff of Walton county, who came to Atlanta a few days ago to release from jail Matt Allen, father of the negro boy who was lynched three weeks ago near Conyers, has returned to Monroe, after a pleasant visit to his sister, Mrs. James B. Loftin, at 115 Richardson street.

Paul Littlefield Here.—Paul Littlefield, for a long time connected with the Southern railway passenger service between Atlanta and Chattanooga, has returned from Florida, where he has been visiting his parents for a month. Mr. Littlefield is being given a warm greeting by his many Atlanta friends.

Suit Cases Recaptured.—A suspicious looking man in Grant Park yesterday afternoon sat down on a bench to rest his weary bones from the weight of two suit cases that dragged him down like mill stones. He was seen by Officers Palmer and Williams. As the officers came up to him the man made a hurried departure out. At last accounts he had not been captured. The suit cases were returned to the detective office by Detective John Hollingsworth, and were quickly restored to their owner, J. M. Boyer, a traveling man, of Woodstock, Va. Mr. Boyer had the cases taken from him on the street car, and the thief was traced through the efforts of a stranger who gave a good description.

Hurt by Automobile.—Mrs. F. J. Reeves, of 108 West Peachtree street, was knocked down by an automobile owned by the Georgia Railway and Electric Company last night at the corner of West Peachtree and Baker streets, and her arm slightly bruised. Mrs. Reeves alighted from a car which had stopped during the steady downpour of rain and, in walking around the rear end, was hit by the machine which, it is said, was going slowly. The machine had been out on a trouble call. It was driven by Sam Lyons, and with him was J. M. Means, a lineman. Mrs. Reeves was carried into her home and Dr. Hancock attended her.

Stenographers free. Underwood Typewriter Company

DOCTORS ARE BAFFLED BY A STRANGE MALADY

Epidemic in North Carolina Has Claimed a Number of Victims.

Asheville, N. C., July 16.—A fatal epidemic prevails in Mitchell county, which has heretofore been unknown to medical science and is baffling skilled physicians who have made every effort to check the malady which manifests itself by small bloodshot stains on the tips of the fingers, passing through the arm into the body and resulting in the death within a few days after the first sign appears. The plague has claimed a number of victims in Mitchell county, one of whom was Dr. F. P. Slagle.

Dr. Charles Buchanan, a prominent physician, became affected a few days ago and was sent to Johnson City, Tenn., hospital, where his condition is said to be critical.

There are no paroxysms accompanying the attack, the disease appears to move rapidly from the finger tips, along the arm into the body and reaches the heart within a day or two, resulting invariably in immediate and apparently painless death.

No permanent relief has thus far been discovered and it is reported that the rapidity with which the malady is spreading has become alarming.

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No obligation to buy is incurred in sending for a selection of diamonds in this way; and if for any reason a purchase is not made, we pay all express charges each way. We can afford to do this, for our grades, weights and prices are such that practically all shipments result in sales.

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THREE HARD WORKERS IN THE SENATE



Photo by Wesley Hirshburg.

HON. CHARLES T. OWENS.

Senator from the forty-third district, lives in Eton, Murray county. So far as obtainable records relate, he hasn't bothered much with politics heretofore. He is a farmer, a lumberman, a flour miller, a railroad contractor and a cattle dealer. He was born in Benton, Tenn., in 1869, was educated at Hiwassee College, and has five children. He is a Methodist and belongs to most of the secret orders.

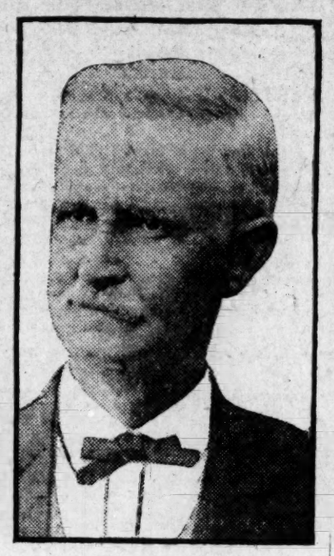


Photo by Wesley Hirshburg.

SENATOR CHARLES IRWIN DUGGAN.

Of the twentieth district, resides in Sandersville, where he is, and has been for years, a leading citizen. He was a confederate soldier; also is a veteran of the house, a prohibitionist, a tariff reformer, a Baptist, a Mason, and a member of the Farmers' Union.



Photo by Wesley Hirshburg.

LAWRENCE C. GRAHAM.

Senator from the seventh, is a doctor. He was born in 1872 in Decatur county, was educated at Bainbridge and Athens. He believes in economy in government, 4-year terms for officials, educational advancement, tariff reform and conservation. He has three children.

NATIONAL T. P. A. INDORSES BILL

Urges Georgia Association to Work for the Mileage Window Bill.

The national board of directors of the T. P. A. of America at its meeting in St. Louis this month, gave its approval and indorsement to the bill which has been introduced in the Georgia house of representatives requiring the railroad companies to install an additional window and ticket agent in all towns of over 2,000 inhabitants for the purpose of accommodating travelers in exchanging mileage for tickets. The board urges the Georgia association to work for the passage of this measure.

The national board also passed resolutions calling upon the railroads to change the mileage rule now in effect on some lines and in some sections, and allow the conductors to pull mileage instead of requiring an exchange of mileage for tickets.

Georgia Bill Indorsed.

The two resolutions are as follows:

Whereas, a bill has been introduced in the Georgia legislature now in session requiring railroad companies to install an additional ticket window and ticket agent at all stations of 2,000 inhabitants or more, for the accommodation of travelers in exchanging mileage for tickets, and

Whereas this bill seeks to aid in removing part of the trouble and delay occasioned traveling men which they now suffer, therefore be it

Resolved 1: That the national board of directors of the Travelers' Protective Association of America in session assembled hereby expresses its approval of said bill, and requests the entire membership in Georgia to assist in securing its passage.

Resolved 2; That the national chairman of our hotel committee is hereby requested to communicate this action to the chairman of the Georgia railroad committee and to the chairman of the Georgia legislative committee.

Want Mileage Pulled.

Whereas, The traveling men of America (in numbers about five hundred thousand), are, from the nature of their vocations, patrons of the transportation companies, and

Whereas, Their penetrating and permeating every avenue of the trade in the placing of their wares, creates an additional source of revenue in the way of freights to said transportation lines, which in itself, is stupendous, and

Whereas, in creating said funds, they cause less expense to said transportation lines than any other class of patrons requiring no special service or extra equipment, and

Whereas, some of the transportation lines persist in putting this class of patrons to great inconvenience and delay by requiring that purchasers of mileage books shall exchange said mileage at ticket windows for regular transportation, therefore be it

Resolved 1; That the Travelers Protective Association of America, through its national directors this day assembled in regular session, protests against the furtherance of such policy on the part of said lines and calls upon said transportation companies to exhibit a spirit of fairness and arrange to obviate such annoyances to the traveling men by permitting conductors on trains to pull said mileage as formerly.

Resolved 2; That in consideration of the fact that traveling men are extensive purchasers of mileage, they should receive a special concession in the way of price of said mileage at least of one-half cent per mile, and this association hereby pledges itself to bring about the above results through its railroad chairman and every other legitimate avenue.

Resolved 3; That the national secretary hereby be directed to furnish all railroad chairmen and chairmen of the legislative committees, copies of these resolutions, and also the Associated Press, and to communicate with all kindred organizations inviting their active co-operation in an earnest and persistent effort to obtain the results sought for.

WITH THE TRAVELERS

J. G. Oglesby, Jr., of the Robinson Neckwear Company, is in New York.

J. M. Frankie, of the Rosenfeld company, is back in the city from an extended trip.

R. Rosenbaum, of the Atlanta Woodenware Company, is back from a vacation spent at St. Simon's Island.

E. Y. Culbreath is spending his vacation in Knoxville, Tenn.

J. R. England, of the E. L. Adams company, has been ill for the past several weeks.

B. K. Boat, of the Piedmont Candy Company, is on a trip into Alabama.

C. J. Williamson is back from a two weeks' visit in south Georgia.

L. F. Miller, of the Hedden-Miller company, is spending some time in Indian Springs.

N. F. Estey, of the Carolina Mill Supply Company, has returned to his territory after an extended vacation spent in north Georgia.

SALOONS CERTAIN FOR MONTGOMERY

Practically Settled That Local Optionists Will Win Out on Monday.

Montgomery, Ala., July 16.—After the quietest campaign that ever was held in this county, Montgomery will vote tomorrow on the return of saloons. The local optionists have thoroughly organized their forces and are confident of victory by 2,500 majority. The prohibitionists have no organization, and wil cut but small figure in the contest. There is very little sentiment in favor of a dispensary, and the saloon will get the big portion of the vote.

In Russell county an election will be held Monday on the same question. Sentiment is said to be all one way there. Girard and Seale will be the two towns that will probably get the open saloons.

This will be the third local option election held in Alabama under the Parks law, and indications point to a general reversal of prohibition sentiment throughout Alabama.

CAPT. M'CORD PASSES AFTER SHORT ILLNESS

Well-Known Citizen of Butts County---Brother of H. Y. McCord, of Atlanta.

Jackson, Ga., July 16.—(Special.)—Captain J. W. McCord, prominent citizen and confederate veteran, died at his home in Jackson this morning at the age of 73.

Captain McCord belonged to a well-known family of Butts county, and was a native of Jackson, where he had lived all his life with the exception of three years he spent in Texas. He was a veteran of the civil war, in which he served with distinction as adjutant, and later as captain in the Thirteenth Georgia regiment. His death followed by thirteen days that of his sister, Mrs. A. H. Shaver, editor of The Jackson Argus, who died in Atlanta on July 2.

Two brothers, H. Y. McCord, of Atlanta, and Joseph W. McCord, of Crawfordville; one sister, Mrs. R. E. Buttrill, of Longview, Texas; his wife, who was Miss Mary Jane Crawford; three daughters, Mrs. C. A. Butner and Miss Annie Lou McCord, of Jackson; Mrs. J. S. Lewis, of Arabi, and one son, C. R. McCord, of Macon, survive him.

The funeral was held Sunday afternoon from the residence. The services were conducted by Rev. R. C. Cleckler. Burial in Jackson.

SMITH SHOULD RESIGN, SAY GRIFFIN FRIENDS

Terrell Not Censured for the Course Pursued--J. M. Brown Choice for Governor.

Griffin, Ga., July 16.—(Special.)—The senatorial and the gubernatorial situation is being watched here with unabated interest. Many of the friends of Governor Smith say that he should resign the governorship at once and go to Washington, where important matters now pending demand that Georgia should have a full representation in congress. Joseph M. Terrell is not being censured for the stand that he is taking.

Joseph M. Brown, the former governor, has many friends here who are anxious to see him get into the race for governor, and if he should do so this county will give him a splendid vote. He is regarded as the logical candidate so far.

Mayflower Seaman Drowned.

Washington, July 16.—Arthur Parks, 22 years old, a seaman on the United States steamship Mayflower, President Taft's yacht, was drowned in the Potomac river today. In company with two fellow seamen, Parks was out in the Mayflower's sailboat when the craft capsized. His companions were rescued. Parks' home was in Highbridge, N. J.

LAST MEETING IN AUDITORIUM

Mayor Winn Will Send Special Message to Council on "Jack the Ripper."

When the city council meets this afternoon in Taft Hall of the Auditorium-Armory it will have cause for congratulation. It will probably be the last time the members will have to toil so far from the city hall. The bill transferring jurisdiction over the new city hall from the government to the city will probably be passed some time during the week and the city hall be made eligible for council meetings.

So far as is now known, little business of importance will be transacted by council.

The mayor will send a special communication to the city council this afternoon asking that rewards be offered for the unapprehended perpetrators of the many murders of negro women committed during the last year. This is in answer to a petition presented to the mayor by many of the leading negro citizens of Atlanta.

POPE BROWN WILL OPEN CAMPAIGN IN WAYCROSS

Gubernatorial Aspirant Will Fire First Gun Next Saturday.

Waycross, July 16.—(Special.)—The visit of Hon. Pope Brown to this city on Saturday, at which time he will make the opening speech of his campaign for governor, is being looked forward to with considerable interest here. The event is being well advertised and it is expected that a large crowd from the country around here and from the nearby towns will be present to hear him.

"The sentiment in favor of a south Georgia candidate for governor," said a well-known citizen today, "is growing right along and whoever of the various candidates from this section suggested for the race, can demonstrate that he will make a good, clean fight for the office, will receive the united support of the voters of Waycross and Ware county."

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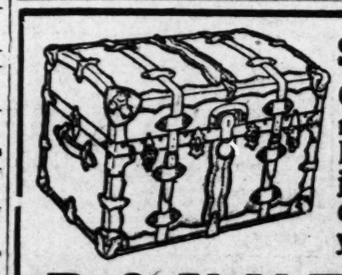
Lancaster, Pa., July 16.—The Pennsylvania railroad main line, over which all through passenger trains run between the east and the west, was blocked for hours tonight by a burning bridge falling on the four tracks. The structure, a big wooden affair used for wagons, spanned the railroad near Gap, 17 miles east of here. It caught fire supposedly from sparks from a locomotive. All through trains tonight were run over the Pennsylvania's freight line from Parkersburg to Columbia and Harrisburg.

Live Stock Association.

Montgomery, Ala., July 16.—(Special.)—Announcement is made that the Alabama Live Stock Association will hold its sixteenth meeting on the farm of F. I. Derby, at Gaston, in Sumter county, on July 25. An excellent program, which is to begin at 10 o'clock in the morning, has been arranged for the day, while the technical side of the live stock question will be discussed in full. A cattle dipping demonstration will be made, while another demonstration of interest will be that of making cement posts.

Berger Talks to Socialists.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 16.—Representative Victor L. Berger, socialist, of the fifth Wisconsin district, addressed a large crowd at the annual Milwaukee social democratic picnic held in one of the local parks today. Mr. Berger reviewed his work in congress and told of various party platform bills he expected to introduce upon his return to Washington.



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GEORGIA EDITORS MOVE ON ROME

Members Weekly Press Association Guests of the Hill City Two Days.

Cartersville, Ga., July 16.—(Special.) In two special coaches attached to the rear of the northbound Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway train this morning, the editors of the Georgia Weekly Press Association, with their wives, daughters and sons, made the trip to Rome, personally conducted by Col. J. Lindsay Johnson, editor of The Rome Tribune-Herald, who will be the official host of the gathering today and tomorrow.

The delegation left this city with evident reluctance, and they were extravagant in their praises of the manner in which they had been cared for while in Cartersville. The evident appreciation that was voiced by the editors was not undeserved, for never in its history has Cartersville done more elegantly by a body of guests than on this occasion. The members of the press association were given the freedom of the city, and there was nothing left undone by the citizens here that would have contributed to their happiness and pleasure.

The banquet that was given last night was one of the most elaborate and elegant that has ever been given in this or any other city its size. Three hundred guests were invited to partake of the delicious viands that had been prepared by the ladies of the United Daughters of the Confederacy and the Cherokee Club. The diners were served by the beautiful young girls and matrons of the city, who presented a most beautiful scene as they flitted between the banquet tables carrying trays laden with delicacies.

Mr. Charles M. Milam, past chancellor Knights of Pythias, of this city, and an experienced master of ceremonies, directed the toasts of the evening, and his handling of the subjects provoked much laughter.

Some Notable Addresses.

Many addresses were made, notable of which were those of W. T. Anderson, of The Macon Telegraph, who stressed the question of child labor, among other things. Judge A. W. Fite and Hon. J. J. Conner, of Cartersville, both spoke interestingly and at length. Hon. M. L. Brittian, state school commissioner, delivered a most interesting and beneficial talk, as did Ben F. Perry, formerly of the state treasury department. Mrs. Rebecca Felton, widow of the late Hon. William H. Felton, made the hit of the evening by talking most brilliantly upon "Cartersville, Past and Future." Mrs. Felton was applauded lavishly and her hearers were greatly pleased with her address.

The other local speakers were: Hon. John T. Norris, D. B. Freeman, editor of The Cartersville News; J. W. Vaughan, G. A. Veach, and J. A. Miller, of the American Textile Co.

The banquet extended long into the morning and it was much past midnight when the last speaker took his seat.

A spirited contest over the place for the next meeting resulted in the choice of Dublin for 1912. H. M. Stanley, of The Dublin Dispatch, made a good fight for the convention, and he was freely congratulated over the fact that his town was selected for the next convention.

Underwood Typewriters for rent. 52 N. Broad Street.

SPALDING GRAYS RETURN FROM CAMP ROSE DHU

Grays Boast of Oldest Enlisted Man in Camp in Person of Private Futral.

Griffin, Ga., July 16.—(Special.)—The Spalding Grays returned this morning from Camp Rose Dhu near Savannah, where they have been in encampment the past week with the other companies of the Second Georgia regiment. While the camp was not in the best of condition and there was some excitement on account of members of the Jackson Rifles getting shot in the pits at the rifle range, the soldier boys report a pleasant and profitable trip. In the person of H. B. Futral the Grays had the oldest enlisted man in camp, not only in age but in point of service. Private Futral is nearly 70 years old and has been in the military service for 39 consecutive years and says he is good for a few more. He served through the civil war under Colonel Thomas Hardeman, of Macon, and has been an active member of the Grays ever since the war.

Auditing County Records.

Gainesville, Ga., July 16.—(Special.) A special committee, composed of Messrs. C. B. Stovall and W. A. Miller, have audited the books of the road commissioners of the county. The board held a three-day session the past week and convene again Tuesday, at which time the books of the tax collector will be received and this officer will receive pay for his work.

LIFE SEEMS WORTH LIVING FOR PEOPLE IN GEORGIA

Despite the many modern complexities which have arisen in this thriving city and state, life seems well worth living, after all—in Georgia.

A table of vital statistics is given in the latest edition of The Insurance Spectator, which was compiled by Frederick L. Hoffman. Hoffman discusses at length the suicidal rate of American cities.

There are three Georgia cities on the list—Atlanta, Savannah and Augusta. Augusta has the smallest suicidal rate of the Georgia cities; Atlanta next; then Savannah. Savannah's self-murder rate is 15.0, for every 100,000 population; Atlanta's, 14.9, and Augusta's rate is 7.3. The average rate of the 100 American cities included in the list is 19.7 per cent per 100,000 population. The Georgia towns are not up to the average.

San Francisco leads the other cities with a per cent of 42.2. Chicago and New York are well toward the top.

Here are the statistics on the three Georgia metropolises: Suicides from 1900 and 1909: Savannah, 68; Atlanta, 125; Augusta, 11. Rate of suicide per 100,000 for those years: Savannah, 12 per cent; Atlanta, 10.6 per cent; Augusta, 2.7 per cent. Rate per 100,000 population in 1910: Savannah, 15.0 per cent; Atlanta, 14.9 per cent; Augusta, 7.3 per cent. Rate of increase or decrease: Savannah, increased 3.9 per cent; Atlanta, increased 4.4 per cent; Augusta, increased 4.6 per cent.

The table shows many other interesting facts, and the author writes interestingly on the subject. There is less tendency to suicide in America than in Germany.

For the five years previous to 1908, for every 100 male suicides in America, Germany had 136, and for every 100 female American suicides, Germany had 125.

At any rate, this table goes to show that we are having such good times in this country that we are none too anxious to shorten our life by turning on the gas.

FINE TRIP AROUND STATE COMPLETED BY M. L. PETTY

M. L. Petty, prominent Atlanta real estate man, his wife and two daughters, have just returned to the city after a long trip around the state. Mr. Petty says that so marked is the difference in roads in Georgia, as the result of the work of the convicts, that travelers can often tell the county line by the change in condition of roads.

He gives the following interesting account of his trip, and of the condition of the roads;

"I left the city on the morning of June 10, with my wife and two daughters. We traveled by the way of the following places:

"Hapeville to Jonesboro. In Clayton county we found the roads in fair condition, nothing extra.

"From Jonesboro to Griffin. In Butts county we found the roads good, and from Griffin to Barnesville, in Pike county, we found good roads. From Barnesville to Forsyth, in Monroe county, we found the roads fine.

"It is easy to tell the county lines of a great many counties by the roads It seems as some counties are more interested in good roads than others, in fact, some counties we traveled through it was not necessary to have a sign up saying that this is Twiggs, Alaska or Dooly county. You can readily tell that it is a change of county by the roads.

"From Forsyth to Macon. We made a stop of two hours in Macon, and from Macon we traveled to Perry, in Houston county, and from there to Vienna in Dooly county, and from there to Cordele. Our next stop for the night was Ashburn, 180 miles from Atlanta. We traveled almost the entire route over the National highway to Jacksonville. Here we left the National highway, going east to Irwinville and Ocilla, in Irwin county.

"From Ocilla to Douglas. The road from Ashburn to Douglas is a very fair road. It's a new road and through a good county. The best crops we saw on our trip was from Ashburn to Douglas. From Douglas to Waycross we struck very heavy sand. From Waycross to Waynesville we had the worst roads on the trip, by the way of Shattersville, Hoboken, Nahunta to Waynesville. From Waynesville to Brunswick we had a splendid road and made good time. At Brunswick we left our car for a two weeks' stay at Cumberland Island.

"From Brunswick we went to Savannah, going by the way of Darien. We found some pretty rough roads before we got to the ferry. We crossed the Altamaha river by ferry boat. The ferryman said it was nine miles over to Darien. We had some trouble getting out of the ferry boat at Darien on account of the tide being slow. The ferryage was $5. From Darien we went by the way of Ridgeville, Manedian, Crescent, Seabrook, Arcadia, Burroughs to Savannah. The road was a very good road from Darien to Savannah.

"We left Savannah in the morning and drove through to Augusta by way of Meldrim, Hulbert, Nellwood, Statesboro, Dover, Rocky Ford, Scarboro, Millen, Lawtonville, Waynesboro to Augusta. We arrived in Augusta in the evening and left Augusta next day for Atlanta by the way of Thomson, Crawfordville, Greensboro, Madison, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers to Atlanta. We arrived in Atlanta 8 p. m.

"We made this trip in my E. M. F. car, No. 30. We had but very little trouble, in fact, nothing compared to what some people have in making this trip. We took our time and enjoyed it very much."

Indian Springs Camp Meeting.

Griffin, Ga., July 16.—(Special.)—Great preparations are being made for the annual Holiness campmeeting at Indian Springs early in August. This campmeeting is the largest attended each year of any in the state or, perhaps, the south. This year there will be some good preachers on hand, and some good singers, and the usual large crowds. The campground is between Flovilla and Indian Springs. The trip to the ground is made on one of the most famous old dummy lines in Georgia.

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92nd
Half-Yearly
Reduction Sale
In Force Today
Clothing — Hats
Furnishings
Come!

WOMAN AND HER WORK---PROGRESS AND DEVELOPMENT IN THE HOME AND OUT OF IT

Conducted by ISMA DOOLY

A MODEL COUNTRY HOME FEATURE OF CORN SHOW

The model country home will be one of the features of Atlanta's Corn Show in the fall, and no feature will be of more practical value.

There is a great deal said about the model country home and what it should be. Papers and magazines tell a great deal about it, and pages are given to picturing the so-called modern home. In fact, there are few things about which more theorizing is done than the country home. Unfortunately, many people who are interested in rural life and organization know very little about the country, and they are apt to reckon about the home without knowing what the real requirements are. Suggestions are made about what the equipment should be, and these are likewise theoretical. Various electric devices are suggested and gas ranges, etc., are pictured, all unmindful that there may be neither gas nor electricity in the very homes for which the models are drawn, and which the magazine philanthropically exploits.

All promoters for rural organization; all teachers urging a more rational rural education, and all those who, with the states's life interest at heart, will conclude their teachings on the subject by the statement that the home must be the basis of this new rural life and development they are making for. To make this home the better, men are being trained through educational rallies, institutes for farmers, and visits to the points where the agricultural train stops, but so far nothing has been done to increase the klowledge of the grown-up iindividual who is constantly being told her dominion is the home—this individual thing, the woman.

It may be unwomanly to make this suggestion, but as some women have to get far enough away from home to earn money enough to keep the roof over that home, such a one may be forgiven for referring remotely to the relation of the home to the person who is charged to look after it.

As the Corn Show will not limit its attendance to men only, but the women who can get in and see what is doing, it will be a great joy to these privileged women to see the model country home and help in its completion. It is urged upon those men who have homes in the country, but who think that the women should stay in those homes, that they bring note books and take notes of the model home at the Corn Show, so that, returning home, they can better direct the keeping of that home by the female person employed therein, for otherwise, how is she to know that many things have happened to remove the home from the crude condition of the cabin?

A director of the project, in speaking of the purpose of the model home, stated that it could be proven in the exhibit that while still confined to the utmost simplicity and costing a small sum of money, a home in the country may be so built as to stimulate love of country life; minimize woman's work; enlighten on the subject of sanitation; also on the subjects of screening and lighting; convenience and order and, finally, beauty.

The Model Plan.

The house will be small and inexpensive; equipped with all conveniences possible in the country, and with inexpensive necessities.

WOMEN ASKED TO CO-OPERATE

The women of Georgia interested in rural life and development have been invited by the advanced promoters of agricultural development in Georgia and those directly interested in the Corn Show to co-operate in this movement of the model rural home and to assist in making the exhibit not only a practical but inspiring success. A committee of these will be named to act directly in the matter and to interest women-at-large in the enterprise.

Plans will be submitted for the home, and these will be passed upon not only by the builders and architects to be named, but by those who may be called sanitary inspectors in the matter of buildings, and by the committee of Georgia women who will be allowed to emerge from their homes and look into the matter of bettering them, and thus make of themselves the more worthy individuals.

HAND-WOVEN RUGS

In this model home should be shown the hand-woven rugs and curtain for which a number of industrious Georgia women are celebrated. Bedspreads of the prettiest kind can be shown, and the furniture should be made by the students of the Georgia schools which, if they are giving the right kind of training, can produce many specimens of household furnishing.

The interior decorating can be designed by students of the state institutions where that should be taught, and in the matter of domestic science as seen in canned goods, preserves, jellies and pickles, there will be no lack in the model home.

WOMAN'S CAMPAIGN FOR GOOD HEALTH

Editor Woman's Department: What have the Federated Women's Clubs of Georgia done toward bettering health conditions in Georgia?

A SUBSCRIBER.

During the last year, the health committees in the various Federated Clubs of Georgia investigated and did their part toward working out the problematic phases of

1. Infant mortality, cause and prevention: Showing 65 per cent under one year preventable.
2. School child: Child labor, compulsory education, physical examination, drinking cups, school lunches.
3. Young woman: In shop, factory, office.
4. Mothers' meetings: How to feed, clothe and house a family.
5. Home economics: Dairies, bakeries, markets, groceries, poultry, heat, ventilation and food values.
6. Welfare work: (Social service.)
7. District nursing.
8. Tuberculosis.
9. Spitting: Cars stores, office, street corners.
10. Abatement of smoke nuisance.
11. Back door brigade: Garbage cans, side streets, out-houses.
12. Flies, mosquitoes and other insects: Relation to public health.

What Atlanta Women Did.

What the Atlanta women did toward bettering health conditions was to hold a series of open meetings under the auspices of the Fulton County Medical Society and the Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs, when the following subjects were discussed and the following people participated:

December 3.—1. Infant Mortality—Cause and Prevention.—Dr. Charles Boynton. Discussion: Dr. Fred Hodgson, Mrs. Warren Boyd, Mrs. James R. Little, Mrs. Walter B. Hill. 2. School Child—Food and hygiene.—Dr. Stewart Roberts. Discussion: Dr. R. R. Daly, Mrs. J. K. Ottley, Mrs. William C. Spiker, Mrs. Fred Hodgson.

January 1.—1. Relation of Food to Good Health.—Dr. Lewis Gaines. Discussion: Dr. S. A. Visanska, Mrs. Robert Zahner, Dr. Mary F. Sweet.

February 2.—Food Values—Care of food in market and home.—Dr. George M. Niles. Discussion: Dr. E. G. Ballenger, Mrs. Burton Smith, Miss Gertrude Guerard, Mrs. Bolling Jones.

March 1.—Flies, Mosquitoes and Other Insects—Relation to Public Health.—Dr. Claude Smith. Discussion: Dr. Edgar Paullin, Dr. Katharine Collins, Mrs. Annie T. Wise.

April—Open Air Treatment—Nursery, School Room, Sick Room.—Dr. Cyrus Strickler. Discussion: Dr. H. F. Harris, Mrs. Alexander Sterling, Miss Rose Law.

May 2.—Sanitary and Moral Prophylaxis.—Dr. Archibald Smith. Discussion: Dr. R. R. Kime, Mrs. Hamilton Douglas, Mrs. Julian Harris.

LONDON MILLINERY

For the autumn, there is very little showing at present, but I find the leading houses are practically unanimous on one or two items. The first is in regard to soft finished Austrian velours in fine qualities, for small hats, that is to say for toques and turbans. I do not think they will be much used for the large brim hats.

Beavers are spoken of and manufacturers have received orders sufficient to keep them going for several months. These are shown both in large and small shapes, mostly in black; where colors are shown they are generally with black underbrims. For the best West End trade, the large shapes are expected to go mostly in hatters' plush, corded silk and velvet, and there is a new bright finish material made in imitation of a terry velvet which is considered very good. Rough finish felts, are shown for the "ready-to-wear" type of hat, but up to the present I have seen very few plain felts.

In ornaments I have seen some very effective things in colored beads on a groundwork of gold or oxidized silver; these are shown in large fan or wing effects and also in large flat cabochons. Colored beads on black chenille make a very effective trimming. It is shown in bands about four to six inches broad.

Another trimming shown me is a mixture of black chenille and colored wool. It is heavy looking and not altogether pretty, but being new it may sell.

In feathers, high mounts and long plumes in soft effects, such as hackle, coque, osprey, etc., are likely to be good. Ostrich will be very strong, and large wings are thought well of.

It is too early to say anything of colors yet, but there is a new shade out which will probably have an effect on the general tone. It is an Egyptian gold, or bronze gold, and it is suggested that a range of browns and greens, all with the bronze gold tone, will be useful. I shall be able to say more about this in a month's time.—The Millinery Trade Review.

UGLY GIRL PAPERS

"The girl who sits near me at the hotel table tries my eyes with her thin, curious features, her pale, frizzed hair, that makes her face more peaked than it is, and her oversized skirts. She ought not to wear those light dresses, for she has no color, and her thin complexion is not even clear. She has that difficult figure to dispose of, which is at once girlish and tall, without seeming so. A trained dress would make her look lean, so she should dispense with a large tournure, and let her dresses brush the floor a few inches, wearing as many small flounces below the knee as fashion and sense allow. If her mother, who is rather a strict lady, would insist on having the girl's dresses made with puffed waists, or loose blouses of thick linen, instead of the Victoria lawns that iron so flat, and show the poor shoulder-blades frightfully, the effect would be rather delightful. She ought to wear puffed grenadines and tenos of maroon, rosy lilac, or deep green—the first lighted with pale rosy bows at the throat and in the hair, the latter with light green and white, the lilac with periwinkle knots."

SUMMER DRINKS

By Mrs. Sarah Moore.

Ginger Ade.—Break one-fourth of an ounce of ginger root in small pieces, and boil for twenty minutes in one quart of water; add one scant cupful of sugar, and then take from fire. Mix with juice of two or three oranges and one lemon, strain and serve very cold.

English Cider Punch.—Put one wineglassful of sherry into a tumbler with a strip of orange peel, one teaspoonful of sugar, just a squeeze of lemon juice, one wineglassful of cider and a grating of nutmeg. Mix all thoroughly, add a lump of ice and serve.

Raspberry Glace.—Mash one quart of red raspberries, add half a cupful of pineapple juice or grated pineapple, one cupful of sugar and one cupful of water. Cook for ten minutes, remove from the fire, add the juice of one orange, the juice of one lemon, two cupfuls of water and more sugar if not sweet enough, and some fruit coloring to make it pink. Strain through a cheesecloth and when cold freeze as ice cream. Draw the mixture against the sides of the freezer, leaving a well in the center. Fill the center with plain vanilla ice cream or with the following mixture: Cook one-half a cupful of sugar and one-half a cupful of water until it spins a thread, add gradually to the stiffly beaten white of an egg. Beat until smooth, cool, flavor with vanilla and fold in a cupful of cream beaten until stiff and dry. The combination is delicious; or, if you prefer, the frozen raspberry mixture may be served alone as a sherbet.

FORTUNATE WINNERS OF SCHOLARSHIPS

One of the most interesting delegations of students at Harvard is the twenty from Pittsburg, and the story of their being here might offer valuable suggestion to any city which feels that generosity to municipal schools is extravagance.

They are the fortunate winners of twenty of the scholarships maintained by the annual interest ($12,000) on a fund of $250,000 and which was given anonymously for the purpose by a Pittsburg millionaire, supposed to be Frick. Each of the scholarship students is given a check to cover what is estimated to be his expenses, but he is told to call on the treasurer without hesitation should this amount prove insufficient.

Twenty of the students came to Harvard and are specializing here upon the branches which will do them the most good in their work in the public schools of Pittsburg. Twenty are taking a summer course at Columbia, twenty in Chicago and fifty at the State university in Pennsylvania, the scholarship fund providing for that many.

A luncheon in their honor was a "send-off" from the city before their departure from Pittsburg, and a similar entertainment has been planned to greet them on their return.

The one scholarship student in the small representation Atlanta has here is Miss Hattie Rainwater, the choice of the Girls' High School Alumnae Association, which this year inaugurated its plan of sending one of its members, who should also be a teacher in Atlanta's public schools, to any university she might choose for a summer course of study.

Some Amusements.

The southern students of the summer school organized last week for the purpose of getting better acquainted and encouraging an informal social life, not only among themselves, but the entire student body, which should be invited to their informal gatherings.

Lectures open to the entire school are given in the evenings once or twice a week, either by members of the faculty on their subjects or themes of universal interest, like "Historic Cambridge," or by interesting outsiders, as, for instance, Winston Churchill, who spoke recently on "Religion in America;" while readings by the professor of public speaking and expression are weekly events.

Excursions to the places of literary and historic interest in and around Boston are conducted once or twice a week, the last two including Lexington and Concord one day and "Whittierland" another. So the summer school is not all grind, but is all profitable.

Schools of Cambridge.

The city of Cambridge has not been content to sit and nod, educationally speaking, while the university does the work, nor is the Harvard "yard," as the campus is called, usurp all the pleasure-giving in the way of beauty. On the contrary, the school buildings here are some of the handsomest in the city, a conspicuous instance being the Manual Training school for advanced students, while one of the most attractive of the public squares (and there are several of them, all miniature parks) is surrounded on four sides by the high school, manual training school, one of the grammar schools and the public library.

SOCIETY

Borden Wheeler Notes.

The social activities at Borden Wheeler have been unusually pronounced during the past week. There have been bridge parties every morning, among the winners at which have been Mrs. M. S. Potter, of Atlanta, and Miss Katherine Lindsay, of Atlanta. Tennis and mountain climbing are indulged in during the afternoon, while music and dancing furnish the entertainment in the evening.

One of the most enjoyable affairs of the week was the tacky party dance which was held in the pavilion on Friday evening. The ladies' prize was awarded to Miss Walker Nemce, of Jackson, Tenn., and the gentleman's to Mr. J. B. Frost, of Atlanta, the judges being Mr. Jack Powell, of Newnan; Mr. J. T. Bradley, of Carrollton, and Mr. W. M. Weathers, of Atlanta.

Among the cottagers there are several house parties in progress. Miss Anna Murray, of Newnan, has as her guests, Misses Henrietta Strickland and Louise Graueld and Misses Lewis Lester and Bradley Davis, all of Newnan, and Mr. Cleve Simms, of Atlanta. Miss Helen Jones, of Cedartown, is entertaining Misses Loulie Ledbetter, Carro Dodd, Mamie Lou Dodd, Lena Burbank, Inita James and Mr. Gus Henderson, all of Cedartown, and Mrs. J. Paul Jones, of Atlanta. All of these parties report great times.

Among the recent arrivals at the hotels are: Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Potter, Atlanta, Mrs. S. W. Gaustee, Birmingham; Miss Amy Schaeffer, Birmingham; Mr. A. L. Guthman, Atlanta; Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Thomas, Fort Valley; Miss Maybelle Moses, Rome; Miss Julius, Columbus; Mr. J. L. Jones, Newnan; Mrs. J. P. Camp, Moreland; W. M. Trawich, Cedartown; R. F. Trusslow, Birmingham; J. T. Waldrop, Griffin; Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Almand, Atlanta; C. B. Wager, Carrollton; Mrs. R. F. Brannon, Moreland; W. Y. Collins, Cedartown; Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Powers, Franklin; Abial Winn, Valdosta; Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Brown, McDonough; Mrs. Alexander, McDonough; Mrs. Berta Farmer, Newnan; Mrs. A. M. Perkerson, Atlanta; Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Perkerson, Atlanta.

42 Club Entertained.

Mrs. Will Quarles entertained the Forty-Two Club Friday evening in honor of Miss Ann Johnson, of Rome. During the game delicious punch was served, followed by an ice course.

Those invited were: Misses Ann Johnston, Estelle Manning, Alma Gilbert, Lila Gilbert, Donna Lee Pace, Mary Rawls, Jessie Brown, Messrs. Frank Taylor, Clifford Bazemore, Hubert Manning, Leo Wynn, Sydney Pace, Mesdames W. A. Johnston, J. L. Pollock.

Allen-Brown.

Mr. Dan Brown, of Rochester, N. Y., and Mrs. E. G. Allen, of 107 Ivy street, Atlanta, were married July 15th at the Central Congregational Church by Rev. Frank L. Hayes, D. D.

SOCIAL ITEMS.

Misses Elizabeth and Gladys Dunson are being delightfully entertained as guests of Miss Mina Browne in Talladega, Ala. They will return home Thursday.

***

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Graves announce the birth of a son.

***

Mr. Helmer left last week for the north, where he will spend the summer.

***

Mrs. M. E. Peacock, secretary of the Tenth Ward Club, has returned from a pleasant visit to friends in Acworth.

***

Miss Belle Hitchcock is visiting relatives in Carrollton.

***

Mrs. Steinford, who has been ill at St. Joseph's Infirmary, is very much improved and has returned home.

***

Mrs. Alice Gresham is spending several weeks in Columbus.

***

Mrs. A. R. Griffin and niece, Miss Gladys Hooter, are spending a few days in Montgomery, where they are being delightfully entertained by Mrs. Walter Brooks. They will also visit the coast before returning to their home, near Brooklyn Heights.

***

Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Trippe and their daughter, Elsie, of West Harris street, left Friday evening for several weeks' sojourn at Tybee Island.

***

Mr. Zeno W. Whitney, of 64 Currier street, has been visiting relatives and friends in Macon, his former home for several days. He returns home rietta, were guests of their sister, Mrs. M. A. Truman, to be his family's guest for several days.

***

Mrs. Gus Nelson, of Knoxville, Tenn., and Mrs. Mike Moore, of Marietta, were guests of their sister, rMs. Joe J. Spencer, at 219 South Forsyth street, on Friday.

***

Mrs. Joe J. Spencer will spend several days next week at the home of her sister, Mrs. Mike Moore, in Marietta.

***

Mrs. Mike Moore has been entertaining a number of guests at her home in Marietta for the past few days. Among them were Mr. and Mrs. Frank Venable, Miss Grace Venable and Miss Theodore Fleisch, of Elodrado, Ark.; Mrs. George James, of Atlanta, and Mrs. Gus Nelson and three children, Mabel, John Victor and Eloise Nelson, of Knoxville, Tenn.

***

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Beeman, of Atlanta, are among the Atlanta people at Borden Wheeler this week.

***

Mr. J. W. Austin is among the Atlanta people at Borden Wheeler.

***

Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Potter are among the Atlanta people at Borden Wheeler Springs.

***

Mr. and Mrs. M. W. Almand are among the Atlanta people at Borden Wheeler Springs.

***

Miss Annie Griffin, Miss Mamie Head, Miss Maude Hudson and Miss May Hudson left last Wednesday to join Mr. and Mrs. Edward L. Winn for a two-weeks' stay at St. Simons Island.

***

Mrs. Joseph W. Blosser and her daughters, the Misses Angie and Linnie Blosser, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Porter, Mr. H. B. Jackson and Mr. Albert Boyleston, all of Atlanta, are now having a very enjoyable stay at the Balsam Hotel, Balsam, N. C.

VACATION GLASSES

For the seashore or mountains, at John L. Moore & Sons in soft tints to protect your eyes from the glare of the sun. 42 North Broad street, Grant building.

SUNDAY GOOD DAY FOR THE FARMER

Atlanta Was Given All the Rain That Could Be Asked.

If Atlanta has not had enough rain in the past thirty-six hours she never will.

Just how many inches have fallen in the past thirty-six hours can not be told at the present time, as the weather bureau was closed on Sunday.

For over an hour Sunday night, between 8 and 9 o'clock, the bottom seemed to have dropped out. The rain came down in sheets and the streets were running rivers. All during the downpour the lightning flashed in blinding streaks, but no damage was reported.

Toward 10 o'clock the rain slacked up to a drizzle, which continued for an hour or more.

Saturday night there was another big rain at practically the same hour as that of Sunday.

Present indications point to more rain for today.

Violent showers are reported by passengers coming in on trains last night. The Seaboard Air Line train from Birmingham encountered rain at Borden and it continued until Atlanta was reached. The lights on the engine went out and the engineer brought the train in on sheer nerve.

The Southern from Birmingham due at 10:45 o'clock was marked up 35 minutes late. All other trains entering the Terminal Station were on time.

POSTAL SAVINGS BANKS FOR THE GREAT CITIES

Hitchcock Orders Depositories Opened in New York, Chicago, Boston and St. Louis.

Washington, July 16.—Postmaster General Hitchcock today designated the main postoffices in the cities of New York, Chicago, Boston and St. Louis as postal savings depositories. They will begin to receive deposits on August 1.

Having installed successfully more than a thousand postal savings banks in second-class postoffices. Mr. Hitchcock decided to extend it to some of the first-class offices immediately. The four cities were named because of their great population and commercial prominence, and because in each one is located a United States subtreasury, which will facilitate the heavy banking business that is likely to result from postal savings transactions.

As in the smaller cities, the system probably will be popular with the foreign-born residents, many of whom now send their surplus savings to their home countries. From New York city alone, last year, the money orders sent abroad by foreign-born residents aggregated $9,000,000.

LAGRANGE, GA.

Society in this city spent practically the entire week at the chautauqua, which, despite rains on Wednesday and Thursday nights, was a big success. Many parties were organized during the week for attendance at the different entertainments, and many visiting guests in local homes were given diversion in this manner. The big drawing cards of the week have been the Wilbur Starr Quartette, the Bland Orchestra, Mrs. William Calvin Chilton and Miss Evelyn Bargelt. All the entertainments, however, have been quite satisfactory, but rains have interfered with their enjoyment considerably.

Mrs. C. M. Awtrey, of Main street, charmingly entertained the Bridge Club on Wednesday. Six tables were played, and over twenty members and guests were present. Miss Mary Nix won first prize, a pair of silk hose.

Headed by Mr. George Crossley, the young men of the city complimented the young ladies with a dance Thursday night at which Bland's orchestra gave the music. Elks' hall was the place, and about twenty-five couples participated.

Mrs. Ely R. Callaway, of McLendon avenue, entertained for the pleasure of Mrs. Ben Thompson, of Madison; Mrs. Thorp Baldwin, of Conyers, and Miss Blossom Davis, of Perry, Ga., on Friday afternoon. Dominoes were played, and some fifty guests were entertained.

Mrs. G. M. Traylor and daughters, of Atlanta, were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. V. Truitt, in Main street, during the past week.

Mrs. D. A. Lemon, of Hill street, on Saturday morning, for the pleasure of some twenty-odd guests, entertained at dominoes. Mrs. Thompson, of Madison, and Mrs. Baldwin, of Conyers, Ga., were among the guests.

At the home of Mrs. J. F. Pike, Hill street, a house party has been held for the past week for the entertainment of Miss Russell, of Hogansville, Miss Mann, of Newnan, and Miss Britton, of Columbus.

Mrs. M. F. McLendon, on Thursday, entertained at dinner for Miss Nell Bunnell, soloist at the chautauqua.

EVERHART-VAN WORMER.

Waycross, July 16.—(Special.)—Announcements have been received by friends in Waycross of the marriage of Miss Elfrida Everhart to Mr. Ralph Brainard VanWormer, which was solemnized at the home of the bride's parents in Atlanta on Friday evening. Mr. and Mrs. VanWormer are spending some time at the north on their wedding trip and are expected in Waycross in about ten days. The bride is the daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Edgar Everhart, of Atlanta, and is said to be a most accomplished young lady. The groom holds the important position of chief electrical engineer for the Coast Line.

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DAILY FASHION HINTS



AN EXAGGERATED FORM OF THE "PEASANT" FROCK.

Nothing could be more simple than the lines of this costume, an extreme expression of the straight peasant type. If the color, as well as the style were simple, the little costume would be absolutely monotonous, but the frock is made of flame-red chiffon mounted over satin of the same shade; the huge reticule is embroidered with gold, and the white and red straw hat is trimmed with brilliant red coque feathers. The fichu-collar of white fillet lace, caught at the bust with a black silk rose, offers a sharp note of contrast.

GREAT NORTH GEORGIA HIGHWAY WILL FULFILL AUTOISTS' DREAM

Cartersville, Ga., July 16.—(Special.) Breakfast in Chattanooga and lunch in Atlanta, after a delightful automobile drive over the most wonderfully historic and beautiful boulevard in the world, is what will be done by thousands of tourists when the 50-foot highway that is now being contemplated over the route of the famous march of Johnston and Sherman is completed.

The first official step that has yet been taken toward the actual construction of Bartow county's part of the boulevard was made yesterday afternoon, when Secretary W. Hampton Field, of the Battlefields Route Association, took County Commissioners Gilreath and Veach with Knox Thomas, a contracting engineer of Atlanta, and drove them over the route from the southern to the northern boundry of Bartow county in his new Thomas "30."

Upon returning to the city all the gentlemen were highly enthusiastic over what had been told them by the engineer regarding the possibilities of the proposed highway. He declared that with the present foundation the proposed boulevard could be constructed with comparatively little expense to the county, and that when the grades were reduced, the right-of-way widened and the dips and hills leveled, placing concrete culverts and bridges where needed, it would be without exception the most magnificent driveway in the world. Not only will it be one of the smoothest and widest drives in the country, traversing as beautiful country as can be found in America, but with its great historic importance combined with its sentiment, scenic beauty and commercial advantages, it will be one of the most wonderful roadways of its length to be found on the globe.

Said Mr. Thomas, "I have been over some of the finest roads in the world, and have had my part in the construction of many of them, but I can say with candor, that nowhere a more monderfully beautiful boulevard can be constructed than through the heart of beautiful north Georgia. This roadway should be built to a very low minimum grade, should be at least fifty feet wide, and all the culverts and bridges should be constructed with an eye to beauty as well as safety and utility. An average speed of more than thirty miles per hour could be maintained easily on such a road built on the present foundation that we covered today, and it will not be a difficult matter for one to start from Chattanooga after a late breakfast and drive through to the Gate City for lunch. You will see this within a short time, too," said he.

The peculiar advantage of having stone for macadamizing, sand for concrete work and cement and lime stone in profusion, scattered along the route from one end to the other will, of course, greatly aid in the construction of the highway, and will wonderfully reduce the expense of construction.

Good Appearances At A Small Cost

"TRIOCLEANSE" at the "TRIO" keeps your clothes clean, fresh and beautifully pressed. Keeps you looking *prosperous* for a *small* price--preserves your clothes--promotes your self-assurance--keeps you "sized up" as a citizen of circumstance. Charges but a trifle.

Trio Laundry & Cleaning Co.
Both Phones "TRY THE TRIO" *Swift Service*

Buffalo Lithia Springs Hotel
OPEN JUNE 15th TO SEPTEMBER 30th ONLY
The buildings are on the cottage plan and are sufficient for the comfortable accommodation of two hundred and fifty persons. No malaria. No mosquitoes.
Buffalo Lithia Springs are located in Mecklenburg County, Virginia, in the "Buffalo Hills," 500 feet above the level of the sea, and are reached from all directions over the Norfolk Division of the Southern Railway.
This water is prescribed in all Uric Acid Conditions, Gout, Rheumatism, Calculi of the Kidney and Bladder, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Gastro-Intestinal Disorders, Neuralgias, etc.
For full information and pamphlet of Medical Opinions and Clinical Reports write to
BUFFALO LITHIA SPRINGS WATER CO.
BUFFALO LITHIA SPRINGS, VIRGINIA.

PASTEURINE



Nothing But a Little Cut!
Maybe so, but many a bad case of blood poisoning got its start from "nothing but a little cut."
Take no chances. Disinfect it at once with
Pasteurine
and stop trouble before it has a chance to start. Have a bottle ready, and don't be ashamed to use it on even the tiniest scratch, for you never can tell.
Pasteurine
is a sure antiseptic and germicide, healing, soothing, quiet in action.
Get a bottle today—*now*. Your druggist has it, in 25c and $1 bottles.
JNO. T. MILLIKEN & CO., St. Louis, U. S. A.
MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS.
FREE: Sample tube of Pasteurine Tooth Paste, enough to last for weeks. Send 4c to cover postage and packing.

FIFTH REGIMENT HAS GOOD TRIP

Men and Equipment Reach St. Simons in Fine Shape.

Work of Establishing Camp Carried Forward With Dispatch---In Camp There Are 550 Men and Officers---Camp Site Is Ideal.

Brunswick, Ga., July 16.—(Special.)—The Fifth regiment infantry, National Guard of Georgia, arrived here this morning, and immediately left for St. Simons Island, where they go to spend a week in camp.

The boys reached here in fine shape. Everything connected with the moving of the camp has gone on in good shape, and all of the work of establishing the camp has continued without a hitch.

The first section of the special train arrived over the Southern at 4:30 o'clock. The men were detained and lined up for hot coffee and sandwiches. Everybody was pleased with the trip and in the best of spirits, having had as much rest as possible under the circumstances. Many of the boys said it was the best trip they have ever had in going to the different encampments.

The train was switched to a point near the wharves, and as soon as lunch was had, the work of removing the baggage from the train was begun. The men work liked regulars, everything going off like clock work, and at 6:15 every piece of baggage was on the lighter.

The soldiers arriving on the first section of train left for St. Simons by the way of the steamer Attaquin, arriving at the island at 7:30. The second section of the train arrived here at 8:15. The soldiers detrained, the baggage removed to the lighters and the men were on board the steamer Attaquin before 9:30.

The second section arrived at the island at 10:30 this morning.

550 Men and Officers.

The lighters with the baggage and camping outfits were towed to the island by the steamer Rambler. Arriving there at 11 o'clock they were beached and immediately the work of transferring the property from the lighter to the camp grounds, a distance of 100 yards, was begun. There were a dozen drays held in readiness and they were pulled up alongside the lighters as soon as they were beached, and the work was under way in just a few minutes.

In the camp tonight there are 550 men and officers. In the first section there were companies A, B, C, D, K, L and M, of Atlanta; in the second section there were Companies L, of Lindale; F, of Marietta; G, of Cedartown; H, of Winder, and I of Elberton. Besides these there are companies' headquarters and Fifth regiment band and hospital corps.

All the officers are well pleased with the camp site, the progress made today, the first day of the encampment, and freely predict one of the most successful ever held by the regiment.

FOOTE & DAVIES CO.
6 N. Broad St.
Phone Main 61.

NAVAL MILITIA IN MIMIC WAR

Preparations for a Sea Attack on New York City Completed.

New York, July 16.—With the embarkation of approximately 8,000 landsmen—tars comprising the naval militia of nine states and the District of Columbia and the departure of a fleet of seventeen battleships and auxiliaries to a point 200 miles off Sandy Hook, preparations for the naval attack on the city of New York by way of Long Island sound, New York's "back door," were completed today.

The defending force, consisting of the flotilla of the navy's fleetest torpedo boats and most modern submarines, is in readiness to repulse the invaders. The battle will be fought in the vicinity of Gardiner's Bay at the eastern extremity of Long Island some time between midnight, July 18, and midnight July 20.

It has been the contention of many naval experts that it is impossible for a powerful fleet to reach New York by way of the eastern end of Long Island and the "battle of Gardiner's Bay" will therefore be watched with great interest. Conditions of actual naval warfare will be closely simulated.

The enemy, officially designated as the "blue fleet," is in command of Rear Admiral Hugo Osterhaus, the new commander-in-chief of the Atlantic fleet. Defending the city will be the "red fleet," under command of Commander C. E. Eberle. The land defense will participate. The war game will last two days and two nights. The battleship Connecticut will be Admiral Osterhaus' flagship, and the cruiser Dixie, Commander Eberle's.

The naval militia participating in the maneuvers are from New York, Massachusetts, Maine, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New Jersey, Maryland, South Carolina, Pennsylvania and the District of Columbia.

POSTAL SAVINGS BANK IS OPENED AT GRIFFIN

Twelfth Bank Started in Georgia---Is Doing a Good Business.

Griffin, Ga., July 16.—(Special.)—A postal savings bank, under the regulations and provisions of the United States government, was opened at the local postoffice on the fifteenth of July, and is doing a good business from the start. It is under the supervision of Postmaster R. L. Williams and Clerk I. W. McLeroy. Deposits draw two per cent interest if kept a certain time. No one person can deposit more than $100 in any one day and $500 is the limit. Postmaster Williams says that this is the twelfth postal savings bank to be started in Georgia, but before a great while, in his opinion, every second-class office in the state will have one.

IN CENTER OF CITY WHERE NEGRO HOUSES STOOD BIG IMPROVEMENTS WILL BE MADE



Photo by Francis E. Price, Staff Photographer.

Priceless property in the heart of Atlanta's business center which, for many years, has harbored a mass of negro shacks, hidden from view by houses on four sides of block. Improvements will be made shortly. This property is on North Forsyth, between Poplar and Luckie.

Situated right in the heart of the city's greatest activity, hemmed in by tall buildings on all sides, there has for years and years been tucked away a little group of negro hovels that stood on ground which is worth a fortune.

The casual pedestrian on North Forsyth street between Poplar and Luckie streets, would never have suspected the presence of those sordid looking little shacks, from whose tumbled down chimneys thin threads of blue smoke curled lazily upward day in and day out for close onto half a century. They formed an isolated negro colony within a stone's throw of the handsome new postoffice on the one side, and the picturesque Forsyth building on the other. An alley which extended from Poplar to Luckie street gave access to these grimy relics of the past, but few white persons ever found occasion to use it. From the postoffice, the Forsyth, the A., B. and A and the Walton buildings, one could get a good bird's-eye-view of this clutter of shacks. Few, however, viewed them with more than passing interest.

In one of the tiny cabins there lived, until a few days ago, an old negro mammy whose home it had been for years. She had a rare collection of rabbits and pigeons and dogs of doubtful ancestry and usefulness. Aunt Emma is her name. For years she eked out a living taking in washing. In her cabin with her lived her small grandson and a sturdy little white boy of about four years of age, whom she was caring for.

A few days ago the work of demolition began and the gaunt specter-like chimneys are all that remain. Aunt Emma and the boys have vanished—where no one seems to know.

In a short time the entire block will be improved with just what time alone will tell, for the several owners have given out no details. Among them, however, will be the new hotel, which J. B. Pound, of Chattanooga, will build.

"HAND OF GOD AS SEEN IN WORK OF THE RIPPER"

Rev. H. H. Proctor, D.D., pastor of the First Congregational church, colored, preached yesterday to a large audience of representative colored people on "The Hand of God as Seen in the Work of Jack the Ripper." He chose for his text Daniel v:5, "In the same hour came forth the fingers of a man's hand, and wrote over against the candlestick upon the plaster of the wall."

After reading the list of seventeen negro women who have been found murdered in this community within the last two years, he said, among other things:

See the Hand of God.

When in a community of this size seventeen women can be murdered within two years, manifestly there are some things out of joint. In this crisis he cannot lay claim to vision who does not see the hand of God pointing to the sins and duties of this community.

"Let us be plain and frank. I believe these murderers are black men. The circumstances point that way. While many of the murdered women were hard-working and industrious, investigation shows that some of them were not what they ought to have been. This trouble, then, arises from the bad people of our race. But why do these bad people exist?

"In the first place, there is too much lawlessness in our community. Lawlessness begets lawlessness. The colored people are imitative, and especially quick to catch on to the faults of those above them. There are too many places of evil permitted in this community. Every blind tiger, gambling den and house of evil should be shut up. Near-beer saloons have no rightful place in a prohibition state like Georgia. The abolition of the saloon was one of the best blessings that ever came to our people.

Sins of Colored People.

"But this bloody hand points to the sins of the colored people themselves. Our churches are doing good work, but they are not doing enough. They do not sufficiently relate their efforts to actual life. They have been getting people ready to die when they should have been preparing them to live. The best preparation for the next world is to live right in this. Our churches are not progressive enough. Shut up six days in the week, the people pass by them on to the places prepared for them. The places for evil are never shut.

"Our good people are under the bondage of a narrow theology. Each man is bent on saving his own soul. The only way to save one's soul is by saving the soul of another.

"Decatur street is a reproach to our churches in this city. If each member of our churches would go down to that street and save one if its habitues it would be better than all our praying and singing.

Work of Uplift.

"In our work in this institutional church, open as it is, night and day, endeavoring to work for the upliftment of the whole man, body, mind and soul, seeking to save the rich and poor, working in back alley, slum and prison, we make a peculiar appeal to the best people to work for the upliftment of the lowest. Fidelity to the post of work in a church like this has a peculiar effect in creating those conditions that make the work of a Jack the Ripper impossible."

MANSION LOTS OFFERED FULTON REPRESENTATIVES

Not satisfied with the report of the legislative committee which will recommend a site for the governor's mansion in Druid Hills, W. R. Respass, Atlanta real estate man, has directed a letter to the Fulton representatives. George Westmoreland, Walter McElreath and Dr. George Brown, and to Senator John M. Slaton, calling attention to the property he offered—two acres of land, Nos. 442, 444 and 450 Peachtree street. This land he offered, according to his letter at about $600 per front foot. He says it will be worth $1,000 should it be decided to erect a mansion there.

Another valuable site is that of No. 189 Washington street, the old Julius Brown home. E. B. Thomas, real estate man, says he offered this property for $50,000. He states in his letter to the chairman of the mansion committee, that the property is very valuable, and that the residence cost $80,000 when built in 1882.

OFFICER AND FUGITIVE IN DUEL TO DEATH

Convict McCarthy Killed After Putting Four Bullets in Officer Ollinger.

Minneapolis, Minn., July 16.—In a desperate encounter early today between officer and fugitive, Jerry McCarthy, a convict who escaped from the Minnesota penitentiary last March, was shot and killed, and Patrolman Ollinger received four bullets which caused his death twenty minutes later.

Ollinger, early today spied McCarthy near the rear entrance of a drug store. He stationed himself inside with the proprietor, and a few minutes later heard the noise expected—some one trying the door.

"I know who that fellow is," cried Ollinger, as he ran to the rear door. "He's a bad man, and I'm going to get him or he's going to get me."

Ollinger flung open the door and confronted McCarthy with his pistol. The shots rang out almost simultaneously, and both men fell riddled with bullets.

RECIPROCITY FOUGHT BY ONTARIO PREMIER

Whitney Says Taft Has Furnished Three Reasons for Rejecting Agreement.

New York, July 16.—"I am and always have been opposed to reciprocity and I am sanguine that when the people of Canada look carefully into the matter they will oppose it."

So said the Hon. James Pliney Whitney, prime minister of the province of Ontario who arrived here today homeward bound from the coronation.

Sir James expressed great admiration for President Taft, but declared that the president himself had furnished three reasons for rejecting the agreement. These he said are:

"That Canada has now come to the parting of the ways; that she must either seek to bind herself more closely to the mother country or—" here Sir James smiled and declined to finish the sentence. Secondly, the United States would never get another opportunity to negative the effort to knit more closely the relations of Canada and England, and, thirdly, the American farmer would sell more produce with reciprocity than without it.

TRAINING GUNS ON NEAR BEER

Committee to Consider Tippins Bill This Week.

Measure Allows Only One-Half Per Cent of Alcohol in Drinks Sold in Georgia---Opposition by Doctors, Who Say Some Medicines Will Be Barred.

Prohibition, as exemplified in an attempt to down "near-beer," will be before the legislature within the next few days. Chairman Hatton Lovejoy of the temperance committee of the house has announced that he will call a meeting of his committee for some day this week for the purpose of giving a full hearing on the Tippins bill. This measure proposes to make unlawful the sale of any stimulant or beverage that contains more than one-half of one per cent of alcohol. It is the proposition upon which the sole fight over the liquor question will be made at the present session of the general assembly.

Mr. Tippins' bill which is said to have the approval of the Anti-saloon League and the prohibitionists, was called up in committee Friday afternoon. Owing to a small attendance of the members and the inability of many interested persons to appear it went over to this week when it will be set for special order.

Object to Features.

At the meeting Friday Dr. W. S. Elkin, chairman of the executive committee of the Georgia Pharmaceutical Association, with several other local druggists, appeared to register an objection to some features of the bill as drawn at present.

The bill stipulates that not only shall beverages containing more than one-half per cent of alcohol be placed under the ban, but also all drugs and patent medicines that are capable of being used as stimulating beverages which contain that much of the ingredients also.

The druggists aver that such a law will make it criminal for them to sell numerous drugs that are recognized by the standard pharmacoepoeas. They state that numerous tinctures, absolutely necessary in the filling of physicians' prescriptions, contain from ten to seventy-five per cent of alcohol.

"We are not interested in the prohibition feature of the bill," said Dr. Elkin. "So far as it relates to near-beer or whiskey we are not concerned and will make no fight on it. But as it stands at present, we must object as a protection to our business and for the sake of the public. We will ask that it be amended so as to except doctors' prescriptions, legitimate proprietary medicines and such drugs as are recognized by the United States Pharmacoepoea and other authorities of that kind. If such a provision is not attached, we will not be able to fill a large number of prescriptions written by physicians, for it will make it unlawful for us to keep for sale a large number of drugs necessary in the treatment of diseases."

His committee has prepared such an amendment and will offer it to the committee.

Time for a Probe.

The resolution calling for an investigation of the state agricultural department will be before the senate this week, and there is little question about it being adopted. As soon as it receives the approval of the governor, the committee called for therein will be appointed and the investigation started.

If it is put through the usual course without delay, plenty of time will be afforded for a thorough inquiry into the operations of the agricultural department. It is probable that the committee will take the work up in detail and make a report on needed changes before the present session adjourns.

KNIGHTS OF MACCABEES IN GRAND ENCAMPMENT

Forty-Three Divisions and 11 States Represented at Cleveland.

Cleveland, July 16.—In falling rain Camp Cleveland of the national encampment of the uniform rank of the Knights of the Maccabees, was formally opened here in Edgewater Park this afternoon, with about 1,500 uniformed knights present, representing forty-three divisions and eleven states.

The encampment is being held in conjunction with the quadrennial review of the supreme tent, the legislative body of the knights. The supreme tent will begin its sessions next Tuesday. In addition, the supreme hive, Ladies of the Maccabees, now in session at Atlantic City, will adjourn there Monday, and come to Cleveland in a special train to take part in the social and business features of the convention.

An important matter to come before the supreme tent is the plan for three big homes and sanitariums for members of the order. It favorably acted on the first institution will probably be located in or near Cleveland and built at a cost of from $200,000 to $500,000.

KILLING OF GERMANS TO BE INVESTIGATED

The Kaiser's Minister Is Gathering Evidence at Puebla, Mexico.

Puebla, Mexico, July 16.—For the purpose of investigating the killing of the four Germans at the Covadonga factory last week during the fight between Maderistas and rurales, Admiral Paul Von Hinsze, the German minister, arrived here today. With the German consul he called on Governor Canete and was visited by Francisco I. Madero. The local authorities profess to be doing all that is possible to locate the guilty parties.

If the plans of Madero and Dr. Vasquez Gomez are successfully carried out, there will soon be hundreds of former revolutionary soldiers looking for work. It is proposed to begin the work of mustering out the troops here tomorrow. The best men will be retained and placed in the corps of rurales, and as such, assigned to duty as uards for factories and other individual concerns in conformity with Madero's promises to give all possible guarantees to employees. It is estimated that there are 3,000 Maderist troops in Puebla under arms, but there are less than 1,000 in the city. Whether Madero will continue his journey to Tehuacan tomorrow depends upon his success in mustering out the troops. He hopes to leave Puebla Monday afternoon. From Tehuacan, after a visit of some weeks, he will go to Yucatan.

Some slight disturbance occurred today at San Martin, but its importance is minimized at Madero headquarters. It was of sufficient importance, however, to warrant the sending of a small force of Maderistas there to restore order.

Soldier Killed by Train.

El Paso, Texas, July 16.—While asleep on the track of the Texas and Pacific railroad here, Private James C. Swann and Frank Rigsbee, Twenty-third United States infantry, were struck by a freight train this morning. Swann was instantly killed and Rigsbee was badly injured. Both men enlisted in the army from North Carolina.

Chambers Back in City.

Motgomery, Ala., July 16.—(Special.)—Robert W. Chambers, one time president of the Montgomery Baseball Association, president of the State Fair, and general manager of the Montgomery Light and Water Power Company, has returned to Montgomery with his family from Jacksonville, Fla., where they spent the winter. Mr. Chambers expects to remain in Montgomery.



Are you one of the 130,000

people who annually hie to this place of health to receive the healing benefits of the half a hundred thermal Springs—so wonderful in their cures that the *National Government* has set them apart and now supervises their use. Have you ridden into the mountain heights on the splendid Government drives—played golf on the perfect links, joined the throngs at the race course or become a part of the pleasure parties at the magnificent hotels? Come *now*—the weather is wonderfully to your liking. The

Frisco Lines

offer you a quick *direct* trip of thorough comfort to Hot springs, via Birmingham and Memphis. A splendid train leaves Atlanta at 6:20 a. m. Birmingham 12:20 p. m. and reaches Memphis 8:05 p. m. same day. Another through train leaves Atlanta 4:00 p. m. Birmingham 10:30 p. m. and reaches Memphis 7:30 next morning—making good connections in Memphis for the short ride to Hot Springs.

Electric lighted equipment

of modern chair cars, dining cars, Fred Harvey meals, and finest drawing room sleepers. Through sleepers Atlanta to Memphis, and Memphis to Hot Springs.

Let me send you more information about Hot Springs, its splendid hotels, healing waters, pleasures, etc. I will also tell you cost of ticket and make up a complete schedule. Write today.

A. P. MATTHEWS, District Passenger Agent
6 North Pryor St., Atlanta, Ga.

FRISCO LINES

"DIVORCE-BROKEN HOMES TRAGEDY OF OUR LIFE"

---Dr. Dunbar Ogden

The divorce problem in America was the subject of a stirring sermon last night by Dr. Dunbar Ogden, pastor of the Central Presbyterian church, in which he declared that the tragedy of our life today are the broken homes lying back of the divorces; that the easy laws on divorce, especially those of force in Georgia, are a menace instead of a protection to society; that the sanctity of the marriage relation is the basis of civilization; and that the violator of this relation is guilty of the highest treason.

"Is it lawful for a man to put away his wife for every cause?" was the text, it being the question asked Christ by the Pharisees, who were seeking to test and ensnare Him, in the midst of a people whose divorce laws were even looser than some upon the statute books of various states in this nation.

"There was no compromise in Christ's answer," said Dr. Ogden. "He told the Pharisees that from the beginning God had made husband and wife of one flesh, and that whom God had joined together, 'Let no man put asunder. The only condition upon which a man might put away his wife, said Christ, was moral faithlessness.

"What would Judge Nisbet, the famous Georgia jurist, who deplored the increase of divorces in 1847, have to say with regard to present conditions?

"Let us look at a few statistics. In 1800 the average was four divorces per year in Georgia. In 1835 it was 28 per year. During the period of forty years prior to 1906, 1,291 divorces were granted in Fulton county alone. In the first half of that period there were 238; in the last half, 1,053. During the same period there were granted in the state of Georgia, 14,360 divorces. Here the proportion showing the appalling growth is equally as great. In the first half of the period there were only 3,959 divorces, in the last half 10,401. Look at the problem from the larger viewpoint of the nation. In the United States during the period I mention, 1,274,341 divorces were granted. In the first half of the period there were 328,716, in the last half 945,625.

"If there is not something significant and appalling in these statistics, then figures fail to force upon us the vital seriousness of this problem. Beginning with our county, then with our state, and finally from the national standpoint, the growth of the evil is overwhelmingly proportionate as we approach nearer and nearer to the present. It ought to startle every thinking and right-minded man and woman in America.

"The proposed changes in Georgia divorce laws proposed by Judge Ellis, of Atlanta, are wise and good," said Dr. Ogden, "and if enacted will strike at the root of much of the evil."

INCUBATING

Thermometers, dairy hydrometers, oil tests, etc., at John L. Moore & Sons, 42 North Broad street, Grant building.

ECONOMIC REVOLUTION HAS BEGUN IN MEXICO

Mexico City, July 16.—That Madero's economic revolution should be inaugurated so soon after the termination of the revolt led by Francisco I. Madero was no surprise to those who have watched the rapid development of the national spirit of progress. Neither Madero nor De la Barra has displayed any pessimism because of scores of strikes from one end of the republic to another.

There is an element which professes to see in the rising of the laboring class signs of anarchy, but the more conservative express satisfaction. They say that the country requires a new standard of wages and the working classes have adopted the most efficacious means of establishing it.

In a majority of cases the wage earners have been successful, and throughout the country their influence has been felt. The government has in many cases vountarly raised the wages of those employed on public works.

Ten years ago 25 cents gold a day was considered a fair wage for a common day laborer. Gradually this was increased to 35 or 40 cents, and even now it will not be necessary to pay more than 50 or 60 cents a day. The wages paid for skilled labor are in proportion.

Mexico's most notorious slum district is likely to disappear. Colonia de la Belsa has retained for centuries a most unsavory reputation. It has been the residence of thieves and murderers, and its dirty winding streets and dilapidated buildings have long been a blemish on the capital. The department of gobernacion has announced that the work of straightening the streets, improving the sewerage system and beautifying the district generally will be adopted at once.

Editor Boyd Improves.

Griffin, Ga., July 16.—(Special.)—The many Atlanta friends of Hon. Joseph D. Body, as well as his friends throughout the state, will be glad to learn that he has returned from St. Joseph's infirmary, and that his condition is now much improved. He has been seriously ill, but is now able to sit up again, and with no backset will be out in the course of a short time. He is a former well-known member of the general assembly of Georgia, and is at present editor and proprietor of The Daily and Weekly News and Sun, of which the late Douglas Glessner was editor for many years before his death one year ago.

MUTT AND JEFF ESCAPADES RE-ENACTED IN MACON FIGHT

Macon, Ga., July 16.—(Special.)—The police and detectives are searching for the principals in a mysterious fight which took place late Saturday night near the corner of Third and Cherry streets.

According to by-standers, a big man and a little man, coming from opposite directions, met. The big man pounced upon the smaller, threw him to the ground, and pummelled him in the face. Finally, he took a pistol from the little man's pocket, with another revolver pointed at the latter's head all of the time.

The big one then remarked, as he arose and kicked the little man: "He has been laying for me for some time, but I won't let him shoot me about her."

Then he hastened away, as did the little man. Policemen arrived several minutes later, and are still asking questions.

BIGGEST MAN IN OHIO DEAD OF HEART DISEASE

William McCarthy Was Forty Years Old and Weighed 495 Pounds.

Canal Dover, Ohio, July 16.—Heart disease caused the death today of William McCarthy, aged 40, said to have been the largest man in Ohio. During the last year he had gained flesh at the rate of five pounds a month, and at the time of his death weight 495 pounds.

Why keep your friends and family in suspense? A Western Union "Day Letter" will give them all the news before a letter could be started on its way.

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Sports

CRACKERS MEET GULLS TODAY

Conducted by DICK JEMISON and FUZZY WOODRUFF

CRACKERS BACK TO START AGAIN

Hope for Better Things in Long Stay at Home.

Mobile Gulls Will Open Festivities at Ponce de Leon This Afternoon With Frank Allen as Probable Opponent of Miller---McMurray in Battle.

Reorganized and strengthened with some of the sadly needed confidence returned to their several systems through the final victory over the Volunteers, the Crackers reached Atlanta Sunday night for a long stay on the home lot, during which eventful period they will meet every team of the southern division of the Southern League.

Mobile will be the first of the Southern invaders and as the Gull array is probably the weakest team that occupies a locality below the Mason and Dixon line of the Kavanaugh circuit, there is considerable hope of being able to take a goodly number of the three games scheduled with the followers of Swacina. By the same token, there is considerable elation in the Cracker camp.

Jordan Looks Pleasant.

Manager Jordan on his advent to this fair city was in a pleased frame of mind, which is related principally because it is remarkable for a man, who heads a club that is well fixed in eighth place in an eight-club league. Evidently Manager Otto has just reason to believe that his club will soon leave that much-despised position.

The record of the Crackers in Nashville was something to indicate to the manager that his club is destined for other than the cellar position before the final round in the Southern battle. It is quite true that two of the three games were lost, but the Crackers went into all those battles with a sadly battered array, and one of the defeats was only brought about after a desperate eleven-inning struggle.

McMurray in Game.

With these things in view and the fact that McMurray is in the game, things look to some extent jubilant according to popular belief. Watson will, in all likelihood, be back in the conflict today, and this sterling performer is always capable of adding strength to the Cracker team.

Sitton, Atkins, Johns and Miller are on hand to do the firing and "Piggy" Paige may drift in at any moment to take his place on the hill. There is also strong probability that but few days will elapse before O'Dell is back in position.

For the Mobile series Miller will be likely to mount the mound today and opposed to him will be Southpaw Frank Allen, a young man who started the season with a tidy record, but who has lapsed into the in-and-out class recently.

BARR IS GOING UP; FRAZER GOES OUT

New Orleans, July 16.—Manager Frank, of the New Orleans team, tonight announced the sale of Outfielder Hyder Barr to the Cleveland club. Barr will not report to Cleveland until the end of the season.

The local manager also gave Pitcher "Chick" Frazer, the former major leaguer, his unconditional release today.

Frazer has been with the local team since the beginning of this season, having reported after being suspended in 1909, when he refused to report here, after being sold by the Chicago Cubs.

FOURTH EAST LAKE MATCH SATURDAY

The fourth of the golf tournaments that have been in progress this season, will start with the qualifying round Saturday at East Lake.

This tournament will be played for a cup offered by Will H. Glenn, president of the club, with a runner-up cup for the rupper-up in the first flight.

There will be as many flights as fill and with the interest that has been shown in the tournaments to date the entry list should far surpass the eighty mark.

The entrance fee will be $1. The second round of match play must be played by Thursday night, and the third round by Saturday night.

2 DOVES DESERT; WILL QUIT GAME

Boston, July 16.—Charles Herzog and "Doc" Miller, shortstop and right fielder, respectively, of the Boston National baseball club, have notified the club that they are through with baseball. Dissatisfaction with the team management is the reason given by each. Miller says he is going out west to practice medicine and Herzog says he will go back to Ridgley, Md., where he has a farm.

"Bud" Mars Is Better.

Erie, Pa., July 16.—J. C ("Bud") Mars, who was hurt when he fell with his aeroplane here last Friday, is rapidly recovering here. Today he sat up for several hours, was able to eat well and as he is now out of danger, it is expected will be able to leave the hospital in another week.

Roger No Ad Wolgast.

Roger Bresnahan's arbitraments of fists on the ball field have been brief, and they have not enhanced Roger's renown as an exponent of the manly art. He has had fleeting battles with Arthur Devlin, Bob Bescher and Bill Klem.

No Insomnia Here.

Charles Comiskey is perhaps the most optimistic club owner in the American League. He says that Chicago will win the pennant no matter what transpires, and that Detroit will either finish second or third.

Right on Time.

Mme. Durand used to wait for her husband at a street corner, but he kept her waiting such a long time every day that she tried giving him a rendezvous in a big dry goods store, and now it is astonishing how punctual he is.—Pele Mele.

FALL GOLF MEET TO SURPASS ALL

Preparations Made for Athletic Club's Invitation Tourney.

In Number of Entries From Over Country, and Number and Worth of Trophies to Be Awarded, Event Promises to Be Record Breaker.

The Atlanta Athletic Club is making great preparations for an invitation golf tournament open to players from all over the country to be held at East Lake in October.

October 9 is set for the first day of play, the qualifying round on that day and play continuing throughout the entire week.

With the interest that is being manifested by the local club members and the further interest that is being manifested by the golfers all over the south, it is estimated that there will be in the neighborhood of one hundred and fifty entries in the tournament.

Handsome cups will probably be awarded to the winner and the runner-up in each flight, to the low medalist and to the low team scores, besides consolations and other prizes known to the golfing world.

The local club proposes to make this tournament the biggest thing the south has seen, not only in the way of entries, but in the list of prizes as well, and they bid fair to succeed.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Sox 6, Senators 5.

Chicago, July 16.—Groome weakened in the ninth inning and Chicago started a batting rally which defeated Washington today in the second game of the series 6 to 5.

Score:	R.	H.	E.
Chicago. 000 200 004	6	12	2
Washington. . . .002 100 200	5	8	1

Batteries—Olmstead, Young and Payne; Groome, Gray and Ainsmith. Umpires, Dineen and O'Loughlin. Time, 1:50.

Athletics 8, Browns 4.

St. Louis, July 16.—Wildness of the local pitchers and Bender's effectiveness enabled Philadelphia to win from St. Louis today 8 to 4. Curry made his debut with the home team, and walked eleven men in six innings. Bender struck out ten men.

Score:	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia. . . .012 004 010	8	13	2
St. Louis. 200 000 020	4	7	4

Batteries—Bender and Thomas; Curry, Lake and Clarke. Umpire, Evans. Time, 2:15.

Naps 6, Yankees 2.

Cleveland, July 16.—Cleveland defeated New York 6 to 2 today, bunching hits off Vaughn in the sixth inning. Gregg held New York to four hits, New York's runs being the result of his wildness. Butcher, formerly of New Orleans, played his first game with Cleveland, getting a single, a stolen base and making a run.

Score:	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland. . . .000 005 10x	6	10	1
New York. . . .010 001 000	2	4	2

Batteries — Gregg and Fisher; Vaughn and Blair. Umpires, Perrine and Mullin. Time, 1:47.

Tigers 6, Red Sox 1.

Detroit, July 16.—Summers pitched good ball today, while Detroit hit Cicotte hard and won 6 to 1. Lewis scored Boston's only run on a home run. Two of Speaker's catches featured the game.

Score:	R.	H.	E.
Boston. 000 001 000	1	4	2
Detroit. 100 020 30x	6	12	0

Batteries—Cicotte, Karger and Carrigan; Summers and Stanage. Umpires, Eggan and Connolly. Time, 2:01.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

SOUTHERN. Clubs—	W.	L.	Pct.	SALLY Clubs—	W.	L.	Pct.
N. Orleans	60	28	.641	Columbia	19	6	.760
Mont.	43	37	.538	Macon	15	8	.652
B'ham.	41	40	.506	Columbus	14	10	.583
Nashville	42	41	.506	Albany	12	12	.500
Chatta.	41	40	.506	Jax'ville	11	18	.458
Memphis	40	42	.488	Savannah	11	15	.423
Mobile	36	46	.439	Charleston	9	16	.360
ATLA.	30	48	.385	Augusta	8	16	.333

NATIONAL. Clubs—	W.	L.	Pct.	AMERICAN. Clubs—	W.	L.	Pct.
Phila.	49	31	.613	Detroit	57	24	.704
New York	48	31	.608	Phila.	51	29	.638
Chicago	45	31	.592	Chicago	42	37	.532
St. Louis	43	33	.566	New York	41	39	.513
Pittsburg	43	34	.558	Boston	42	40	.512
Cincinnati	36	45	.444	Cleveland	42	42	.500
Brooklyn	30	47	.390	Washington	27	55	.329
Boston	20	58	.256	St. Louis	22	58	.275

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

Southern League.

New Orleans 6, Montgomery 3.
New Orleans 3, Montgomery 0.
Mobile 5, Birmingham 2.
Chattanooga 2, Memphis 1.

American League.

Chicago 6, Washington 5.
Cleveland 6, New York 2.
Philadelphia 8, St. Louis 4.
Detroit 6, Boston 1.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY

Southern League.

Mobile in Atlanta. Ponce de Leon. Game called at 4 o'clock.
New Orleans in Nashville.
Birmingham in Chattanooga.
Montgomery in Memphis.

South Atlantic League.

Jacksonville in Augusta.
Albany in Charleston.
Macon in Columbia.
Columbus in Savannah.

National League.

Chicago in Boston.
St. Louis in Brooklyn.
Cincinnati in New York.
Pittsburg in Philadelphia.

American League.

Washington in Chicago.
Philadelphia in St. Louis.
Boston in Detroit.
New York in Cleveland.

OTHER GAMES.

American Association.

Toledo 7, Columbus 0.
Kansas City 5, St. Paul 4.
Indianapolis 9, Louisville 3.
Minneapolis 2, Milwaukee 0.
Minneapolis 10, Milwaukee 7.

Eastern League.

Toronto 12, Montreal 8.
Baltimore 1, Newark 0.
Providence 21, Jersey City 6.

Texas League.

Galveston 7, Dallas 5.
Austin 6, Fort Worth 3.
San Antonio 4, Oklahoma City 1.
Waco 4, Houston 3.

Kitty League.

Paducah 4, Cairo 0.
Henderson 8, Hopkinsville 6.

ABSENCE OF MAGEE WILL SERIOUSLY HANDICAP PHILLIES



The Phillies will miss the services of Sherwood Magee, their hard-hitting outfielder, who was recently suspended and fined $200 by President Tom Lynch for striking Umpire Finneran in the last game with St. Louis at Philadelphia. In fact, if Magee is out of the game very long, it will severely handicap the Phillies' chances of winning the pennant, as there is no player on the team to fill his position the way he plays it, and his hitting will be sorely missed. Walsh will be his substitute while he is out of the doings.

HOPE IN CRACKERS' RETURN

BY FUZZY WOODRUFF

With the Crackers encamped on friendly territory, with the various torn ligaments, lame backs, and disjointed digits mending at a pace entirely satisfactory to Messrs. Heisman, Jordan et. al., with the recollections and the inspirations of the final victory over the voracious Volunteers fresh as a peanut boy, Atlanta fandom can well look forward to the present home stay without great trepidation, and may even hope for things of glory and joy forever in the not too distant future.

Not that an immediate exit from the cellar can be anticipated. The long period of crippled battle-front, the almost unprecedented reverse English in baseball luck and the resultant all around slumping that was inevitable in view of the two aforementioned conditions, forego this.

But it is highly probable that before the Jordanites depart from Ponce de Leon, a number of the percentage points which separate the Crackers from the closly bunched clubs just ahead, will have been wiped out. It is also likely that a new fighting spirit will be instilled among the Crackers by that time that will make them as dangerous on the road as they were in the days of yore.

A changed ball team will be seen today when Mobile is faced on the local lot. A pitching staff, regarded almost universally as second to none in the Kavanaugh circuit, will be on hand to hurl in their regular succession. Such a condition has been rare this season.

In McMurray, Atlanta will, for the first time since the flag fell in the 1911 race, be represented by a high-class, ambitious, fighting receiver. The catcher is always the bulwark of a club. The team without a high-class catcher is a mediocre organization. On the wearer of the mask, more than any one man, devolves the generalship, the installation of confidence so necessary to his pitcher and fellow players, and the dozen and one other things that go to make a real baseball organization.

McMurray possesses all of these qualities. He is a fighter by instinct and a general by experience. His weight was clearly shown in the Nashville series of recent memory.

He joined a team beaten at every turn and compelled to play on the defensive. That club was opposed by an outfit that had been enjoying a long string of victories. Schwartz's men were brimful of confidence, looking for victory, never dreaming of defeat. When McMurray stepped behind the plate, though the infield was patched and a pitcher was working in the outfield, the Crackers fought the victorious Vols through an extra inning game and lost by a single tally. The next day he again donned the chest protector, and this time it was the Volunteers who finally took the count after a desperate battle.

Watson and O'Dell are expected back in the fray early in the week, and their presence will add materially to the Cracker strength. It is more than likely that the former Gull, who, until his hurts removed him from the game, was the prize utility man of the Crackers, will be able to participate in the engagements against his old club.

The Gulls, who have been struggling along on practically even terms with the Barons, Turtles, Vols and Lookouts, have undergone some changes in recent weeks, but are not considered a formidable organization. Swacina would have had to accomplish more than wonders to make a winning team out of an outfit that had reached the stage of disorganization into which it was brought by the late "Ducky" Holmes.

Swacina has the club moving smoother, however, and it is capable of playing dangerous ball in an in-and-out sort of fashion. He has under his wing Frank Allen, the southpaw, who scintillated until the Mobile management got a large gob of money for him, and young Burleson, the Appalachian recruit, who caused big league scouts to come south in droves, but who has done little to repay them for their pilgrimages.

The other southern clubs follow the Gulls. The Barons first, then the Pelicans, and finally, the Billikens. With all except the Pelicans, the Crackers may well expect to get a little better than an even break. If they do, Atlanta fandom will be well satisfied. Fandom will know that the team is making a good, game fight. That's the way Bat Nelson won a championship.

STOVALL SEEMS TO HAVE LANDED

George Stovall seems to have landed a permanent job as manager of the Naps, though he was put in there the first week in May to act only until a man could be found to take command. Cleveland has spent a lot of time and money in the last three years for managers, and Stovall, better than any of them, on the team all the time.

LUDERUS MAKES 13 HOME RUN HITS

First Baseman Luderus, of the Phillies, is without doubt the most sensational player who ever broke into the National League. Ludy is as valuable to the Phillies as Cobb is to Detroit or Collins to the Athletes. He has made 13 homers and has won a number of games single-handed by his batting.

FINALS IN GOLF TOURNEY TODAY

Holliday and Strong to Play for Vice President's Trophy.

The Runner-Up Cup Will Be Awarded Loser, While Prizes Will Be Given Winners in Other Four Flights---Deep Interest in Match.

Lewis W. Holliday and Charles H. Strong will contest in the finals for the golf trophy offered by the vice president of the Atlanta Athletic Club, this afternoon at East Lake.

The players have gone through all the rounds and the semi-finals. These two men will play a match of thirty-six holes for the trophy. A cup will also be awarded to the loser, a runner-up cup purchased from the entry fees.

In the four other flights, trophies are awarded for the winners only, no runner-up cup being arranged for.

In the second flight, Dick Jemison plays Robert P. Jones.

In the third flight, W. M. Timmons plays W. C. Holleyman.

In the fourth flight, J. D. Osborne plays T. H. Latham.

In the fifth flight A. V. Guda plays W. L. Hudson.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE

Pels Win Both.

New Orleans, July 16.—The New Orleans team took two games from Montgomery this afternoon, winning by 6 to 3 and 3 to 0. The second game was called in the sixth by agreement.

The first game was won by Frank Manush with a home run in the seventh inning when two were on bases and the score tied. It was a long fly over the left field fence.

Foxen, formerly of Chicago and Atlanta, pitched his first game for the locals in the second and twirled great ball, letting his opponents down with only two hits, one of which was a scratch. Bailey was effective until the fifth inning, when a double by Callahan, a triple by Doane and singles by Nagle and Knaupp gave the locals their three runs. Score:

FIRST GAME.

MONT.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	N. O.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.
Daley,lf	3	2	1	3	0	Barr,lf	4	1	1	0	0
Dobbs,rf	3	0	0	1	0	Johns'n,1b	4	1	1	12	1
Pratt,2b	4	0	2	0	3	Manush,3b	4	1	2	2	1
Elwert,3b	4	0	1	0	3	Calla'n,cf	4	0	1	1	0
McElv'n,ss	3	0	0	1	1	Kirke,2b	4	0	0	5	4
Bills,cf	4	1	2	3	0	Angem'r,c	4	0	1	6	0
Graham,1b	4	0	0	16	0	Doane,rf	3	1	0	0	0
Flint, c	4	0	1	0	0	Knupp,ss	3	1	0	1	2
Thomas,p	2	0	0	0	5	Klaw'r,p	2	1	1	0	7
Totals	31	3	7	24	12	Totals	32	6	7	27	15

Score by innings: R.
Montgomery. . . . . .101 100 000—3
New Orleans. . . . . .002 000 40x—6

Summary—Errors, Pratt, McElveen, Bills, Manush, Doane; two-base hits, Pratt, Barr; home run, Manush; stolen bases, Pratt, Callahan; sacrifice hits, Dobbs, Klawitter, Thomas; double plays, Klawitter to Kirke to Johnston; Klawitter to Johnston to Angemeier; struck out, by Klawitter 5; bases on balls, by Thomas 1, Klawitter 2; passed balls, Flint, Angemeier; left on bases, New Orleans 4, Montgomery 5. Time, 1:50. Umpire, Pfenninger.

SECOND GAME.

MONT.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	N. O.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.
Daley,lf	3	0	1	1	0	Barr,lf	2	0	0	0	0
Dobbs,rf	2	0	0	2	0	Johns'n,1b	3	0	1	10	1
Pratt,2b	2	0	0	3	2	Manush,3b	2	0	0	0	3
Elwert,3b	1	0	0	2	1	Calla'n,cf	2	1	1	0	0
McElv'n,ss	2	0	0	1	0	Kirke,2b	1	0	0	1	1
Bills,rf	2	0	0	0	0	Nagle,c	2	1	1	4	0
Graham,1b	2	0	0	4	0	Doane,rf	2	1	1	1	0
Gribbens,c	2	0	1	2	2	Knaupp,ss	2	0	1	1	4
Bailey,p	1	0	0	0	3	Foxen,p	1	0	0	1	4
xFlint	1	0	0	0	0						
Totals	18	0	2	15	8	Totals	17	3	5	18	13

x—Batted for Bailey in the sixth.

Score by innings: R.
Montgomery. . . . . .000 000 000—0
New Orleans. . . . . .000 03x—3

Called in sixth by agreement.

Summary—Errors, Pratt, Graham, Knaupp; two-base hit, Callahan; three-base hit, Doane; sacrifice hits, Kirke, Foxen; struck out, by Bailey 2, Foxen 4; bases on balls, Bailey 1, Foxen 1; left on bases, New Orleans 2, Montgomery 2. Time, 1:10. Umpire, Pfenninger.

Gulls 5, Barons 2.

Mobile, Ala., July 16.—In an exciting game which was tied until the eighth inning, Mobile defeated Birmingham this afternoon, 5 to 2, the locals cinching the game with a batting rally in the eighth. Campbell pitched swell ball for Mobile, the Birminghams scoring their only two runs on an error of Shortstop Myers. Kent pitched good ball until the eighth, when bunched hits scored three runs. Seitz, returning to the game after an absence of two weeks with a broken hand, was the star both in the field and at bat, getting three safe hits, two of them scoring runs. He made several fine running catches. The crowd was swelled by several hundred excursionists from Birmingham and Laurel, Miss. The box score:

B'HAM	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	MOB.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.
Marcan,2b	4	0	0	3	1	Maag,2b	4	0	0	0	3
Johns'n,rf	4	0	2	0	0	Bayless,cf	4	0	0	1	0
Phelan,3b	4	0	1	1	1	Miller,rf	4	1	1	2	0
McGill'y,1b	4	0	0	9	0	Swac'a,1b	3	1	2	12	1
Mole'th,cf	4	0	1	4	0	Myers,ss	3	1	2	2	2
McBride,lf	2	1	0	2	0	Rohe,3b	4	1	1	0	5
Yantz,c	4	0	1	4	2	Seitz,lf	3	1	1	5	0
Ellam,ss	3	1	0	2	3	Dunn,c	2	0	0	3	1
Kent,p	3	0	0	0	6	Cam'ell,p	3	0	1	2	5
Totals	32	2	5	24	11	Totals	30	5	10	27	17

Score by innings: R.
Birmingham. . . . . .000 020 000—2
Mobile. . . . . .001 001 03x—5

Summary—Errors, Phelan, Kent, Bayless, Myers; two-base hit, Myers; sacrifice hits, Swacina, Myers, Dunn, Campbell, McBride; struck out, by Campbell 3, by Kent 4; bases on balls, off Campbell 1, off Kent 1; hit by pitched ball, Dunn; wild pitch, Campbell; left on bases, Mobile 5, Birmingham 5. Time, 1:55. Umpire, Fitzsimmons.

Lookouts 2, Turtles 1.

Memphis, July 16.—Miller dropped the ball. That was the finish of the 10-inning struggle, and the 2 to 1 victory for Chattanooga over Memphis on the home grounds today. Lister, Chattanooga's first baseman, hit the ball for a two-bagger; More batted to Crandall, who threw to Miller, and while the latter was recovering the sphere Lister scored.

Chattanooga has taken two of the series of three games with Memphis, who face three with Montgomery beginning tomorrow.

The box score:

CHAT.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	MEM.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.
Sentell,ss	4	1	0	2	3	Swalm,lf	3	0	0	1	0
Higgins,c	3	0	0	3	5	E'rwald,rf	4	0	1	2	0
Murch,3b	4	0	2	2	2	Jackson,cf	3	0	0	1	0
North'n,cf	3	0	0	1	0	East,2b	3	1	1	6	7
Moran,lf	4	0	0	1	0	Crand'l,ss	3	0	1	3	6
Lister,1b	4	1	3	11	1	Altman,3b	3	0	0	1	2
More,rf	3	0	0	4	0	Miller,1b	4	0	0	12	3
Nill,2b	4	0	1	5	3	Adams,c	4	0	0	4	1
Benton,p	4	0	0	1	2	Allen,p	2	0	0	0	1
Totals	33	2	6	30	16	Totals	29	1	3	30	20

Score by innings: R.
Chattanooga. . . . . .100 000 000 1—2
Memphis. . . . . .000 000 100 0—1

Summary—Errors, Lister, Crandall, Altman; two-base hits, Murch, Lister; three-base hit, East; sacrifice hits, Higgins, More, Crandall, Swain, Jackson; double plays, East to Crandall to Miller, East to Miller to Crandall, Crandall to East to Miller; bases on balls, Benton 3, Allen 1; struck out, Benton 4, Allen 4; hit by pitched ball, Northern. Time, 1:35. Umpire, Carpenter.

Lange Is Red Scout.

Big Bill Lange is acting as scout for the Cincinnati club on the Pacific cost. Harry McArdle, of the San Francisco Seals, is one of the young players Bill has recommended to Clark Griffith.



There is but one

Coca-Cola

There are many imitations

WITH THE AMATEURS.

By Walter Reynolds, Jr.

Standing of the Leagues.

CITY LEAGUE

CLUBS.	Played.	Won	Lost.	Pct.
Georgia Railway	8	7	1	.875
Southern Shops	8	6	2	.750
Southern Bell	8	5	3	.625
Marist	9	4	5	.444
W. & A.	8	3	5	.375
Fifth Regiment	9	0	9	.000

RAILROAD LEAGUE.

CLUBS.	Played.	Won	Lost.	Pct.
Southern Ry. Inman	12	9	3	.750
S. E. F. A.	12	8	4	.666
Western Union	11	7	4	.636
A., B. & A.	14	8	6	.564
Bean & Magill	11	8	6	.555
Battle Hill	11	4	7	.363
R. Y. M. C. A.	12	4	8	.333
Third National Bank	10	1	9	.100

SUNDAY SCHOOL LEAGUE.

CLUBS.	Played.	Won	Lost.	Pct.
St. Philip's	11	8	3	.727
Wesley Memorial	10	7	3	.700
Grant Park	11	6	4	.555
Westminster	10	5	5	.500
West End	10	4	6	.400
Tabernacle	10	1	9	.100

BARACA LEAGUE.

CLUBS.	Played.	Won	Lost.	Pct.
Wesley	10	9	1	.900
McDonald	10	6	4	.600
Agogas	9	5	4	.555
Grant Park	9	5	4	.555
Woodward Avenue	10	5	5	.500
Georgia Avenue	10	3	7	.300

TROLLEY LEAGUE.

CLUBS.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Decatur	7	5	2	.714
College Park	8	5	3	.625
Ludden & Bates	8	3	5	.375
Cheshire & Cochrane	7	2	5	.285

COMMERCIAL LEAGUE.

CLUBS.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Chamberlin-Johnson	5	4	1	.800
Otis Elevator	3	2	1	.666
M. Rich & Bros.	5	3	2	.600
J. M. High Co.	5	3	2	.600
Davison-Paxon-Stokes	4	1	3	.250
Keely Co.	6	1	5	.166

SATURDAY AFTERNOON LEAGUE.

CLUBS.	Played.	Won	Lost.	Pct.
Whittier	10	9	1	.900
Piedmont	11	8	3	.727
Red Seal	11	6	5	.545
Exposition	11	5	6	.455
Fulton Bag	10	4	6	.400
Egan Park	10	0	10	.000

SATURDAY'S AMATEUR NOTES.

Western Union, of the Railroad League, took both contests from Battle Hill Saturday, through the good pitching of Wasser and Styles. Wasser, in the first game, fanned ten men and allowed two hits, while Styles fanned eighteen and allowed the same number of hits in the second.

Armistead, catching for S. E. F. A. in the Railroad League, secured two doubles and a triple out of four trips to the plate in the game against Bean & Magill. He also caught a good game.

Lowry, of Southern Shops, in the City League, in the game against Marist, pitched a steady game, fanning fourteen men and allowing only four hits—winning his game 4 to 3.

Jim Harrison, playing second base for Marist College, played a great game in the field, accepting eleven chances with only one error.

Smith, center fielder for W. & A. in the City League, in the game against Fifth Regiment, made two hits and two runs out of three times at bat, one being a home run. He also made a pretty catch in the field, robbing Shaw of a possible home run.

Wesley Memorial, in the Baraca League, lost their chance of finishing the season with a 1.000 percentage by losing to Woodward Avenue, 4 to 6.

Cunyers, twirling for A., B. & A., in the game against the Third National Bank team, continued his good pitching by fanning seven men and allowing only two hits. A., B. & A. won, 6 to 1.

Henley, of the Agogas, in the Sunday School League, did some heavy swatting in the game against Grant Park, getting two two-baggers and two three-baggers out of four times up. The game was tied in the eighth, when it was called on account of rain.

The College Park team, of the Trolley League, broke all records when they made 22 runs and 23 hits in the game against Ludden & Bates. Every man on the team secured at least one hit, while some scored four and five.

SPOTLIGHT AGAIN DRAWING DONLIN

Friends of Mike Donlin say that he does not relish his present position as a substitute on the Giant list. Michael has been so used to the limelight during his several years of theatrical experience with his wife, Mabel Hite, that he finds it difficult to warm a bench, while players who trembled at his very name a few seasons ago are getting the glory and incidentally the money.

Johnny Evers Is Ready.

Johnny Evers is ready to get back into the game, but he will have to be at his best, for Zimmerman and Doyle, one of whom will have to lay off if Evers goes in, are the only men doing the big hitting for the Cubs.

CRACKERS BEST GULLS ON PAPER

By Dick Jemison.

As the Crackers and the Gulls open up a series at Ponce de Leon park today, some figures on the two teams showing a comparison of their strength may be of interest to the fans.

The two teams have met in eleven games, the Crackers winning four and the copping Gulls seven. In those games the Gulls scored 43 runs to 33 for the Crackers; made 94 hits to 77 for the Crackers, and 26 errors to 24 for the Crackers.

Here are the individual batting figures of the two teams, and below them will be found the comparison of the teams in figures:

Atlanta.

PLAYERS—	G.	AB.	R.	H.	P.C.
McMurray	2	9	2	3	.333
Britton	50	146	12	42	.288
Zimmerman	84	313	42	89	.283
Watson	64	228	26	64	.281
Sykes	84	292	32	79	.271
O'Dell	76	281	37	72	.256
Johns	26	61	5	15	.246
Wells	55	166	15	38	.229
Jordan	79	299	29	64	.214
Miller	35	94	8	19	.202
Buemiller	32	108	12	21	.194
Atkins	5	11	0	0	.000
Sitton	5	9	2	0	.000

Mobile.

PLAYERS—	G.	AB.	R.	H.	P.C.
Swacina	83	313	25	92	.294
Miller	19	71	5	19	.268
Maag	15	57	4	15	.263
Myers	17	58	8	15	.259
Bayless	83	312	51	79	.253
Demaree	32	4	8	1	.250
Seitz	84	299	22	52	.249
Rohe	81	295	29	70	.237
Allen	26	63	8	13	.206
Campbell	28	74	4	15	.203
Dunn	53	161	10	26	.161
Mayes	17	55	4	8	.145
Ryan	14	31	1	4	.129
Burleson	6	16	0	2	.125
Cadman	51	238	12	27	.113

Team Averages.

TEAMS—	G.	AB.	R.	H.	P.C.
Atlanta	84	2656	284	628	.237
Mobile	81	2573	245	568	.213

TEAMS—	G.	PO.	A.	E.	P.C.
Atlanta	84	2123	1182	144	.955
Mobile	81	2187	934	158	.951

TEAMS—	2B.	3B.	H.R.	Ex.B.	T.B.
Atlanta	67	38	14	186	813
Mobile	81	23	8	146	714

TEAMS—	S.H.	S.B.	D.P.
Atlanta	96	113	45
Mobile	111	90	42

CROSS CONTINENT ON MOTORCYCLE

Davis Makes 3,745 Miles in 20 Days, 9 Hours 1 Minute, Lowering Record.

New York, July 16.—Volney E. Davis, captain of the San Francisco Motorcycle club, whirled into New York from San Francisco on his motorcycle a few minutes after noon today winner of the trans-continental race and holder of a new time record for the jaunt. Davis made the trip of 3,745 miles in 20 days 9 hours and 1 minute, clipping more than eleven days from the previous record. He spent ten a hours a day in the saddle, he said, lost eleven pound and sustained a bruised leg, a sprained shoulder and numerous cuts in many falls.

W. C. Beaman and Paul E. Kottlewsky, cyclists, who started eight and nine days ahead of him, Davis said, were passed near Buffalo.

MACON TO STAGE BOYS' MARATHON

Macon, Ga., July 16.—(Special.)—Macon will shortly have a marathon race, such as was recently held in New York. Mayor Moore has offered a silver cup as the first prize, and merchants will offer additional awards. It is proposed to have a free-for-all Marathon in about ten days' time, having the race run from Arch street down Second to the monument at the city hall. The time has been fixed for 6:15 p. m. It is believed that fully 500 boys and young men will participate.

Clarke Gains on Kramer.

Newark, July 16.—Jackie Clarke, the Australian cyclist, gained again today in his effort for the title held by Frank Kramer, the national champion. He won the five-mile event at the Vetodrome. Alfred Goullet was second and Kramer, who delayed his final spurt too long, came in third. By winning the event Clarke shortens Kramer's lead for the season to seven points. The champion has 38 and Clarke has 31 tallies, including the five points to the winner of today's race.

ROSE'S FOREFATHER

A BLEND OF STRAIGHT OLD CORN WHISKIES
THE SOUTH'S MOST POPULAR WHISKEY

AT ALL CLUBS AND FIRST CLASS PLACES

4 FULL QUARTS $4.00
BY PREPAID EXPRESS

"ASK THE REVENUE OFFICER"



R. M. ROSE CO.,
CHATTANOOGA,

KING OF AMATEUR DISTANCE RUNNERS TO GO AFTER TWO-MILE RECORD



Though the creator of a new American record for 3 miles and champion all the way from that distance to 10 miles, both indoors and outdoors, George Bonhag, one of the freatest long distance runners, if not the greatest, is not going to rest on his laurels. He has mapped out a strenuous campaign for the rest of the season that ought to give him an opportunity not only to smash a few more records, but to better some of his own. Bonhag is desirous of establishing a new mark for 2 miles. Tell Berna, of Cornell, is the American outdoor record holder for 2 miles. At the intercollegiate championship recently he bettered last year's mark by 1 2-5 seconds, bringing his figures to 9 minutes 25 1-5 seconds. The Irish-American Athletic Club star performer is the rightful heir indoors for that distance with the time of 9 minutes 14 1-5 seconds. A few weeks ago at Celtic park he came within three-quarters of a second of tying Berna's time, and anyone was willing to admit afterward that if he had been pushed hard enough he would have easily sent it skyward. That certainly was some peaches and cream race Bonhag ran at the New York Athletic Club on Travers island recently. Just twenty-one years ago last Memorial day Willie Day startled the athletic world when he was clocked in 3 miles in the remarkable time of 14 minutes 39 seconds flat. Alfred Shrubb is the world's record holder, with 14 minutes 17 3-5 seconds, made on May 21, 1903.

GLINTS FROM DIXIE DIAMONDS

Stars have had rough sledding in the Southern this season. Many a reputation has received a rude shattering since the league season began. Many a manager has regretted the princely salary paid some man of history, and has sighed for the money in the privy purse of his club. Witness the failure of Frock and Foxen with Atlanta. The fact that Ralph Savidge, once of Montgomery, is now in the Southeastern; the absolute inability of Jesse Tannehill, late of the Barons, and Chick Fraser, of the Pelicans, to show form; the blow-up of the several Pittsburg pitchers sent to Nashville; the awful jolt Rudy Hulswitt's performance was to Chattanooga, and the horrible happenings in Mobile that followed the advent of Fiene, Ryan, and others.

On the other hand, old and tried Southern leaguers have enjoyed a season of considerable effectiveness. Harold Johns has gone as well or a little better than any Atlanta hurler. Right now, Maxwell is probably the best pitcher in the league. Doc Thomas is winning game after game in brilliant style. Otto Hess is Frank's most consistent conqueror. Allen is Mobile's mainstay, while Big Fleharty is doing nicely for Nashville.

President Heisman is compelled to do a little groping for the new outfielder now being sought. The Atlanta magnate thought he had him hooked and practically landed Saturday, but failure of a special delivery letter to bring an answer Sunday caused him some concern. He is expecting news every moment, however.

The Cracker chieftain was pleased with the spirit exhibited by the Cracker clan on their return from the trip. "Jordan and the rest of the fellows seem greatly encouraged and are looking for a break in the list of reverses during the home stay," he said. "I see no reason why there should not be," he continued. "The hospital squad will soon be in harness again, and if the pitchers show their expected form, we will win no few games."

The Pelicans Sunday shook off their only dangerous competition, and sent Montgomery back into real fighting distance of the rest of the league. It may be that the double defeat of the Billikens yesterday means the usual mid-season slump that sends the Alabamians to the bottom or thereabouts by the middle of August.

This double victory of the followers of Frank also makes the Pelicans have a lead that looks too formidable for any club in the Southern to overcome, always considering that Frank seems to be able to call high-class players at will. The indications are that from now on the real race will be for the honor places in the first division.

The Guns, before invading Atlanta, celebrated their appearance at home by trouncing the Barons. Billy Campbell, former Baron hurler, turned the trick.

The hurler who produced for Frank in the last game and who incidentally worked a shutout against the hard-hitting Billikens, was our old friend, Bill Foxen. Incidentally, Sam Frock came to bat with a win over the Rochester Eastern League champions, a trick that few Eastern League pitchers have been able to accomplish up to date. Wirra, Wirra.

JACK JOHNSON HAS SIGNED TO FIGHT BOMBARDIER WELLS

London, July 16.—Articles have been signed for a fight in London before September 30 between Jack Johnson and Bombardier Wells for the championship of the world and $40,000. Most Englishmen consider that Wells will have small chance against the heavyweight champion.

BLUE AND GRAY CLASP HANDS ON BULL RUN BATTLEFIELD

Manassas, Va., July 16.—A week's reunion of federal and confederate veterans was begun here tonight when the Rev. H. N. Coudon, chaplain of the house of representatives, preached a peace jubilee sermon before more than 1,000 persons.

The reunion marks the fiftieth anniversary of the battle of Bull Run.

The special feature of the celebration is to take place Friday, when, in the presence of President Taft and Governor Mann, of Virginia the confederate and union veterans will march across the historic ground and clasp hands in token of everlasting peace.

The town is a-flutter tonight with intertwined confederate and United States flags.

PASTOR SERVES TWO CHURCHES CONTINUOUSLY FOR 44 YEARS

Lawrenceville, Ga., July 16.—(Special.)—Rev. James T. Jordan, a Primitive Baptist preacher, has the distinction of having served two churches continuously for a longer period of time than any minister in Gwinnett county. He was ordained to preach in 1866, and was called to the pastorate of Camp Creek and Sweetwater churches the same year—forty-four years ago. Not only has Mr. Jordan preached at these two churches forty-four years, but he has served four churches every year since his ordination, and yet has been pastor of but eight during all that time.

To serve four churches out of eight for almost a half century, and two of these without interruption, is a record of which but few men can boast.

He lives near Lilburn, and is loved by all his neighbors, of every faith and order.

Mexico May Bar Chinese.

Mexico City, July 16.—An indirect result of the massacre of Chinese at Torreon during the revolution may be exclusion from Mexico of Celestials. Because of the scarcity of labor in mines and haciendas Mexico has encouraged the importation of Chinese but exactly those same arguments—economic and racial—which led to their exclusion by the United States now are being freely discussed in the press. It is not improbable that at the next session of congress an exclusion bill will be presented.

Flyer Goes Into Ditch.

Bradford, Pa., July 16.—The Rochester and Pittsburg flyer on the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg railroad, plunged into a ditch near Farmersville, N. Y., this forenoon while running on a straightaway track, and seven passengers were injured. The train was made up of a combination car, three day coaches and a cafe and observation car. The wheels of the tender left the rails and the cars followed, careening against an embankment which prevented their turning over.

BULLS RELYING ON BOLL WEEVIL

In Order to Put Up the Price of the Fleecy Staple.

The Market Will Lose Its One-Sided Aspect This Week. Much Damage Is Reported Being Done by the Weevil in the Central Belt.

New Orleans, July 16.—This week in the cotton market promises to be interesting, chiefly because the ring promises to lose its one-sided aspect. Opinion is again well divided, even among professionals, and there is a strong element seeking to put prices up, just as there is an extensive interest looking for a lower market.

There is no secret about the fact that the bulls will rely on the boll weevil talk to help them put the market up. In the central belt, that is, in Louisiana, Mississippi, Arkansas and portions of Alabama, the depredations of the weevil are being constantly extended and it looks as if some bad reports were due to come in from important sections of this portion of the belt this week. It is claimed by private bureaus that the weevil has recently infested 22 counties in Arkansas that did not suffer from the pest last year. It is expected that reports from these counties, as well as accounts from other sections, will do much toward sustaining the market.

It is now generally admitted that the entire belt has received enough rain for the time being and more rain this week, except in Georgia, the Carolinas and Oklahoma, will be regarded as a bullish instead of a bearish feature. The week promises to open with a wet weather map, if the forecast of the week end is worthy anything, and this ought to help the market.

Trade buying will be eagerly watched for this week. The long side has claimed that much trade buying, that is buying of hedges by spinners and spot houses, would be done around 12.75 for October, but purchases from this source have been disappointing in volume. It is probable that any sudden rise will bring this class of buyers in until their wants are satisfied. If such buying is seen it ought to be a factor of no small importance.

The movement of new cotton in Texas promises to increase and if it grows much larger it ought to help the bears. The prediction was freely made on the week-end that daily receipts of new cotton at Houston would average 100 bales. Such receipts would chiefly affect July and August.

Improvement in Memphis District.

Memphis, Tenn., July 16.—The Commercial Appeal tomorrow will say:

An improvement in cotton condition during the past week is generally reported. In central and eastern states the crop conditions could hardly be improved upon, as the plant is growing rapidly and fruiting heavily and has had an abundance of moisture, while the cultivation is still good, work in the fields having been interfered with only in limited localities by excessive rainfall. With average favorable weather during the remainder of the season, a record crop will be made over this large area.

Boll weevils are more numerous in Louisiana, Mississippi and Arkansas, but the damage so far is noticeably small.

The earliness of the crop is a notable feature in the eastern and central states, and grown to half-grown bolls are reported in the most northern districts.

In Texas and Oklahoma moderate showers to heavy rains widely distributed, served to arrest the deterioration that had set in over wide areas and the outlook is therefore improved. The plant in many places is small, however, and more rain is needed to put it in good condition. Eastern and central Texas counties are an exception to this statement, for the crop there is good.

Save in Texas and Oklahoma the best interest of the crop will be promoted by dry weather for a while.

Condition of Texas Cotton.

Dallas, Texas, July 16.—Reports from 132 counties in Texas comprising the majority of cotton counties, and considerably more than two-thirds of the state, indicate that cotton now is in good condition since the rains of ten days ago, and reports are fair for one of the best crops in several years. Further rains fell today over a wide area.

DR. SHAW IN NORWAY AIDED SUFFRAGETTES

Women Threaten Trouble at Next Election---Newspapers Add to Agitation.

New York, July 16.—Dr. Anna H. Shaw, president of the Women's Suffrage League in America, arrived here today on the liner New York, fresh from the international convention of the suffragists, which was held in Stockholm, Sweden, recently. Dr. Shaw brought with her Norwegian newspapers, and declared the issues she raised would be fought out in the national election in Norway.

In the opening session of the convention, which was held at the state church at Stockholm, she said, the pastor broke tradition by allowing her to occupy the pulpit. Thus encouraged, she said, the suffragettes asked that she be permitted to preach in the state church of Norway at Christiana, but they promptly were denied the privilege. Although women may vote in Norway, they may not hold office in the army, navy or church, and this was given as the reason, Dr. Shaw explained.

The suffragettes then raised the point, Dr. Shaw added, that the minister of church affairs who passes upon the application, had no jurisdiction in the matter. The minister, she said, looked up his status and an apology by him to the government followed. His action was not rescinded, however, and the indignant suffragettes, Dr. Shaw asserted, are threatening trouble at the next general election, and the newspapers are adding to the agitation.

Copious Showers in Spalding.

Griffin, Ga., July 16.—(Special.)—The farmers of this section who, a few weeks ago, were clamoring for rain to save the growing crops, are now worried lest the showers cease and the crops damaged on account of the wet weather. There was a drouth lasting many weeks, but for the past few days it has rained nearly every day, and there have been some very good seasons. Farmers want the rain to hold up awhile now so that they can work the crops.

DREAD CHOLERA MENACES COUNTRY

The Situation Is Regarded As Serious at New York.

Gov. Dix May Be Called Upon to Take Charge at Quarantine---Fifteen Cases of the Disease at Swinburne Island. All Ports Face Onerous Task.

New York, July 16.—Although the cholera situation quarantine at present is regarded by Dr. Alvah H. Doty, health officer of the port of New York, as being well in hand, he did not conceal his apprehension tonight that New York was in the "very midst of a threatened invasion of cholera." Further, Dr. Doty declared "the quarantine department of every port in this country is facing a very serious and onorous task during the coming summer," and it is not improbable that many vessels arriving from Italy during the next few weeks will bring one or more cases of the disease.

Today's official report of the situation shows that there are fifteen cases of the scourge at Swinburne Island hospital and four cases symptomatic of the disease. Within the past twenty-four hours one more victim has died.

The steamer Perugia has been detained and the medical staff is preparing to make bacteriological examinations in the case of each of the 248 persons on the steamer Lotike, who remain under observation.

Governor Dix May Take Charge.

It is possible that Governor Dix will be called upon to take charge at quarantine. Charles Dushkind, attorney for the immigrants whose charges against Dr. Doty are being investigated by a commission, made public tonight a letter he wrote to Judge Bulger, of the commission, suggesting that the latter call on Governor Dix to take charge of the health officer's department.

In a statement issued tonight in reply to an interview attributed by a morning newspaper to Judge Bulger, Dr. Doty reviews the situation and points to the element of danger. The statements attributed to Judge Bulger, Dr. Doty says, "are so calculated as to alarm the public in the very midst of a threatened invasion of cholera that I feel justified in making reply."

Dr. Doty first considers the following question, asked by Judge Bulger in the interview:

"What can Dr. Doty, health officer of the port, mean when he allows five men who have been in daily contact with persons suffering from Asiatic cholera to come to this city in the same clothes they wore when among the cholera victims, and touch elbow with everybody they meet?"

Health Officer's Statement.

Dr. Doty's statement says on this point:

"The facts are these: The five men referred to were called as witnesses by the people in charge of the investigation and were permitted by me to be absent from duty at Hoffman Island for this purpose. Cholera is not transmitted by clothing, or by the air, but by actual contact through the mouth with discharges from the intestinal tract of the cholera victim. There is, therefore, no danger whatever from contact with a person who has been in the presence of the disease.

"At the present time we are dealing with a very serious outbreak of cholera in Italy and other sections of the Mediterranean, where it has increased in virulence since last year. A majority of the vessels which recently have come from Italy either have brought actual cases of this disease or furnished evidence of its having occurred in transit. It is with great difficulty that the latter condition is combatted and it is only through a most exhaustive bacteriological examination that we are able to secure the facts.

"It is in the presence of these conditions when the confidence of the public in this department should not be unjustly disturbed nor its facilities for protecting the public health diminished, that the man appointed to investigate this department makes the amazing declaration which Commissioner Bulger makes this morning in the midst of the hearing with no testimony in reply yet offered.

Every Port Is Menaced.

"The quarantine department of every port in this country is facing a very serious and onerous task during the coming summer. It is not improbable that many vessels arriving from the cholera-infected districts of Italy within the next few weeks will bring one or more cases of this disease. The crisis is drawing heavily on the resources of my department. It also puts an unusual strain upon the discipline of the department. Commissioner Bulger's publicly printed statements regarding quarantine conditions affect not only the public mind, but the discipline of quarantine on which the public is largely dependent for the health and safety."

In his letter to Judge Bulger, Mr. Dushkind relates some testimony taken at the committee hearings and bases his contention that Dr. Doty should be relieved from duty largely on the fact that Charles Leavitt, a carpenter employed at Hoffman Island, and four other employees at the island were permitted to leave their posts and attend the hearings. Mr. Dushkind asserts that he fears possible infection might result from such a practice.

Not With Actual Sufferers.

Dr. Doty covers the point raised by Mr. Dushkind with the declaration that employees at Hoffman Island come in contact only with persons held under observation and not with actual sufferers from cholera who are sent, he says, to the Swinburne Island hospital as soon as they become able, to prevent infection among others held at Hoffman Island.

Mr. Dushkind also calls attention to the development of a number of cases of cholera at quarantine as he alleges "several days after the period of incubation had expired," as further reason for viewing the situation as alarming and bringing it to the government's attention.

United States overament Watches.

Washington, July 16.—The public health and marine hospital service is watching closely the appearance of cholera in New York, and is co-operating in every way with the health authorities of that state. One of the experts of the service will leave tomorrow to tender his assistance to the state officials, and instructions have been sent to agents abroad at all suspected ports to exert increased vigilence and o call for further assistance if the situation warrants.

Government officials here scout the idea that there is any danger of anything approaching an epidemic of cholera. They believe the few cases are merely sporadic and such as have been discovered have been carefully traced, and all means have been employed to prevent a spread of the disease. In furtherance of, this the service only recently doubled the length of time in which suspects may be held for observation. This, it is believed, practically will render impossible the escape of any cases through the rigid quarantine.

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Tomorrow
and at every
Ball Game

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Ponce de Leon and Lakewood
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Also at all Amusement Parks

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CHILDREN IN ARMS, FATHER IS DROWNED

St. Louis, July 16.—Frank Ducierville, 41 years old, drowned today with his son and daughter, Thomas and Mary, 8 and 13 years old, respectively, in his arms, while a crowd on the Mississippi river bank restrained the wife and mother, who tried to leap in after the struggling trio.

While the parents were partaking of luncheon, seated on the river bank the children were allowed to sit in a skiff. The boy, unmindful of the father's caution to remain seated, stood up in the boat and overturned it. The father dove in where the children were seen to go down and he reappeared on the surface for an instant with one of the children in each arm, but thus handicapped was unable to swim with them and was drowned before others who sought to aid them could get to them.

Baby's Curiosity Was Fatal.

Butler, Pa., July 16.—"Baby want see," lisped Grace Ella Kelley, 2-years-old, as she toddled close to a gas pipe attached to an oil well on her father's farm near Saxenburg today. Older children were trying to light the pipe, but the match went out, and when another was struck the escaping gas exploded. The babe's clothing was burned from its body, and death followed in a few hours. The older children escaped injury.

FOREST FIRES CHECKED BY CONTINUED RAIN

One Thousand Homeless Men, Women and Children Being Cared For.

Bay City, Mich., July 16.—Rain continued today throughout northeastern Michigan, effectually dissipating all fire danger in the forest districts for the present.

Relief work at Oscoda and Au Sable, however, will be a big task. Free transportation has been suspended by the railroads, and there are now nearly 1,000 men, women and children at the site of their former homes. The H. M. Louds' Sons Company, whose big lumber manufacturing plants were destroyed, is urging the men to leave and seek work elsewhere, as it cannot rebuild under sixty days, and will not rebuild on so large a sale as before.

The city is beginning to feel the strain of the continued demand for relief. A carload of provisions a day will be needed. With 1,000 persons to care for, the task of relief will be the largest the state ever has had.

Park Dotted With Tents.

Gainesville, Ga., July 16.—(Special.) This summer, the first summer in the history of the park, the woods of Chattahoochee Park are filled with tents, occupied by some fifteen to twenty families. The pure, fresh air from the mountains, the pure, fresh water from the springs in a dozen places, and the outdoor life for the wam season, is proving most delightful to all who have embraced the opportunity. There are groups of three and four and five tents together, and there are single tents in quiet nooks. Manager Baldwin says that before the season is over at least fifty tents will have been pitched in the park.

ROYALISTS PLANNING TO INVADE PORTUGAL

Religious Question Continues to Cause Rioting Throughout Country.

Lisbon, July 16.—(Via the Frontier.) It is reported that 2,000 men from the island of Madeira, where all are ardent monarchists, have joined the Portuguese royalists in Spain, and are now awaiting a large consignment of arms and ammunition from Belgium to replace those seized recently.

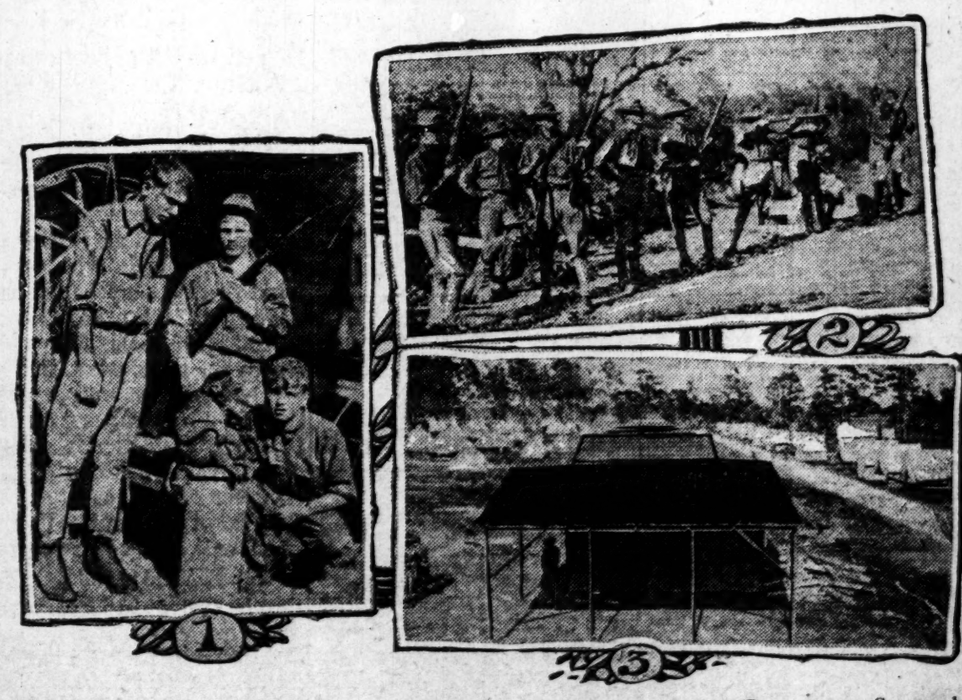
The Diaro Popolar says the religious question continues to be the cause of rioting and disorders throughout the country. Yesterday at Pevoa de Llanhozo, a religious procession ended in violent collisions between Catholics and republicans. Some priests joined in the fray, dealing blows right and left. Troops finally intervened and restored order. The priests throughout the whole of Portugal have refused the pensions offered by the government.

Lorimer Democrat Dead.

St. Louis, July 16.—Joseph S. Clarke, of Vandalia, Ill., a representative of the Illinois legislature, died here today in the Rebekah hospital following an operation Friday for cancer. As a democratic member of the legislature he cast his vote for William Lorimer for United States senator. It was said that when he was removed to the hospital he had been expecting a summons to testify before the senate committee in Washington investigating Senator Lorimer's election.

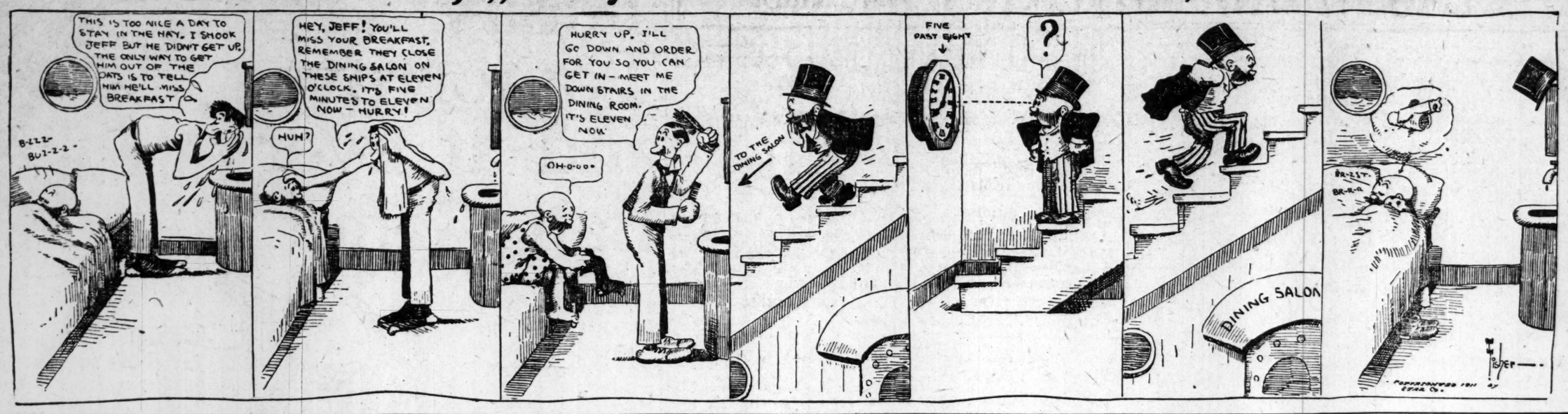
Pythians Elect Officers.

Lawrenceville, Ga., July 16.—(Special.)—Lawrenceville Lodge, No. 177, Knight of Pythias, has elected the following officers for the ensuing term: Dr. D. C. Kelley, C. C.; R. S. Sammon, V. C.; J. M. Langley, Prelate; Robert McDonald, M. of W.; J. C. Houston, K. of R. and S.; L. L. Ewing, M. of F.; R. L. Robinson, M. of E.; J. W. Garner, M. at A.; W. G. Holt, I. G.; Fred Byrd, O. G.



Scenes at the encampment of Second Georgia Regiment at Rose Dhu Range, near Savannah. 1. Pete, the regiment's mascot. 2. On the rifle range. 3. Showing arrangement of camp and the permanent kitchens.

At Last Mutt and Jeff Sail for Home ... By "Bud" Fisher



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RAILWAY SCHEDULE.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Arrival and Departure of Passenger Trains, Atlanta. The following schedule figures are published only as information and are not guaranteed:

No.	Arrive From—	No.	Depart To—
35	New York .	5:00 am	36 New York	12:15 am
13	Jacksonville	5:20am	30 Columbus .	5:20 am
43	Washington	5:25 am	13 Cincinnati	5:30 am
12	Shreveport	6:30 am	32 Fort Valley	5:30 am
*17	Toccoa. . .	8:10 am	35 Birmingham	6:20 am
26	Heflin. . .	8:20 am	7 Chattanooga	6:40 am
29	New York.	10:30 am	12 Richmond	6:55 am
8	Chattan'ga	10:35 am	16 Brunswick	7:45 am
7	Macon. . .	10:40 am	29 Birmingham	10:45 am
27	Fort Valley	10:45 am	38 New York	11:01 am
21	Columbus .	10:50 am	40 Charlotte .	12:00 n'n
6	Cincinnati	11:10 am	30 New York .	2:45 pm
40	Birmingham	12:40 am	15 Chattanooga	3:00 pm
30	Birmingham	2:30 am	39 Birmingham	4:10 pm
39	Charlotte .	3:55 pm	*18 Toccoa . .	4:30 pm
37	New York .	5:00 pm	22 Columbus .	5:10 pm
15	Brunswick .	7:50 pm	5 Cincinnati	5:10 pm
11	Richmond .	8:30 pm	28 Fort Valley	5:20 pm
16	Chattanooga	9:35 pm	25 Heflin. . .	5:45 pm
29	Columbus .	10:20 pm	10 Macon. . .	5:20 pm
31	Fort Valley	10:25 pm	44 Washington	8:45 pm
36	Birmingham	10:45 pm	11 Shreveport	11:10 pm
14	Cincinnati .	11:00 pm	14 Jacksonville	11:10 pm

Trains marked thus (*) run daily except Sunday. Other trains run daily. (Central time.)
City Ticket Office—No. 1 Peachtree St.

WANTED.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

BOYS WANTED

To carry Routes on The Atlanta Constitution. $1.50 to $5.00 or more per week can be made, according to size of route, location and size of carrier. Apply at once in person to City Circulation Department, The Constitution Office.

THREE GOOD granite cutters. Apply Chas. H. Gans, No. 840 Union street, New Orleans, La. x

WANTED—Expert marble cutters, steady work, open shop. Address The Ross & Republic Marble Co., Knoxville, Tenn. x

WANTED—Two good farm hands on my place, about 3 miles from Atlanta, on Williams Mill road. E. S. Gay. x

STOP AT HILBURN HOTEL, heart of city, 10½ Walton street, if you want a clean, quiet room. Transient, 50c. Open all night. x

BE A DETECTIVE—Earn from $150 to $300 per month, traveling over the world. Write C. T. Ludwig, 475 Scarritt Bldg., Kansas City, Mo.

SEVERAL young men, Atlanta or vicinity, to fit for railway mail clerks, postoffice clerks, letter carriers; salary $50 to $75; promotion. Address P. O. Box 763, Chicago. x

A CHANCE to young men to learn the automobile business. We have many good paying positions open. Write at once for full particulars. Southern States Automobile College, 147 Edgewood avenue. x

TWO special agents for life company to travel Georgia; liberal salary and expenses; none but high-class men need apply; furnish references and full particulars; all communications confidential. P. O. Box 1622, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Three good bed rubbers, $3 per day; 2 good polishers, $2.75 to $3 per day; 2 good planermen, $3.50 per day; 3 to 5 yard laborers, $2 to $2.50 per day. Western Marble Co., Marble City, Okla. x

WANTED—Ice machine engineer, thoroughly experienced in operating Columbus Iron Works Co.'s absorption machine. Wire experience, former employers, age, salary expected and full particulars The Royal Brewing Co., Kansas City, Mo.

YES, if you have two hands Prof. G. O. Branning will teach you. Only college in U. S. with shops connected; $30 for course, tools and position at good wages. Atlanta Barber College, 10 E. Mitchell St.; commission paid for bringing students. x

ABLE BODIED men wanted for the U. S. Marine Corps, between the ages of 19 and 35. Must be native born or have first papers. Monthly pay $15 to $69. Additional compensation possible. Food, clothing, quarters and medical attention free. After 30 years' service can retire with 75 per cent of pay and allowances. Service on board ship and ashore in all parts of the world. Apply at U. S. Marine Corps Recruiting Office, 300 Temple Court bldg., Atlanta, Ga. x

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—Cook, first-class dinner cook (colored); good wages; also helper. Apply Steward, Folsom's Restaurant.

AUTOMOBILE COLLEGE OF ATLANTA—12-14 E. Cain St. (Dixie Garage building.) For the next 30 days our full regular course reduced to $25; easy payments; largest and best auto school in south. We have scores of openings for good men. Positions secured. Day and night classes. Write, call or phone Ivy 4350. Catalogue free. x

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—Lady who can furnish first-class reference to take entire charge of 3-year-old baby while under treatment. Call at room 46, 72 South Pryor street.

WANTED—SITUATION—MALE.

WANTED—Position as clerk in shoe or clothing store; no experience, but willing to work and learn. Address R. W. H., Box 271, Cordele, Ga. x

WANTED—By a first-class mailer, one that understands working galleys and all around at trade; best of references. Address A. A. A., this office. x

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER wants a position to take charge of a private or small city plant; of temperate habits; have had a number of years' experience and can give the best of references. B. H. Halsema, 98 Ivy street. x

WANTED SITUATION—FEMALE.

WANTED—Maternity cases by good nurse, reasonable prices; best references. Bell phone Main, 5188-L. x

WANTED—SALESMEN.

EXPERIENCED traveling man for electrical supplies wanted; good salary to right man. Apply "Electric," care Constitution.

INTELLIGENT, hustling salesmen for magnificent new census maps; quick sellers; extraordinary chance for workers; state if you have had experience. Hudgins Company, Atlanta, Ga. x

WANTED—By an import china house, energetic man to handle line on commission basis. Good opportunity for party wanting side line. Goods sold by illustrations. Have also an opening on salary basis for capable man with established trade. Address with references, J. R. C., 32 S. Howard St., Baltimore, Md. x

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—Agents to sell household necessity, everybody buys. One lady sold 73 in one day. Send 25 cents for agent's outfit. Territory given. Write today. Brewer Adjustable Shade Hanger Co., 116 W. Harris St., Atlanta, Ga. x

WANTED—TEACHERS.

MOSTLY principals and assistants; village schools; higher class openings also. Foster Teachers Agency, Temple Court building, Atlanta, Ga. x

PRINCIPAL and grade teachers for village and rural schools; salaries $40 to $125 per month; special enrollment. Wanted immediately, male teacher and wife, as principal and assistant, $140 per month; prompt response necessary. South Atlantic Teachers' Agency, 1125 Atlanta Nat. Bank bldg., Atlanta, Ga. x

WANTED—BOARDERS.

THE AUBURN HOUSE, 27 Auburn Ave.; excellent meals, transient boarders a specialty; right in the heart of the city. x

THE CAPITOL HOUSE,
—46 East Mitchell St.—
ROOMS AND BOARD.

THE ROY HOUSE, 20 and 22 E. Ellis, lovely rooms, best table board in city. Phones Atlanta 777, Bell 4077 Ivy. x

PRIVATE boarding house wants few nice gentlemen to board, also table boarders. Atlanta phone 5159. 101 Nelson st. x

WANTED—Four young men or two couples; cool rooms, good table. Atlanta phone 5890-M. 20 East Pine street. x

IN LOVELY summer home, Decatur, with owner, couple or gentlemen will find excellent board and rooms; every convenience. Call Decatur 270. x

FOR RENT—With board, in private family, large room, convenient to bath; delightful summer location. None but those wishing the best need apply. 7 W. Eighth street. Phone 2258-J. Ivy.

WANTED ROOMS—UNFURNISHED.

COUPLE desires two unfurnished rooms and board with private family September 1, north side; references exchanged. K. E. G., care Constitution.

WANTED APARTMENTS—Furnished.

WANTED—Furnished apartment or bungalow with 4 or 5 rooms and bath, in good locality; state full particulars. A. W. H. L., Constitution. x

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

DROP A CARD. Will bring cash for old clothes and shoes. The Vestiaire, 166 Decatur st. x

WE PAY highest cash prices for household goods, pianos and office furniture; cash advanced on consignments. Central Auction Company, 12 E. Mitchell St. Bell phone Main 2424.

WE PAY highest cash prices for household good, pianos and office furniture. Cash advanced on consignments. A. Springer, 25 S. Pryor St., Bell phone 1526; Atlanta 1126. x

MATTRESSES RENOVATED.
ALSO WE BUY FEATHERS—Call Hollingsworth Mattress Company, Atlanta phone 1175, Bell phone west 420-J. Address 27 Lee St. x

BOOKS BOUGHT.

WE PAY CASH for all kinds salable school books. Any quantity, one or one thousand. Call Phone 1822 M., or mail list Southern Book Concern, 71 Whitehall, next to High's corner. x

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—W. M. Cox, 145 Auburn Ave., cleans all kinds of rugs and carpets to look like new; cheap for cash. Phone Ivy 3135-J.

DOG LOST—Scotch collie female, sable color, white breast, name Lass. Reward if returned to A. M. Smith, 17 S. Forsyth St. Phone 2256 M. x

LOST—A ribbon watch fob, initials H. H. T. engraved on gold charm; reward. Return to H. H. T., care Constitution.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

PEAS for planting. Phillips Bros., 63 South Broad street. x

FOR SALE—Good mule, harness and wagon. F. I. Stone & Co. Phone Main 1876.

I AM NOT superstitious, but I do believe in SIGNS. KENT SIGNS, 130½ Peachtree. Phone Ivy 1938. x

SAFES, scales and cash registers repaired. John N. Todd Co., 88 N. Pryor St. Bell phone M. 2578.

FOR SALE—About 150 square feet second-hand tiling; in good shape. See Mr. Slocum, Constitution building. x

80c TEA for 39c. Your money back if it is not the best for iced tea. Cash Grocery Co., 118 Whitehall street.

$300 DIAMOND RING, white and very brilliant; beautiful cut; unredeemed pledge; sacrifice price, $200. D. A. Tobias, Inc., 9 E. Alabama St.

SNEAK THIEVES will not rob you if you keep your valuables in a guaranteed safe, sold by the Atlanta Safe Co., at 54 Houston street, for $12.50 and up.

500 TYPEWRITERS of all makes, second-hand and shop worn; some of the greatest bargains ever offered. Address 226 W. Bay St., Jacksonville, Fla. x

VULCANIZING.

GUARANTEED WORK—Best materials. Experienced men. Reasonable prices. Elyea-Austell Co., 35 North Pryor street. x

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE.

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE.

THE SOUTHERN AUCTION AND SALVAGE CO., at 31 S. Pryor, will buy or sell your furniture, household goods or pianos. Phone Bell 2306. x

SOUTHERN WRECKAGE CO.

WE BUY and exchange everything new and second-hand. 92 and 94 S. Forsyth st. x

PALMISTRY.

GYPSY PALMIST AND CLAIRVOYANT.

READS you life, telling your lucky and unlucky planets, what vocation in life you are best adapted, names of your friends and enemies, who you will marry and how to be happy. Satisfaction guaranteed or no charge. Located in tents. 93 Auburn Ave. x

GYPSY CAMP

17 E. MITCHELL ST.

YOUR past, present and future revealed by real gypsy palmist. Satisfaction guaranteed. x

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

FOR SALE—Grocery and saloon, in Jacksonville, Fla., excellent location; making money. Been established two years; death in family cause of selling; will sacrifice for $3,500 cash; everything clear and paid for; living apartments above and lease on building runs two years longer. Address Lock Box 814, Jacksonville, Fla.

WANTED—Hustler with $2,000 in cash to accept traveling position; salary $150 per month. Business will bear closest investigation. Money absolutely secure. The right opportunity for the right man. Address Salesman, 1112 Candler Bldg.

PERSONAL.

TRY A "KLENZER" dry shampoo. Guaranteed where others fail. Price 50c. CLAYTON & ZAHN, 36½ Whitehall St.

LADIES' tailored suits and dresses remodeled and altered; high-class work. Mrs. M. L. Brooks, 9 Hirsch Bldg., 40½ Whitehall St.

MATERNITY SANITARIUM—Private, refined, homelike, limited number of patients cared for. Homes provided for infants. Infants for adoption. Mrs. M. T. Mitchell, 26 Windsor st. x

SILAS SMITH left my home July 1; about 60 years old, one-eyed, feeble-minded. Any information as to his whereabouts would be appreciated. J. G. Smith, Jersey, Ga. x

DR. EDMONDSON'S Tansy Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills, a safe and reliable treatment for painful and suppressed menstruation, irregularities and similar obstructions. Trial box by mail, 50 cents. Frank Edmondson & Bro., manufacturing chemists, 14 South Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

WANTED—To exchange land in Bartow county for house and lot in Atlanta; will take or pay difference. Both phones Main 736, or address T., care Constitution. x

AUTOMOBILES.

DO YOU want an auto? Or do you want to sell one? If either, SEE ME; can save you money. John Woodley, 175 S. Forsyth. Atlanta 1890.

WE CAN repair, paint, store or sell your car for you. Storage, $3 per month. Pinson-Jarvis Co., 711 Austell bldg. M. 1593; Ivy 4859-J.

FOR SALE—AUTOMOBILES.

FIVE-PASSENGER "Thomas Forty" 1909 Model. Just repainted; looks like new; guaranteed to be in good running order; complete equipment; will sell cheap. Call Main 3666. x

FOR SALE—One six-cylinder, 7-passenger Franklin and one 4-cylinder, 5-passenger Franklin, in good shape; a bargain. Apply The Auto Co., 34-36 James st. Phone Ivy 4932. x

AUTOMOBILE FOR SALE—One new 1911 Model White Gas 5-passenger touring car, fully equipped, in perfect condition, and the Warner speedometer shows less than 1,500 miles. I am offering this car at a bargain. See me at once, and don't miss this opportunity to get a first-class automobile cheap. Address T. J. James, Jr., 12 and 14 East Cain street, Atlanta, Ga. x

IS YOUR car for sale? Drive in 34 Auburn Ave. Want to buy a bargain in a used car? See us. Georgia Auto. Clearing House, 34 Auburn Ave.

$1,825.00 "KISSELL" AT $850.00—QUICK SALE.

IF you want the best car in Atlanta for the money, come quick.

30-h. p. "Kissell" car, 4 cyl., equipped with battery and magneto, selective sliding gear transmission, 3 speeds forward and reverse, fully equipped with top, wind-shield, speedometer, gas and oil lights, horn, complete set of tools, four new Goodyear tires, 34x4, quick-detachable, was put on less than 30 days ago; cost owner $1,825.00 cash. Car in splendid shape and is one of the classiest 4-pass. cars on the streets of Atlanta. For a quick sale it is yours for

$850.00 CASH

Can be seen at 216 Peachtree or Phone Ivy 5197.

FOR EXCHANGE—REAL ESTATE.

IN A SUMMER resort in the mountains of North Carolina, one 5-room cottage, nice little town of 1,500 population. The house is new and 4 acres of land connecting. I will sell or exchange for an automobile. Address A. J. Palmer, 405-6 Gould bldg. Atlanta phone 366; Bell 4398 Main.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE. FOR RENT—HOUSES.

W. A. FOSTER & RAYMOND ROBSON

Real Estate, Renting and Loans. 11 Edgewood Ave., Atlanta, Ga.
Auctioneering a specialty. Bell Phones 1031, 1032; Atlanta Phone 1881.

FOR SALE.

IN THE West Peachtree and Tenth streets neighborhood an up-to-date, 2-story, 8-room residence. Every convenience, including two baths and furnace. This is a big bargain. Owner is anxious to sell. Price, $5,500—this is $1,000 under value. Advantageous terms can be arranged. See Mr. House.

A CLOSE-IN corner that will make anyone a good profit who will buy it at our price and hold it a year or two. Rents for enough to carry. See Mr. Hook.

33 ACRES—$33,000. All inside Atlanta, and less than 3 miles from the center. Buy this and make your fortune. This is a sure thing. See Mr. Hook or Mr. Eve.

12 PER CENT—If you want to invest some money to pay 12 per cent gross, we have some property renting to white tenants and fronting on a street that we can sell you on this basis. See Mr. Gilmer.

$4,000—Reduced from $4,500. For this amount we can sell you an extra well-built home of 6 rooms and hall, on lot 100x300. This is one of the prettiest streets in Kirkwood, and has sewer and water on the street. This owner needs the money, and it will take $1,500 cash to handle it, but this is a bargain. See Mr. Radford.

NOTICE— TO PROPERTY OWNERS:

WE WANT to call your attention to August being the best month in the year for renting property. We need all the vacant houses that you have for rent. We can rent large houses for boarding houses or rooming houses, or we can rent your residences or cottages, apartments or flats, business houses, warehouses or offices. Come in and list all your vacant property with us between now and the 1st of August, and we will do our whole duty in trying to secure you a first-class tenant during the month of August for your property. Our facilities can't be excelled. Give us a trial. Very respectfully,

FOSTER & ROBSON

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FURNISHED.

NICELY furnished, cool room, with lavatory. 64 Forrest ave. x

ONE nicely furnished room for rent. Call Bell phone Main 3582-J. x

FURNISHED room, also connecting rooms, at 210 Spring street. Phone Ivy 3205-J. x

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, with or without board. 66-68-70 Walton st. Phone 3991-L Main. x

NICE, cool front room; modern conveniences, for one or two gentlemen. 45-B East Cain street. Ivy 3323-J. x

606 EDGEWOOD AVE., nicely furnished rooms, all conveniences, cool and quiet, $8 per month. Atlanta phone 3593.

ELEGANT ROOMS—$2.50 per week and up; single rooms, 50c per day. Gate City Hotel, 108½ S. Forsyth. x

PARTICULARLY desirable front room, in north side private home, combining every comfort. Phone Ivy 1310.

NICELY furnished room, with or without board, to couple or four young men; nice location; close in; West Peachtree. Ivy 4768-J. x

FOR RENT—A beautiful, large, upstairs front room with private porch; close in; north side; to gentlemen. You will like this. Call Ivy 8486-L.

DELIGHTFUL furnished room with all modern conveniences; breakfast and 6:30 dinner, if desired; northern family; no children; third door from Peachtree. 23 Forrest Ave. x

THE GERMAN HOTEL—27 and 29 S. Pryor. Fine, new and up-to-date rooms, for GENTLEMEN only. Reasonable. Fine restaurant in connection. x

DELIGHTFUL front room in north side private home. Electricity, bath, excellent meals across the street. Have one other room also. Phone Ivy 1294-J. x

UNFURNISHED.

THREE vacant rooms, half of cottage; first floor, gas and water; $16. 188 Capitol Ave.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

UNFURNISHED.

CALL, write or phone for our rent bulletin. Ralph O. Cochran, 19 S. Broad.

FOR RENT—Houses, stores and apartments. Call, write or phone for our Bulletin. Both phones 5408. Geo. F. Moore, 9 Auburn Ave. x

FOR RENT—9-room house, 3 acres land, fronting Boulevard DeKalb. All the conveniences; $40 per month. J. A. Earl, both phones 6 Decatur.

GET our Weekly Rent Bulletin. We move tenants renting $12.50 and up FREE. See notice. John J. Woodside, the Renting Agent, 12 Auburn Ave. x

FOR RENT—Houses, stores, offices and rooms in any part of the city. Call and we will take you to see anything on our list. M. L. Thrower, renting agent, 39 N. Forsyth St. x

GET our rent bulletin. We rent everything. Call, write or phone. Second floor Empire Bldg. Both phones 426.

B. M. GRANT & CO.,

FOR RENT—APARTMENTS.

FURNISHED.

FOR RENT—Until October 1, apartment No. 10 in the Marlboro; already furnished, four rooms. $45. Ivy 518-L. x

UNFURNISHED.

THE "Somerton," 76 Washington; every convenience, and near the center of town. Price reasonable. Apply owner, 715 Peters Bldg., or call M. 1225. *

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

IF IT is real estate you want to buy or sell, it will pay you to see me. A. Graves, 16½ N. Broad street. x

NEED MONEY—For quick sale will take $25 per foot for 75 feet three blocks of Peachtree on Linden street. Owner, Room 408 Fourth Natl. x

FOR SALE—Six-room cottage; all conveniences; close to car line; large lot, fronting 75 feet on Copenhill avenue; $500 cash, balance easy payments. Apply Mrs. R. Retsch, 10 Berunia st. Atlanta phone 3548.

NEW 2-story, 7-room, colonial residence in beautiful Decatur; on large, shaded lot; all conveniences; biggest bargain in Decatur; close to car; $4,500; small cash payment. W. H. S. Hamilton, Decatur. Phone Decatur 413.

AT ONE-THIRD LESS than real value, and 20 per cent less than cost. I offer as owner, free of commissions, the most elevated, beautiful, desirable lot to be found in Atlanta's best residence section. Cannot build myself, hence this offer. For full information, address P. O. Box 192.

FOR SALE BY OWNER—Two-story, 8-room house, double-floored, storm sheathed and screened, on best block in Lucile avenue, West End; low price and attractive terms to satisfactory neighbor. Address Owner, P. O. Box 1635, Either Phone 1412.

17 ACRES on Marietta car line, 900 feet front; 10-room and 5-room houses; all modern, built in 1909; all houses necessary; chicken houses, ram, tenant house, gas, sewers, all improvements; on two car lines; bargain offered; reasonable terms. Address 715 The Grand. Phone Main 3217-L. x

FOR SALE—THE GEORGIAN LEMON, a six-room granite home at Grove's Park, in Edwin Place. Take the river car and inspect the place. The lot is 75x262 to a 15-foot alley. If it suits you and have the cash make an offer for it at 31 S. Pryor, or call Main 2296. No reasonable offer refused.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY to lend on improved real estate at current rates. Apply 1227 Empire bldg. x

LOANS on Atlanta real estate, one to five years; lowest rates. John Carey, 2 Whitehall street. Germania Savings Bank.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MORTGAGE loans on Atlanta real estate, 5 to 7 per cent. Dunson & Gay, 409 Equitable Bldg. x

MORTGAGE LOANS on Atlanta real estate. Established since 1889. S. B. Turman & Co., corner Broad and Alabama Sts. x

FARM LOANS—We place loans in any amount on improved farm lands in Georgia. The Southern Mortgage Co., Gould Bldg. x

WE have a company to buy purchase money notes, first or second mortgage. Cliff C. Hatcher Insurance Agency, No. 221 Grant Bldg. x

REALTY TRUST COMPANY.
MORTGAGE LOANS on improved city real estate; lowest possible rates.
Forsyth Bldg., Main 1304: Atlanta 363. x

CLIFF C. HATCHER INSURANCE AGENCY, Loan Agents Travelers' Insurance Company. Loans made on improved, well-located property. Phone 44. 220-228 Grant Bldg. x

MONEY SUPPLIED SALARIED PEOPLE, women keeping house and others, without security, cheapest rates, easy payments. Offices all principal cities. D. H. Tolman, Room 524 Austell Bldg.

WEYMAN & CONNORS.

ESTABLISHED 1890.
Mortgage Loans on Real Estate.

JOHN L. BARRY,

621-5 Empire bldg. Phone 915 Main.
Mortgage Loans, 5½ and 6 per cent.

SPECIAL HOME FUNDS.

TO LEND on Atlanta homes or business property, at lowest rate. Money advanced to builders. Write or call

S. W. CARSON,
24 South Broad Street

7 TO 8 PER CENT

OBTAINED for our clients on first mortgage loans on Atlanta real estate; 3 to 5 years; security 2 for 1. Good demand for loans.

R. H. JONES & CO.,
408-11 Peters Building.

WE have plenty of money to lend at lowest rates on Atlanta and nearby property, either for straight or monthly payment plan. Also for purchasing purchase money notes. Foster & Robson, 11 Edgewood Ave.

WE HAVE on hand the following amounts of seven per cent money to lend on Atlanta Real Estate: $2,100, $2,000, $1,500, $1,000 and several other smaller amounts. McKinney & Worsham, Main 740, 84 1-2 Marietta street.

UNLIMITED money to loan at usual rates. Purchase money notes handled also. See Mr. Winn.
M. L. THROWER,
39 N. Forsyth.

WE CAN negotiate loans promptly on Atlanta improved real estate at from 5 to 7 per cent straight. Suburban property 7 to 8 per cent straight. We also have plenty of money to lend at 6 per cent, monthly payment plan, and for the purpose of buying purchase money notes. Foster and Robson, 11 Edgewood Avenue.

NOTICE.

I HAVE SOLD my stock of groceries at 290 Whitehall st. to J. A. South, and am not responsible for anything which may come up in the future. T. L. Dupree.

FOR SALE—FARMS.

FOR SALE—One 800 and one 2,700-acre farm in best section of Putnam county, Ga. Splendid, strong land and exceptionally fine improvements. Good reasons for selling. Exclusive agents for owners. Write for particulars. Duncan Real Estate Exchange, Macon, Ga. x

FOR SALE—FARMS.

CALLAWAY-RHODES COMPANY.

REAL ESTATE AND INVESTMENTS, FARM LANDS A SPECIALTY.
202 BROWN-RANDOLPH BUILDING,
Bell Phone Main 953. Atlanta Phone 2704.

ACREAGE,
CLINCH AND ECHOLS COUNTIES.

2,940 ACRES, 3 miles of railroad, $2.25 per acre.

1,960 ACRES, some improved land, $3 per acre; 1 mile from railroad.

9,800 ACRES, $2 per acre.

4,090 ACRES, near railroad, $2.50 per acre; timber enough to pay for it.

10,000 ACRES—Railroad runs through it; $3 per acre.

109,720 ACRES—$4 per acre. All of this land is well adapted for colonization and is worth twice the money asked.

1,300 ACRES—One-half mile of railroad; $2.25 per acre.

625 ACRES—100-acre farm; good house, barn; good water; $5 per acre; fenced.

6,886 ACRES—$2 per acre; subject to lease.

31,725 ACRES—On railroad; $3 per acre.

2,450 ACRES—Timber good, with turpentine lease on same; $1.50 per acre.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Spring Street Home.

$7,000—Not far from North avenue, on the prettiest part of Spring street, we are going to sell a good 2-story 9-room house at the price of house itself. Has plenty of closets; 2 baths; 2 lavatories; large rooms. Best-built house in Atlanta. Big lot. See this for a home. Terms.

Ponce de Leon Ave., Druid Hills Section.

$15,000—The best home in Atlanta for the money; has everything, even a large corner lot. Beautiful interior finish; large porch, plenty of shade; between three car lines. See us at once for nice homes.

Central Bargains.

WE are offering some special bargains in central property. Central avenue, $15,000. Whitehall and railroad, $15,000. Garnett street, $300 per foot. Broad street stores, $55,000. Hunter street lot, $700 per foot.

S. B. TURMAN & CO.,
Broad and Alabama Sts.

SEED, PET STOCK AND SUPPLIES.

H. G. HASTINGS & CO.,
Seedsmen for the South,
16 W. Mitchell St.
Phones 2568.

WRITE FOR A COPY of our 1911 Summer and Fall Seed Catalog.

OYSTER SHELL, granulated bone, mica grit and charcoal are essential for scientific feeding.

THE THREE LEADERS—Lee's Egg Maker, Conkey's Laying Tonic and Rust's Egg Producer. Price, 25c and 50c.

IT DOESN'T PAY to kill a chicken that has limberneck when you can get a 50c box of Conkey's Limberneck Remedy and cure a whole flock.

SAGO PALM BULBS—Bulbs weighing 1 pound and up. Price, 10c per pound.

MOCKINGBIRD, canary and parrot cages. Bird foods, supplies and medicine.

IT IS PROFITABLE to keep your poultry and poultry premises free from vermin. Lee's and Conkey's Liquid Lice Killer—quart, 35c; half-gallon, 60c; gallon, $1. Rust's, Lee's and Conkey's Insect Powder—25c and 50c. Conkey's Nox-i-cide—pint, 35c; quart, 60c; half-gallon, 90c; gallon, $1.50. Conkey's Head Lice Ointment—10c and 25c. Knox Lice Expelling Nest Bran and White Clipped Oats.

CONKEY'S FLY KNOCKER will keep the flies away from your horse, cow and barn. Price—quart, 35c; half-gallon, 60c; gallon, $1.

DARLING'S BEEF SCRAPS—7 pounds, 25c; 50 pounds, $1.75; 100 pounds, $3.25. Alfalfa Meal—7 pounds, 25c; 50 pounds, $1.25; 100 pounds, $2.25. Oyster Shell and Mica Grit—10 pounds, 25c; 50 pounds, 75c; 100 pounds, $1. Wheat Bran and White Clipped Oats.

POULTRY, PET AND LIVE STOCK.

FOR SALE—24 fine Berkshire pigs. A. L. Suttles, National Stock Yards.

GEO. Z., record, 2:25. Stud fee $10 and $25. Pedigree furnished for colt. We board and care for your mare during breeding period. Dudley Farm, R. F. D. No. 1, Atlanta, Ga. Atlanta phone Rural 16.

"DISINFECTANTS."

CREOSOTE, disinfectants, tar roofing, rubber roofing, coal tar and pitch. O. A. Smith Roofing and Contracting Co., 115 Marietta St.

Chloro-Naptholeum Dip
AND
Live Stock Disinfectant

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I HEREBY MAKE application to the city council for near beer license (white only). J. W. Wray, 36 Madison avenue. x

I HEREBY MAKE application to the city council for near beer license (colored only). C. F. Poole, 276 Decatur street. x

APPLICATION will be made at next meeting of city council for transfer of near beer license from Sweeney & O'Donnell to James Sweeney, 46 Wall St. x

APPLICATION will be made at next meeting of city council for transfer of near beer license from T. E. Turner (for whites) to I. C. Clark (for colored), 115 Decatur street.

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Farms *and* Farmers

Address all letters intended for this Department to Col. R. J. Redding, Editor of Farms and Farmers Department, Griffin, Georgia

PULLING FODDER AND OTHER THINGS.

I would not ever and anon discuss the subject of corn-harvesting were I not thoroughly convinced that the prevailing method is wrong in theory, wrong in practice and meagre in results, besides being often very damaging to the yield and quality of the yield of grain. There is hardly anything that can be said in favor of pulling fodder in the old-fashion way. It is true that it was the method handed down to us by our fathers, and possibly some may consider that to change to the modern method of cutting the corn down and curing in shocks and afterward shredding the entire stalks—less the ears would—be a reflection on the good sense of our revered ancestors. I know that this reason for holding on to the "old way" is not openly urged by any one, so far as I have heard, but it seems to me that it would be about as good a reason to urge in defense of the fodder-pulling business. When sifted to the bottom facts there is but little else in the way of excuse or justification that can be urged. The fact is there are but a few farmers who have tried any other method than the one they were "brought up" on. The great majority of those who urge objections against shocking and shredding in the way of excuse have never in their lives tried the plan and they therefore have nothing in the way of experience.

Now, this editor is an old farmer; has experience as such reaching back to five or more years "before the war." As a boy of 13 he was duly initiated into the profound mysteries(?) of pulling fodder, "taking it up," "stacking" in the field around poles cut from the nearby forest and planted in the soil so as to stand 16 feet above the surface. Many a time we were engaged in winding up the work of the day until it was an hour after dark before the last "stack" was capped, and we could then "plod our weary way homeward" for a late but well-earned supper and a most welcome bed and honest slumber. We thought it was according to the order of nature, a fore-ordained way to do things. As a rule, what little hay (of grass) was saved was "pulled" from the rich places in the cornfields or from the ditch banks. Some few farmers were owners of a sickle and some could boast a scythe blade. Those were also the days of grain cradles and the ginhouse thresher and "going to mill"—I was about to say with a bushel of wheat in one end of the bag and a rock in the other, but I really never saw that fool act performed. Those were the days when not one farmer in ten ever thought of buying a box of matches to kindle a fire in the kitchen or light his pipe. It was a not unusual circumstance to wake up in the morning and find not a spark of fire on the plantation, and it was not considered a fool's errand to send to the nearest neighbor's house—perhaps a mile or more—for a "chunk of fire." In those good old days we put five furrows in each corn row, three in each cotton row. We sowed the cotton seed by hand, consuming two and a half to four bushels of seed on one acre.

By the way, some latter day historiographers assert that we ante-war farmers did not know the economic value of cotton seed and that it was the common practice to haul them off to the woods and swamps or dump them in the running streams as a nuisance. As Mr. Stephens used to say: I "deny the fact." Doubtless many farmers on the rich river bottoms, and especially on the virgin black prairie soils of Alabama and Mississippi found out by actual experience that cotton seed, which abounds in nitrogen and contains very little phosphoric acid and potash, was not suited to the needs of such soils. The excess of nitrogen induced too great a development of "weed" and made the cotton late and the cornstalks large and shucky. But the farmer on the "old red hills" of the Carolinas and Georgia, hightly appreciated the manureal value of cotton seed.

But we are getting away from the old methods and ways of doing things, as might be illustrated in a hundred instances. Why not do away with pulling fodder as we have laid aside the sickle and the grain cradle, the five-fingered seed sower, the hot rocks for scalding hogs and so many other old-time methods and get fully in line with the march of improvement and progress. Yes, why not? The answer is that there is no good and sufficient reason why.

I will be glad to have a few lines (for publication) from any farmer who has adopted the practice of cutting and shucking his corn and afterwards shredding it. Those who have thoroughly tried the plan and have given it up and gone back to the old plan are also invited to write. Let us have a symposium, or—better word—an "experience" meeting on this subject. Who has tried the plan and approves of it and continues to practice it? Who has tried it and didn't like it and given it up.

R. J. REDDING.

Griffin, Ga.

COTTON BOLL WORMS.

To Mr. J. R. Davis, Luverne, Ala.—My reply elsewhere to R. L. James, Roanoke, Ala., will serve in a measure as an answer to your letter. There is no reason to doubt that the cotton boll weevil will soon commence invading Alabama, and then Georgia. The excited apprehensions of the appearance of this famous pest has caused many farmers to be on the sharp lookout for the first arrivals, with the result that insect injuries that have heretofore passed unnoticed are now being observed for the first time—insects that have been more or less common and sometimes destructive for many years past. The loss of a few squares from every stalk of cotton will not likely result in injury.

BOLL WEEVIL SCARE.

R. L. James, Roanoke, Ala.—I enclose some cotton squares that have fallen off. It appears that some insects have bored holes in them. What is the insect? Is it the boll weevil? I can't find a thing in the square that could make the little hole. Please let me hear from you through The Constitution.

2. When is a good time to sow rutabagas?

Answer—1. There are several different species of insects that pierce the cotton forms and eat out the interior of the buds. They have been doing it "all the time," or as far back as I have any recollection about cotton. Among these is the old-fashioned and well-known boll worm that used to be so common and so destructive in the days when we had a good deal of fresh land in cotton. I am not able to say what species punctured the cotton forms inclosed in your letter, as they now contain no worms. I suspect that the injury was done by the young larvae of the boll worm (not the weevil) and if you will look further among the young bolls you will probably find some of them. The parent of the boll worm (same insect eats into green corn and tomatoes) is a moth. So also is the parent of the cotton caterpillar. But the boll weevil is a beetle of the kind called weevil, and resembles the brownish-colored weevil that infects corn after it is dry and in the crib.

2. Read the editorial, "July on the Farm," in issue of July 3, and you will see that I wrote: "The ground for the main crop of turnips should be made ready for sowing during the last ten days of July." Rutabagas should be planted during the last ten days in July, but may be deferred until during the first week in August, if too dry to sow.

CORN FIRING.

D. L. Sanders, Buchanan, Ga.—I want you to please tell me what is the matter with my corn. The land is flat, gray and loamy, with yellow subsoil. I fertilized with 600 pounds of 10—4 acid, 300 pounds of cotton seed meal, 200 pounds kainit, mixed and broadcasted over the land and harrowed in after the land was well broken about 10 inches deep. I spread 100 pounds of soda on it about ten days ago, now the corn is firing badly. The rows are 4 feet, the corn planted about 2 feet in the drill. We have had no rain in several weeks. I thought by putting the fertilizer in before planting and breaking the land good and deep it would not fire. I did not plant in the water furrow.

Answer—the total amount of fertilizer applied by you—including 100 pounds of nitrate of soda—would analyze about 5.50—2.83—4.33. While this analysis contained about twice as much potash as the land required for corn, the proportions of phosphoric acid and nitrogen are about right. There is nothing in the analysis of the fertilizer, nor in the preparation of the land that would cause the corn to "fire," but the very large quantity of the fertilizer (1,200 pounds per acre) in conjunction with the dry weather, was doubtless the cause, and particularly the dry weather. I have for years advised against the practice of applying large amounts of commercial fertilizer to corn on "old, worn uplands." My repeated experiments at the Georgia experiment station, covering a long period, satisfied me that such practice, in the long run, is not profitable, especially of a dry year, such as this has been. I think your corn would have stood the drought much better had the plants been spread at least three feet apart in the rows.

CHOREA OF SOW.

A. C. Cooper, Springfield, S. C.—I have a young gilt that has seven pigs about two months old. About three weeks ago the sow got to limping on her forefeet. She has been getting worse ever since and last week her hind legs got crossed and she can't step around her feet. She is pretty thin, but not bad as I have seen.

Answer—I think your sow has a nervous affection called chorea, which is something like St. Vitus' dance. This condition was brought about probably by defective nutrition and drain on her vitality from nursing so many pigs. Seven pigs is rather too many for a gilt, necessitating very careful feeding of the sow. There is nothing in the way of medicine that would be likely to do any good. I advise that you wean the pigs at once and give good, nutritious food, such as scalded oats, middlings and a little corn, and let her have pasturage or green food cut and carried to her, if she cannot get about, and plenty of clean, wholesome water.

TETANUS (LOCKJAW) OF MULE.

Charles L. H., Gosport, Ala.—I want a remedy for a mule that is said by some to have kidney trouble. This mule can't put his mouth to the ground to crop grass unless he spraddles his front legs. When he raises his head the lower corner of his eye will nearly cover the ball. He walks spraddle in his hind legs, short breath, easy frightened, thirst for water; his appetite seems to be good, but can't make much headway in eating. Jaws are stiff; can move them, but not freely, and slobbers while eating; urine and bowels are regular as usual. He is stiff from his hind legs to his head and his ears set straight up. He has as good will power as ever, but can't make much success. I hope you will give me a remedy as soon as possible.

Answer—I have little doubt that your horse has tetanus, commonly called "lockjaw" in what we call the sub-acute form. Were it the acute form he would probably have died within three or four days unless he had been treated with antitoxin at the very first indication. But a sub-acute attack may not prove fatal under favorable conditions and treatment.

The patient should be placed in a box stall without bedding and as far away as possible from other horses or mules. An old outhouse out in the field or woods as far away as may be from all noises or other causes of excitement would be the best place. Give at once a purge of 6 to 8 drams of Barbados aloes, with which may be mixed 2 drams of the solid extract of belladonna. This is best given as a bolus (ball), but if the animal be greatly excited by the attempt to give it in that way the ball may be dissolved in 2 ounces of sweet oil and squirted onto the back of the tongue with a syringe. If the jaws are set, or nearly so, don't attempt to give anything by way of the mouth, but you may inject under the skin 1-4 of a grain of atropia and 5 grains of morphine dissolved in pure water. This should be repeated often enough to keep the animal under its influence.

When unable to swallow give injection into the bowels of oatmeal gruel and milk to sustain his strength. Sometimes excellent results may be secured by clothing the upper part of the head, the neck and greater part of the body in woolen blankets kept saturated with very warm water six or eight hours at a time.

You will probably think you should have a veterinary surgeon. I think so and would send for one at once, telling him what my diagnosis is.

Of course you know that tetanus (or lockjaw) is caused by even a slight wound from a rusty nail or manure fork or piece of glass, etc., which infects the wound with the germs of the disease.

WART ON MULE'S BREAST.

W. M. Barnard, Baileyton, Tenn.—My 3-year-old mule has a wart on her breast. About three months ago, in some way, the wart was half torn off. I then tied around it with a strong cord and pulled it off. Now it grows in tumor-like shape and stays raw. It appears to be located on the skin only and is about the size of a silver dollar. I have burned it down smooth with nitrate of silver, but when I cease the treatment it grows out again. Give me your best remedy in the Tri-Weekly Constitution.

Answer: It is probable that you did not burn down the remains of the wart deep enough to destroy the roots. Try again, substituting a red-hot iron, and burn it down below the level of the skin. Afterwards keep down any tendency to grow again by applying pulverized bluestone. A wart is an abnormal growth of the skin and is not attached to the inner tissues. Young animals (horses, mules and cattle) are much more likely to have them, but they usually "go away" of themselves, or as the result of greasing them once a day with castor oil.

HOG DISEASE (CHOLERA?).

James S. Allen, Blythewood, S. C.—I am writing to ask for advice. There is something wrong with my hogs. I fed them yesterday morning; all seemed well and hearty; before 12 o'clock one was down—could not raise its hind legs at all, and was dead this morning. Any information would be appreciated. The trouble seemed to be in the hips. The hog was fat; would have weighed over 200 pounds.

Answer: I fear that you are about to have an outbreak of hog cholera. In this disease the first animals attacked are likely to die in a very short time. tI is a fact, sowever, that the presence of the disease is often not suspecteid until one or more animals have had it a day or two. The first appearance is dullness; the pig will not seek food nor water; it likes to hide itself and lies down most of the time; its head is low and ears lopped. Sometimes the first noticed symptoms will be a cough and a little discharge from the nose and eyes, the exudation from the eyes being gummy and sometimes glues the lids together so firmly that the pig cannot open them. At this stage the appetite may not be even impaired. In the early stages the bowels are normal, but very soon a very foetid, dark diarrhoea sets in, the pulse rises to 125 per minute. There is marked weakness of the hind legs; the animal staggers, its legs cross each other, etc.

I advise you to change the location of your remaining hogs and get busy trying to stop the outbreak. Burn or bury very deep every pig that dies, covering the carcass first with slaked lime. Let me hear from you if other cases occur, at once. In the meantime it would be well to get a few doses of cholera antitoxin from your state veterinarian, or of Dr. E. Barrett, veterinarian of Agricultral College, Clemson College, S. C.

LUMP JAW OF COW.

B. W. Hunt, Cedartown, Ga.—I have a nice little Jersey cow five years old. Has her fourth calf two weeks old. The cow has a swollen throat from her neck to her chin. Does not seem to be sick. She eats and swallows all right. Has failed in her milk and I think she is almost blind and breathes hard after walking. I think she has been troubled this way a little occasionally for two years, but is worse now than she has ever been.

Answer—I can only suspect that the ailment affecting your cow is probably caused by the disease known as actinonycrosis, or lumpy jaw. At any rate, I would treat for that disease, which is a "slow but sure" trouble. Paint the swollen parts daily with tincture of iodine. Also give internally 2 to 3 drachms of iodide of potassium daily in two doses, morning and night, in a little water. Continue for two weeks and then hold up for ten days, and then repeat it if necessary. The iodide will spoil the milk for use and possibly dry up the cow. It should not be given to a cow that is far advanced in calf.

BLOODY MILK.

J. L. M., Cave Spring, Ga.—1. I have a cow that gave bloody milk out of one teat recently. She had had what I took to be water colic from staying in a dry pasture all day and drinking copiously of cold well water at night. She had two spells of this a month or two ago. The udder above this teat was swollen tight each time. She has a slight cough at times, is hearty, looks medium well, gives free flow of milk. I would think this might be a bruise if it were not a coincident. Her calf is four or five months old. Please advise what to do, also whether it will be safe to use this milk after it having had appeared to be all right for some time.

2. Is it a good idea to top cotton, if so when. Please give time, method and benefit of detasseling corn. Find enclosed stamps for early reply. I am a subscriber to The Constitution.

Answer—There are a number of causes of bloody milk. Injury by blows—even the striking of the udder against the legs when running or jumping a ditch—is the most common. A change suddenly from poor to rich heavy food, and the eating of acrid, resinous weeds in the pasture. Ascertain the cause, if possible, and treat accordingly. If too rich food, make a change, or change pastures. Bathe the congested quarter of the udder with hot water—as hot as can be borne by your hand—half hour at a time three times a day, and milking as dry as possible. After each last bathing for the day anoint with camphorated ointment or apply solid extract of belladonna. At once give 1½ pounds epsom salts in one-half gallon of cold water, and repeat in reduced doses so as to keep the bowels open. Also give one-half ounce of saltpeter a day in the drinking water.

PINE TREES DYING.

R. F. S., Raymond, Ga.—Allow me to advise that a number of pine trees are dying in and around Raymond, Coweta county, Georgia. The tree turns red, and the disease is contagious, and spreads rapidly. Can you suggest in your Monday morning's issue anything that can be done to stop the spread of the trouble? The general advice is to cut all the trees down and burn them up, but there must be some other way to stop this trouble.

Answer—It does not appear, from your description, whether the trees have been attacked by some bacterial disease, or it is the work of the pine borer, the larvae of a species of beetle; most probably the latter. I know of no remedy, if it be of bacterial origin; and if the borer, I know of but the one, to-wit: destroy by burning (or removing) all infested trees.

FERTILIZING CORN.

"Subscriber," Como, Miss.—I layed by some corn June 27, and used cotton seed meal. Now, I want to know if it is necessary to apply more (later by using a fertilizer drill). The land has never had any fertilizer of any kind before the cotton seed meal mentioned above; and, also, if necessary to apply more, and in about how many days?

Answer—You do not say how much cotton seed meal you applied—therefore, I cannot say. But, considering that you have not applied any phosphoric acid, or potash, I would venture the opinion that a further application of cotton meal would not be advisable. You not only do not say how much meal you applied, but you do not state at what stage of development the corn is; nor do you give your name, so that I might answer by mail. Your letter is not dated, but was mailed July 8. It reached me July 10. This reply cannot appear earlier than in the issue of 17, and will reach you about July 18 or 19. Even if answer shall prove helpful, it can do you no good.

Why will correspondents so carelessly or thoughtlessly fail to sign their names?

DRIED BLOOD, FISH SCRAP, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA.

A. N. Appel, Beachland, Va.—Please tell me through the columns of The Constitution what dried blood, fish scrap and sulphate of ammonia analyze per 100 pounds, and the price per ton. I used dried blood in mixing my fertilizer, but have been unable to find out what it analyzed.

Answer—High-grade "red" dried blood runs from 13 to 14 per cent of nitrogen. The "black" dried blood ranges from 6 to 12 per cent of nitrogen. Sulphate of ammonia usually contains about 20 per cent of nitrogen. I would never buy dried blood, tankage fish scrap or other variable nitrogenous materials except on the basis of their content of nitrogen. Nitrate of soda and sulphate of ammonia vary but little from the figures above given, yet I would always insist on a guaranteed analysis even of these. The importer always knows, and must know, in order to be able to sell these goods to the trade. Manufacturers of fertilizers always buy on the "unit" basis (the analysis). The prices of the above vary according to the content of nitrogen—say, about $3 for each per cent of nitrogen, or $3 per unit per ton. This would be about $60 per ton for sulphate of ammonia, 25 per cent; $42 per ton for 14 per cent blood; $24 per ton for 8 per cent scrap, and $48 per ton for 15 2-3 per cent nitrate of soda, these all being "high-grade."

(1) LAME MULE; (2) HAY TURNS BLACK.

J. C. Carlisle, Samuel, Ala.—(1) I have a mule that is materially afflicted in her right hind leg. It was about six or eight months ago that I first noticed her to limp a little, and for several weeks took but little notice of it; but soon after beginning hard spring plowing she grew worse, and I had a stifle shoe put on her foot, thinking that she was stifled, but it made her worse, and I took it off. Have rubbed and bathed with various oils and liniments, and all efforts to cure her have failed. For several months she has done no work at all, being just barely able to hop along on it; she constantly holds it up as though it was in great misery. Please name trouble and remedy. (2). I have been cutting and baling several hundred bales of swamp water, crow foot and clover grass for several years, and for some reason I find the baled hay to turn black. I will appreciate information as to when or what stage to cut the grass, and how to manage it so that it will be bright and clear of darkness in color. I have twenty acres that will soon be ready to cut and bale.

Answer—I regret that your description of the symptoms is not sufficiently in detail to enable me to say what is the cause of the lameness of your mule. It would require, probably, the personal examination of a regular veterinary surgeon (which I do not pretend to be) to determine a diagnosis. I am inclined to suspect that the mule has what is called "hip joint lameness," a rather uncommon ailment, and of which one of the symptoms is the holding up the leg depending from the affected hip, and hopping along on three legs when compelled to move. First locate the soreness or seat of the pain, and then try this treatment: Apply not water as constantly as may be convenient, say three times a day, and half hour at a time, and follow each bathing with a little of the following lotion: Two ounces of laudanum, 2 ounces tincture of arnica, 1 ounce of fluid extract of belladonna, 4 ounces of water. This will tend to reduce swelling and relieve soreness. After all swelling, heat and soreness have been removed blister the place by rubbing well in a little of cantharides ,2 drams, lard 1 ounce. Let remain on 24 hours, then wash off and apply a little lard. Repeat in two or three weeks, if necessary. Do not require any work of the animal for some time after lameness disappears.

(2) I should say that the "baled hay turns black" because it is not sufficiently cured and dry. The time to cut nearly all grasses (and other hay plants) in order to make the best and most palatable hay is when the same is in full bloom; but it is more difficult to cure at this stage than it will be if allowed to stand longer before cutting. Any kind of hay must be drier when baled than if simply stacked or stored loose in the hay loft.

"ROWELLING" A HORSE.

D. R. L., Marlow, Ga.—I would like to know your opinion on rowelling. In this neighborhood it is quite common to rowel a horse for sweeney. Since we do not rowel men they get lame, I think it brutlish to rowel the horse, don't you?

Answer—It is rarely expedient to resort to so severe treatment as a "seton" or "rowel" in cases of sweeney, a fly blister usually causing sufficient irritation to relieve a case of sweeney, after trying milder remedies without success.

MULE "PANTS" AND DOES NOT SWEAT.

T. S. Mann, St. Stephens, S. C.—I have a mule that pants a great deal in hot weather and does not weather and does not swaet. I feed on corn at night and oats, 12 o'clock. I have been giving him a tablespoonful of sulphur once a day for a week, but he still pants and does not sweat. Am I giving the right treatment?

Answer—I think the following treatment would be advisable. First, give a purge of 6 or 8 drams of aloes. Dissolve it in one-half pint of boiling water, add one quart of cold water and drench it down. Prepare the following: Four ounces each of saltpeter and copperas well pulverized and mixed and divided into 24 powders. Make a bran mash and put in one of the powders and give night and morning. The sulphur is good and may be continued, say, one tablespoonful twice a day.

Shield the mule from the hot sun as much as practicable. When at work give good, fresh drinking water every hour or two. Many farmers are thoughtlessly inhumane in not giving water to drink more frequently. Make some changes in the food, such as leaving off corn entirely for a while and substituting wheat bran or middlings.

GARGET OF COW.

S. B. Hall, Bethune, S. C.—Will you kindly give me some information in regard to a sick cow about 10 years old? Her bag has a hard cake between the left teats, but very little fever. Milk is a bluish color from both sides (right and left); calf about 8 or 9 months old, and will come in milk again in about three months. This cake came there very suddenly, and has been there for seven days now. She averages 2 gallons or over a day (milk). Her appetite is good; kidneys and bowels are normal. She gets grass from pasture, and is fed cotton seed meal, peavines and hay. The cake is about the size of a half-gallon bucket, and very hard and sore. Please name the disease and give me a treatmtnt.

Answer—Your cow has garget, or congestion of the udder, affecting two quarters, or one-half of the same. Garget is a very common ailment, and every owner of a cow should be able to recognize it and to give the proper treatment at once, or as soon as it occurs. It may be due to too high feeding immediately preceding calving; or to not milking clean after calving; or to exposure to cold or rain; or to injuries to the udder from blows of persons, or obstacles encountered in jumping or running, or from being bunted or kicked by another animal, etc. Lastly, it may be caused by bacterial infection. The first thing to do is to give a drench of 1½ pounds of Epsom salts in ½ gallon of water. Next, rub and knead the udder and be careful to get all the milk out that is possible. Apply hot water and follow with camphorated liniment. In a bad case, rub in solid extract of belladonna. Repeat these hot baths and rubbings and liniment several times a day.

It may be a case of bacterial infection, resulting in the formation of interior abscesses. If you think so, milk out the affected quarters thoroughly and frequently and follow each time with an injection into each infected teat of a 1 per cent solution of peroxide of hydrogen, which should be allowed to remain half hour and then milked out. Give ½ ounce of saltpeter in the drinking water once a day. A simple remedy for softening a caked bag is to rub well in some tincture of iodine. Apply to Director M. V. Calvin, Experiment, Ga., for a free copy of Bulletin No. 60, on "Common Ailments of Breeding Cattle," for "New Treatment of Milk Fever and Garget" on page 26½.

PICK VARDAMAN FOR A WINNER

Friends of the Ex-Governor Predict His Election on First Ballot.

Jackson, Miss., July 16.—With the ushering in of the current week, Mississippi's memorable political campaign the bitterest and most spirited in the history of the state, reaches the beginning of the end.

The democratic state executive committee will assemble in the senate chamber at noon Monday to prepare the form of the official ballot, and to declare as nominees of the party all candidates for state offices who have no opposition.

County boards of election commissioners will also meet Monday, and will devote the ensuing ten days to revising poll books. That thousands of voters will be disqualified, is indicated by the fact that the lists of poll tax delinquents in the various counties is unusually large.

Estimates as to the probable size of the vote cast in the primary on August 1st, are at variance. Some place it as low as 100,000, while others declare that it will be fully as large as the vote of four years ago, which was nearly 122,000.

On Tuesday the county executive committees will appoint clerks, judges bailiffs and sub-committees to look after various details. No changes have been made in the estimates issued from the headquarters of the three senatorial candidates. Former Governor Vardaman's managers declare he will win in the first primary by a decisive majority. Mr. Vardaman is confident that he will get 90,000 votes.

Alexander Claims 45,000 Votes.

C. H. Alexander's manager, assert that he is gaining ground more rapidly than either of his opponents, that he is certai nto get 45,000 votes in the first primary, and that this number will give him a good plurality with which to enter the second event on August 23.

Senator Percy's managers publish a statement today in which they say that after having made a careful canvass of 60 per cent of the voting precincts of the entire state, the reports show that Senator Percy will receive a vote in these precincts almost as large as that accorded to John Sharp Williams four years ago. Reports from other counties will be compiled within a few days.

A striking illustration of the enthusiastic partisanship being shown in a report from Durant, where the head of a mercantile establishment, a Vardaman supporter, has posted a notice saying that in the event of Vardaman's election, he will give away his stock of groceries.

Mr. Alexander will deliver three speeches Monday in Montgomery county, and will spend the remainder of the week in Pike, Amite, Franklin and Lincoln counties.

Mr. Vardaman will devote the entire week to the southern counties, speaking in Jasper, Jefferson Davis, Ismar, Simpson and Rankin counties. Monday he will speak at Rose Hill, where Deputy Sheriff Foster Rounds was stabbed while endeavoring to quiet a disturbance at a Percy meeting.

Senator Percy will carry his campaign to the extreme northern counties. His Monday address will be delivered at Corinth, and he will devote the remainder of the week to Union, Marshall, Tippah, Benton and Lafayette counties.

Professor Jones Elected.

Griffin, Ga., July 16.—(Special.)—At a meeting of the board of education yesterday afternoon, Professor J. A. Jones, of Fayetteville, N. C., was unanimously elected superintendent of the Griffin high school and the public schools.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

PRICE CUT FOR A QUICK SALE

OWING to a disagreement of owners, we offer one of the biggest bargains that has ever been offered on Peachtree street. Property is close in, and is going to be sacrificed for the low price of $23,500—$6,500 cash, assume a loan of $11,000, 6 per cent interest, balance $1,500 per annum, 6 per cent. Call or write us at once.

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GO LOOK at No. 32 Dixie ave., Inman Park, and 321 Gordon street, West End. We have instructions to sell these two houses and lots, and if you will call us up and make a fair offer, we will trade. Small cash payment, balance like rent.

J. POPE BROWN,
President.

FIRST PICTURES OF DESTRUCTION WROUGHT BY FOREST FIRES IN MICHIGAN AND CANADA



The holocaust, miles in length and width, which has smitten towns in Ontario and northern Michigan, has occasioned indescribable suffering. Hundreds who escaped the flames are without food or shelter. Hundreds of families lost all their possessions. Some buried valuables in the ground and dug them up after the fire passed. With refugees arriving every hour, many crawling in on their hands and knees, burned, injured and exhausted, the town of East Tawas, Mich., has had to shelter nearly 800 people made homeless and destitute by the fierce forest fires raging in that vicinity. Five hundred of the refugees are from the towns of Ausable and Oscoda, which were destroyed by the fire. The towns of Ausable and Oscoda, Mich., are directly across from each other on the Ausable river in northeastern Michigan. Not a business place stands in Oscoda today. The prisoners were released from the Oscoda jail ten minutes before it was destroyed. From Alpena and Boyne City reports were sent of fierce fires raging about those cities. At Boyne City the fires are reported to have surrounded several logging camps, and to have hemmed in the loggers with a solid wall of flames. The death list has run up to about 250, chiefly miners and prospectors.

COMMITTEE BACK FROM INSPECTION

Continued From Page One.

amount of wealth held by the people of Georgia in Chattanooga. If satisfactory terminal facilities may be insured, the opening of Broad street, one of the main business thoroughfares, will mean the ability to rent out realty holdings not needed by the road worth from $4,000,000 to $5,000,000.

"I never dreamed that the state was so rich in the matter of Chattanooga realty," Representative Carl Vinson declared Sunday. This was the opinion of other committeemen who made the inspection trip for the first time. "Already, enough of this property is being used for business purposes to bring in a large income if properly handled. If the yards can be moved, and Broad street extended, the state will have eight acres of center city realty to dispose of independently of the railroad."

Without the consent of the present lessees of the property no changes can be made until the existing lease expires which will be in 1919. The N., C. & St. L. and lessees have control of the real estate as well as the road. However, a great deal of the former has been sub-leased by them for building purposes, and it is claimed that these ground rights have been used for erecting about forty buildings, most of them substantial and some of considerable value. These improvements will return to the state with the land on the expiration of existing leases.

Lessees Must Give Consent.

Even in the matter of extending Broad street, the lessees must give consent, or the legislature can do nothing to relieve Chattanooga of the bar to development which it is claimed the existence of the freight yards in the center of the central business district amounts to. However, Chattanooga officials aver that the lessees have expressed a willingness to permit the opening of the street, as they have other yard facilities which may be used. This would enable the state to agree, except for the fact that arrangements must be made for terminal facilities upon the expiration of the lease; for the company taking the road may have none of its own.

For the purpose of affording this precaution, three separate parcels of land on the outskirts of the city have been offered to the legislature. They are the same as were tendered last year, over which there was considerable discussion. The prices asked have advanced from fifteen to twenty per cent. The committee accepted no formal bids.

It is said that 4 per cent on the state's realty has been guaranteed in case the yards are moved and Broad street opened.

"I am quite sure this income can be secured without injuring the value of the state road as a carrier," said Representative Vinson, one of the first to return. "The committees seemed unanimous in that opinion. However, I think we should proceed with caution, as we can not afford to have the state's railroad bottled up at its western terminal. The first consideration is to preserve that property as a common carrier, and then do the best we can with any outside holdings not needed in the operation of the road."

For Special Committee.

It is probable that the Western and Atlantic committee of the house will recommend that a special committee be named to take the question up in vacation, make thorough investigation, receive bids and report back. They may be given authority, to give permission to the lessees to allow the city of Chattanooga permission to extend Broad street immediately.

Several members of the committee are in favor of having one or more non-interested railroad experts to inquire into the matter, from the standpoint of the road's present and future needs as regards terminals, and advise the committee.

Unless the committee is given authority to act it is not likely that any final action will be taken before next year, as it is too late in the session for the legislature to arrive at a final verdict this summer.

POLITICAL POT WILL BOIL TODAY

Continued From Page One.

to Governor Smith will be ready in a few days with a statement either announcing their candidacy or declining to enter the race.

Former Governor Joseph M. Brown, who has been spending the past few days on his farm in Cherokee county, is expected to return to his home at Marietta Monday and may have something definite to say this week regarding the race for the governorship.

It is said that Representative Joe Hill Hall, of Bibb, and Senator John M. Slaton, president of the senate, both of whom have been prominently mentioned in connection with the race, have practically decided to announce in case Governor Brown does not enter the campaign. It is understood that neither Mr. Hall nor Senator Slaton would be inclined to oppose the former governor.

Commissioner of Agriculture T. G. Hudson, who is being urged to announce his candidacy to succeed Governor Smith, will return to the capitol Monday. Mr. Hudson stated last week that he had the question of his candidacy under consideration, and would probably have a statement to make in regard to it within a few days.

Judge Richard B. Russell and J. Pope Brown, the two announced candidates for the office, are already actively at work. Judge Russell expects to formally open his campaign in Tattnall county this week, and Mr. Brown will very likely make his opening speech at an early date.

WATSON NO CANDIDATE FOR THE CHAIRMANSHIP

West Virginian Doesn't Want to Head Democratic National Committee.

Fairmont, W. Va., July 16.—Senator Watson has no intention of seeking the chairmanship of the democratic national committee which was suggested by United States Senators Johnstone, Overman and Taylor at the dinner given in their honor at Senator Watson's home Saturday night. Before leaving his home tonight for Washington he said:

"Under no circumstances could I consider that I be selected for chairman of the democratic national committee. Of course I consider it a great honor to have these senators, all good democrats, express their preference for me for so responsible a position, but the thing is out of the question. My business affairs would not permit of my giving the time and attention to party affairs which the chairmanship would necessitate and I cannot permit myself to be considered for the place. I appreciate the kind words of those who suggested me for the place."

TERRELL SAYS HIS PAIR IS CANCELLED

Continued From Page One.

sity for his remaining governor for the benefit of the state.

"This letter brought to memory the action of the convention that nominated him and proclaimed the necessity of his serving as governor and which refused to permit the presentation of Governor Brown's name.

Gag Law in Convention.

"It refreshed my recollection of the gag law the convention adopted and its suppression of free speech. It brought to mind that two congressional districts were not permitted representation on the executive committee. It made fresh the action of his executive committee in refusing a primary for the election of a United States senator by the people, in conformity with the demand of the people, all upon the plea that they did not wish the trouble of an election. Such position was advocated by Governor Smith's organ, The Atlanta Journal which is now condemning the city council of Atlanta for refusing to submit to the people commission government, which provides for innumerable elections.

"Governor Smith's letter further reminds me that such conduct on the part of his 'executive committee' in stifling popular expression was to secure an election to the senatorship which the people would not have granted. They would not have listened to the statement that Governor Smith was not now needed as governor, while he had announced to them that the state could only be saved by him in that position. They would not have ratified his claim of being the only citizen in Georgia to save it at the expense of countless money and agitation in numerous elections followed by a special session of the legislature. The people foresaw the elections and cost to follow the situation produced by his avarice for power. They would have been advised of the confusion, dissension and wrangling now existing.

"I was further reminded of the hordes of officeseekers besieging the legislature and ear-wigging the legislators and endeavoring to secure their votes. Governor Smith is now doing gross injustice to his friends in the legislature by placing on them the impossible burden of explaining his present action.

To Dispense Patronage.

"The letter of Governor Smith brought it more clearly to view that he intended to remain governor for the ostensible purpose of carrying out policies, when it was for the real purpose of dispensing patronage as a politician. Many supported him on the theory that it would dispense with him in Georgia politics, but his conduct is a prophecy of his intended interference.

"I was further impressed with that habitual arrogance and domination and disregard of principles which has characterized him, under the banner of exalted patriotism, and yet with his announced determination to leave the people of Georgia only partially represented in the national capitol, when he has the opportunity of rendering them the greatest service ever offered to man.

"I further thought that this high-handedness and despotic conduct were all reflected in his arrogant letter to me, an ex-governor and ex-United States senator, when he bade me obey his direction. It occurred to me that he did it all in defiance of the people's right, and in expectation that Georgians, free, independent and self-reliant, would forget, before the next election, his unpardonable course, and re-elect him to a position which calls for unselfishness, self-sacrifice and pure patriotism.

"These things produced indignation, not 'bitterness.'

"If Governor Smith can postpone his performance of senatorial duties for a week, he may do so for a year, or during the entire gubernatorial term. What he does is dependent upon his will."

LINK OF LOST CAUSE PASSES

Continued From Page One.

more, possibly, than any one woman to perpetuate the glory of the south's heroes. Herself the widow of a confederate veteran who, coming to this country from his native Ireland to wield a sword in defense of a cause which he considered righteous, she threw herself into the work of immortalizing the men in gray with an energy which amounted to a passion. The busy world around her, save in so far as it related to the past, seemed to interest her little. Wrapped in an atmosphere of a bygone day, cherishing an abiding love for her dashing, hero-husband, she was all but a recluse. Only when some movement looking to the betterment of the confederate veteran did she mingle with the outside world.

A Remarkable Woman.

Mrs. Sarah Elizabeth Gabbett was the eldest and only surviving daughter of the late Dr. Cosmo P. Richardsone, and the last of a distinguished family prominent in the affairs of this country since revolutionary times.

She was born in Savannah July 16, 1833, and her early days were spent there. Her mother, who was Miss Margaret Bailey, of Hancock county, Georgia, died while she was a young girl, and her father died in 1852. Shortly after her father's death, in 1852, she married William Gabbett, of Mount Minnett county, Limerick, Ireland. Some time after their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Gabbett came to Savannah from their home in Ireland, and made this city their home for several years.

At the outbreak of the civil war Mr. Gabbett enlisted in the service of the confederate states as captain in the engineering corps, serving through the four years with distinction. It was shortly after the war that Mr. Gabbett's father died at the ancestral home in Ireland, and Mr. Gabbett being the eldest son and heir, came into possession of the old family estate. He returned to Ireland, where he lived until his death, which was the result of a sun stroke received during the war.

In 1896 Mrs. Gabbett returned to Georgia, after having traveled extensively through Europe after the death of her husband, and made her home in Atlanta.

After her return to this country, Mrs. Gabbett interested herself deeply in the work of the Daughters of the Confederacy, and designed the crosses of honor bestowed on the veterans of the civil war.

Origin of the Design.

It is said that Mrs. Gabbett chose her design from an old toombstone in Ireland. For many years she was the active custodian of the crosses, and later became the honorary custodian after retiring from active participation in the work because of her health.

Mrs. Gabbett is the last of an old and distinguished southern family. Dr. Richardsone, her father, was considered one of the most brilliant and prominent physicians of his time. His residence at the head of West Broad street in Savannah was considered the finest in the city just before the war, but on the eve of Sherman's march into the city it was burned. She had no children, and none of her brothers or sisters have survived her. She was a woman of much refinement and cultivated tastes. She was deeply interested in art and music, and spent a number of years in the music and art centers of the continent.

Dogs Her Hobby.

Mrs. Gabbett was an inveterate collector of curios and works of art. Her house on Bedford Place, where she lived alone save for a companion and a servant, was filled with rare pictures, handsome silverware and yards and yards of exquisite old Irish lace which had been handed down by the Gabbett family.

One of her hobbies was dogs. She had six blue-blooded pugs, and one of these she usually carried in her arms when she came to town. In addition, she had some twelve or thirteen nondescript canines which she had found wandering homeless around the streets. These she provided for with care. They had a special yard to themselves and were fed as carefully as her more aristocratic pets.

There is a well-founded tradition that the Gabbett family is descended from the kings of Ireland. One of Mrs. Gabbett's priceless possessions is a string of huge amber beads, such as were worn only by Ireland's kings. These beads were dug up on the estate of her husband by some peasant children. They are pink in color. Mrs. Gabbett discovered the children playing with them and they were rescued.

Mrs. Gabbett owned a large amount of property on Bedford Place and her estate is considered a valuable one.

Mrs. Gabbett is survived by the following nephews and niece: Dr. H. Clay Foster, of Union Point, Ga.; John Foster, of Augusta, and Miss Eugenia Foster, of Savannah. Her surviving first cousins are Miss Elizabeth Bailey, of Rome; Mrs. M. B. Hill, of Rome; Mrs. J. C. Nesbitt, of Chattanooga, and Alfred Bailey. Two of her first cousins once removed, A. H. Bailey and H. C. Bailey, live in this city.

At the time of her death Mrs. M. B. Hill, of Rome, was with her, having been summoned to her bed side some four weeks ago from Kentucky, where she was visiting.

The funeral services were held at the residence Sunday afternoon at 5 o'clock, Rev. Dr. Pise officiating.

Escorted by a guard of honor composed of confederate veterans Mrs. Gabbett's body was taken to Savannah last night at 9 o'clock, where the interment will take place.

GOAL IS REACHED IN NUMBER CARDS

Continued From Page One.

ratification of the charter by the legislature.

Mayor Winn Not Opposed.

Mayor Courtland S. Winn, in a statement to The Constitution, said that in spite of the generally prevailing opinion to the contrary, he favors the proposed commission charter rather than the revised charter as prepared by council. The mayor said:

"People have inferred from the newspapers that I am opposed to commission government. As a matter of fact, the commission charter approaches much nearer to the plan prepared by me some time ago than does the charter as revised by council.

"Naturally, therefore, I would be more favorably inclined to commission government than to a system of government under the revised charter."

TWO GOOD CORNERS

CORNER LOTS come high in the up-town section where mounted traffic officers watch the crossings and the lights of the white way glow. These high speed corners sell at $100,000 to $200,000.—figures that are too hgh for the average investor.

It is best to go a little out from center, get a good corner and let it grow up with you. Here are two good ones:

CORNER EDGEWOOD AND JACKSON, 55x75 to alley; price $10,000
CORNER EDGEWOOD AND FORT, 53x42; price 9,000

Take one of these lots, improve it and carry it along. In a few years you will be proud of it.

Forrest and George Adair

201 CAPITOL AVENUE

This sanatorium will be for rent commencing August 1. It is in an extremely nice location, is in good shape and finely adapted to its purposes. We will be pleased to confer with you about same. Rent, $135 per month.

JOHN J. WOODSIDE
Phones 618 REAL ESTATE, RENTING, STORAGE 12 Auburn Ave.

Large Elevated Peachtree Lot 100x500

Beautiful oak grove, elevated, ideal lot 100x500 back to street in rear. Located on Peachtree, just north of junction of West Peachtree, Peachtree and Peachtree Circle. Lot adjoins late home of Col. B. F. Abbott. You can build 200 feet from Peachtree. Nothing finer on Peachtree, all streets coming together south of this lot. As you pass in auto, stop, look it over.

DUNSON & GAY, 409 Equitable

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on residence and business property at lowest rates, quick service.

Aaron Haas, Son & Howell

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LARGE LOANS

Five thousand to a million dollars, on improved city property, also building, loans, through clients, including--

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Made direct, eliminating middlemen expense.

Real estate purchase money notes bought in any amount, $500.00 and up, when security is satisfactory.

GRANT BLDG. SMITH, HAMMOND & SMITH ATLANTA, GA

ADVERTISING TALKS.

Continued From Page One.

force is steadily at work in an honest effort to make the advertising that appears in their newspapers believable, dependable and A STRONG CO-OPERATIVE FORCE for manufacturers.

It is a force, actively engaged in the development of the NEW advertising idea. Yet it is an OLD idea because the practice of business integrity is "as old as the hills."

If THERE EVER WAS A TIME in the United States, when OLD-FASHIONED BUSINESS HONESTY was respected more than it is today, then I have never read of that period in the history of this country.

So many examples have come to us recently of the punishment that has been inflicted upon DOUBTFUL BUSINESS INTERESTS that it makes honesty stand out like a bright star and proves what has been said by honest people from the beginning of time—THAT THE ONLY WAY IN WHICH TO DO BUSINESS IS TO DO IT IN THE OPEN AND TO GIVE EVERYBODY THE SQUARE DEAL.

The chain of newspapers in which these stories appear is doing a greater work than any sixty-four publishers ever undertook before to do for advertising. The result is that there is a better appreciation of the RIGHT KIND OF ADVERTISING today than there ever was. Their readers are more impressed than they have ever been with the statements that merchants and manufacturers make in their advertising columns.

Collectively, they distribute reliable information to over 2,200,000 families and THESE FAMILIES BELIEVE THE INFORMATION that they get from these newspapers. Therefore, as a whole, they represent an advertising field of the GREATEST POWER, and merchants and manufacturers SHOULD WAKE UP and CONSIDER WHAT THIS GREAT POWER MEANS TO THEM IN THE BUSINESS WORLD.

(To Be Continued.)

HUGH CARDOZA GETS LONG DELAYED VACATION

Hugh L. Cardoza, general representative of Jake Wells' theatrical interests in Atlanta, is on a vacation. Before departing he declared that it was long delayed and well deserved. He is recuperating from his labors in the quietude of New York city in the neighborhood of Broadway and Forty-second street.

While Mr. Cardoza is recuperating Mr. Wells' Lyric and Forsyth theaters will be managed by M. H. Semon, who is being given a vacation by being allowed to work in Atlanta, after having performed theatrical managerial duties in Birmingham.

Mr. Semon will remain on his vacation until that of Mr. Cardoza ends.

WE PLACE FARM LOANS

In the counties of Fulton, DeKalb, Clayton, Cobb, Campbell, Henry, Milton and Gwinnett

Direct From This Office

Parties desiring such loans may feel assured of the lowest rates.

WE PLACE FARM LOANS

Throughout all middle and south Georgia, handling them through local correspondents. Write us and we will put you in communication with the local man.

ATLANTA LOANS

We also handle loans on high-class Atlanta real estate, and invite applications.

THE SOUTHERN MORTGAGE CO.

Gould Building

Special Notices

FUNERAL NOTICES.

ORR—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Oscar J. Orr are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. Oscar J. Orr this 12 o'clock noon, from the chapel of Greenberg & Bond Co., Rev. Dunbar Ogden officiating. Interment West View. The pallbearers are requested to meet at the chapel at 11:30 a. m.

DODD—The friends of Mr. Philip Green Dodd, Mrs. Green T. Dodd, Miss Mary C. Dodd, Mr. and Mrs. Gus T. Dodd, Dr. and Mrs. W. C. Warren, Mr. and Mrs. William Lowe, Mrs. Annie C. Talley, Mrs. Phillip Dodd, and Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Chapman, are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. Phillip Green Dodd from the residence of Mr. William Lowe, at 292 Rawson street, today (Monday) at 3:30 p. m. Interment at Oakland cemetery. The following named friends will act as pallbearers and meet at the office of H. M. Patterson & Son at 3 p. m.: Mr. Robert Jones, Mr. Remsen King, Mr. Frank Martin, Mr. Marsh Adair, Mr. Grover Middlebrooks and Mr. Earl Watson.

MEETING NOTICE



A regular conclave of Atlanta Commandery No. 9, K. T., will be held in its asylum, corner Peachtree and Cain streets, this (Monday) evening at 8 o'clock. All Sir Knights are courteously invited.

DAVID E. ASHBY, E. C.
Attest: H. W. DENT, Recorder.

PROPOSAL.
Sewers and Waterworks.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Mayor and Council of Thomaston, Ga., until 2 p. m., Tuesday, August 1st, for furnishing material, machinery and labor for constructing waterworks and sewer system, in and for the town of Thomaston, Ga. Plans may be seen at the office of the City Clerk or Engineers, and specifications may be obtained from either.

Certified check for 5 per cent required.
The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

CLAUDE WORRILL, Mayor.
R. E. RUSHIN, Clerk.
The J. B. McCrary Co., Engineers, 1311-15 Empire Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

INSURANCE
SPECIAL AND BOARD POLICIES

If several good men who have made money selling these will call at 665 Candler Annex, Monday, they will learn something to their advantage.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

P. H. Brewster, Albert Howell, Jr., Hugh M. Dorsey and Arthur Heyman.
Dorsey, Brewster, Howell & Heyman, Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208 and 210 Kiser Building, Atlanta, Ga.
Long Distance Telephones 3023, 3024 and 3026. Atlanta, Ga.

If Your Head Aches

You should Take the Sure Remedy

Hicks' CAPUDINE

There's a cause for every headache—Capudine reaches that cause quickly, whether it be heat, cold, gripp, or stomach troubles—and cures, even though it be sick or nervous headache.

Capudine is the surest remedy for Colds and Gripp. Feverishness, Aches and Nervousness disappear and normal conditions are restored.

Capudine is liquid—easy and pleasant to take—acts immediately.

10c, 25c and 50c at drug stores.

MORPHINE
Opium, Whiskey and Drug Habits treated at Home or at Sanitarium. Book on subject Free. DR. B. M. WOOLLEY, 7-N. Victor Sanitarium, Atlanta, Georgia.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN
DR. H. JENSEN
23½ Whitehall Street.

POLICE DRAGNET GETTING RESULTS

Officers Believe They Have Made Two Important Captures.

In the arrest in Savannah of H. P. Yeargain and John Sanford, alias John Williams, the police of Atlanta believe they have in custody two of the gand which has been busy robbing Atlanta homes.

"I believe them to be a gang of crooks," said Chief Lanford, of the detective department. "Since Harless and Elizabeth Harris have been in the tower, and Yeargain and Sanford out of town, burglaries have decreased to a surprising degree."

The two men arrested in Savannah were wanted in connection with the robbery of a house on Manhattan avenue. Officers believe they can also connect them with other robberies. Elizabeth Harris was arrested with M. Harless on charge of immoral conduct.

Links About Henderson.

The police are still working on the case against Todd Henderson, who was arrested in connection with "Jack the Ripper" assaults, and developments of Sunday have convinced them that they have the right man under arrest, considerable new evidence being secured.

Bennett Identified.

Bob Bennett, a negro prisoner at the police station, who was recently caught robbing a residence at Bell and Houston streets, was Sunday identified by servants of a home on Washington street, as the negro who recently robbed that residence at the point of a gun. The police have recovered some jewelry from the person of Bennett, and some at his home. A large amount was also taken from pawn shops, where he had turned the valuables into cash. These articles are now awaiting their owners.

Building Material FOR SALE

Contractors and prospective Builders will be able to purchase at reasonable rates Building Material of all kinds, from old Court House, now being taken down. Apply to

Mackie-Crawford Construction Co.
Grant Building,
or Fulton County Court House Site.